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VOL 45, NO. 212. BOOK COUPON ON PAGE 5. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 9, 1894.—TEN PAGES. TWO CENTS. PRICE, TWO CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS PER WEEK.

CRUEL FIEND.

The Terrible Crime of a Drunken Tennessee Farmer.

Beat Out the Brains of His Child, a Mere Babe.

NEXT SET UPON HIS WIFE AND MURDERED HER.

First Brutally Beating Her He Then Cut Her Throat and Crushed Her Skull—Then He Went to the Home of His Sister-in-Law and Attacked Her—She Escaped and Alarmed the Neighbors—Murderer at Large.

CELINA, Tenn., March 9.—A series of crimes without parallel for brutality has just been reported to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent at this place. They were perpetrated by George A. Smith, a farmer about 35 years of age, living a few miles above here.

Smith went home Wednesday night from a country store near his home, where he had imbibed liquor until he had gotten into a condition of drunken frenzy. Immediately after entering the house he pounced upon his youngest child, a mere babe, and brutally beat out its brains. He then beat his wife in a horrible manner, because she had tried to save her babe. Not satisfied with that he cut her throat from ear to ear and crushed her skull with a heavy hammer.

Leaving his dead victims wallowing in their blood the infuriated man repaired to the home of his sister-in-law, a short distance away. Finding her sick in bed, he grasped her by the hair and dragged her out onto the floor and stamped her repeatedly.

The woman, though weak, made the best resistance she could, and finally got away from her would-be-murderer. She crawled to the door of the nearest neighbor and gave the alarm.

An investigation was at once set on foot and Smith's terrible murder of his wife and babe was discovered.

A hunt was at once begun for the double murderer, but he had made good his escape and no clew to his whereabouts has yet been gleaned.

The rope is ready for his neck as soon as he may be apprehended.

VERDICT OF INSANITY.

The Jury Make Short Work of the Millard L. Ince Murder Case.

FT. SMITH, Ark., March 9.—The Millard L. Ince murder trial was called in the United States Court here to-day. Without much loss of time by taking of testimony and argument the case was given to the jury. The plea of defense was insanity, and the jury, after being out only fifteen minutes, returned with a verdict of insanity.

Judge Ince at once returned to Ava, Mo., with his son in charge.

Millard L. Ince, who is a son of James P. Ince, County Judge of Douglas County, Mo., left Missouri about the 15th of last August for Arkansas. In December, 1892, Ince met with a woman named Mary G. Riley, whom he persuaded to live with him as his wife. They moved into the Cherokee Nation, about four miles from this city.

On the 12th of December Ince and the woman met an old blind soldier named Jenkins in this city, and as he had a pint of whisky they insisted upon his accompanying them to their house to spend the night. He consented, and early the following morning Jenkins and Ince began quarreling about the woman. Ince procured an ax that was in the room and at once attacked the blind soldier, cutting his throat and splitting his head open. Ince came in and gave himself up to the Marshal, stating that he had killed a man for making too much noise.

A Smooth Scheme.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 9.—Gov. Matthews has honored the requisition for the arrest of Charles Ketcham of Kansas City, who is charged with a swindle that cost a traveling salesman a trunk full of jewelry and diamonds. Ketcham was released from the Missouri penitentiary in 1890. Soon after that he met the drummer on the train and in conversing about excessive baggage rates, each produced his trunk check. The drummer let his check fall on the floor, no doubt in some manner startled by Ketcham. The latter picked it up, changed the two checks and handed his own trunk check to the drummer. On reaching their destination Ketcham immediately had the drummer's $5,000 trunk rechecked to another point. Ketcham is under a five year sentence at Kansas City, having escaped immediately after his conviction. The drummer has never recovered his trunk.

Will Not Interfere.

DENVER, Colo., March 9.—For the first time in his administration Gov. Waite will decline to interfere in the carrying out of capital punishment in the case of murderers Thomas Jordan, William Nesbit and Santiago Torres. The Governor has repeatedly expressed his opposition to capital punishment, and often interfered by commuting the death sentence to imprisonment. In the present instances, however, he has declared he will let the law take its course.

Answer the Descriptions.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 9.—The police have arrested two men answering fully the descriptions of those who robbed the Milton stage last night. A Stockton officer will come here to identify the men.

Wiltshaw in Jail.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Henry C. Wiltshaw, the absconding clerk of the United States National Bank, captured Tuesday at Buffalo, was to-day committed to jail in default of $20,000 bail.

LIVING IN ADULTERY.

That Is the Charge Against Art Dealer Ashley.

Mr. Alphonso Howe of the firm of McDonald & Howe, attorneys, took out warrants to-day against Gilbert M. Ashley, the art dealer at 1015 Pine street, and Augusta Ferguson of 2805 Hickory street, charging them with adultery. The warrants were taken out at the request of Mrs. Gilbert M. Ashley, Mr. Ashley's wife. Mr. Ashley denies that he can be convicted of adultery, it is said, claiming to have been married in Chicago. Messrs. McDonald and Howe have investigated his claim, however, and fail to find the names of Ashley and Ferguson on the Chicago records. If by any chance they were married it will prove far worse for Mr. Ashley and his charmer than under the present circumstances, as he will then be prosecuted for bigamy.

Seized a Purse.

A boy about 17 years old called yesterday at the residence of Mrs. F. Cook, 3129 Franklin avenue, and asked for some food. While Mrs. Cook went into the kitchen to get him a sandwich, the unknown youth seized a purse containing $4 and skipped out.

SUDA IS FREE.

Estep Refused a Warrant and Judge Morris Had No Jurisdiction.

Frank Suda, the boy who shot and dangerously wounded Andrew Martin, while the latter was disturbing his sister, Ella, at the grading camp on Duncan avenue, near Newstead, last Wednesday afternoon, was a defendant on the charge of disturbing the peace, in Justice Morris' court this morning. The case went to the police court because Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Estep refused to issue a warrant against young Suda on the charge of assault to kill, claiming that the boy was justified in shooting as he did, and stating that Martin had attempted to criminally assault his (Suda's) sister. When the case was heard by Judge Morris the Court held that he had no jurisdiction over such a case and a nolle pros was entered. In the meantime Martin is at St. Mary's Infirmary, hovering between life and death.

HE SLASHED HIM.

William Barker McBride Gives John Derunetz a Terrible Wound.

William Barker McBride, a handsome young man of 23, is held a prisoner behind the bars of the Fair Grounds Police Station to await the results of John Derunitz' injuries, which, it is thought, may possibly prove fatal. Derunitz lies at his home, No. 4291 Farlin avenue, surrounded by his weeping wife and two pretty children, and suffering from a frightful gash in his neck. Will Rogers, 19 years old, who lives at 4230A Margaretta avenue, and who started the trouble that came so near terminating tragically, is walking the streets a free man.

The three men are neighbors, McBride living with his mother and brothers at 4284 Farlin avenue, just across the street from Deruntz' house. Margaretta avenue on which Rodgers lives is just one block south of Farlin avenue. After supper these men with the other neighbors frequently congregate in Angus Macdonald's grocery store and saloon on the southwest corner of Clarence and San Francisco avenues, which is just a few blocks from their homes. A neighbor, Mrs. Flagg, who lived on the corner of Margaretta and Turner avenues, died a few days ago and was buried yesterday afternoon. All the neighbors went to the funeral, including Mr. Macdonald, Rogers, McBride and others. On the way home from the funeral the crowd stopped at Macdonald's for a little liquid refreshment. While there Rogers and McBride had a little fuss, or rather Rogers tried to pick a fight with McBride. Rogers, who is the step-son of an ex-policeman named McDuffie, prides himself, it is said, on his ability to whip anybody in the neighborhood. So yesterday it seems the sight of good-looking young McBride seemed to excite him, and he is alleged to have approached a man in the saloon and to have said: "Say, I believe I'll punch that fellow, McBride." "Why?" the man approached said. "Well," Rodgers is said to have replied, "I believe he belongs to the A. P. A., and further I believe he's a ——," applying to him a very nasty epithet.

THE CUTTING.

Mr. Macdonald, however, told Rogers the best thing he could do was to keep quiet and let McBride alone. This he did and they all went home to supper. At night they both came back. Deruntz, who is a man of 35 and a steamfitter by trade, came in a little later with a friend named Mike Sullivan, a contractor, who wanted to meet a man that to see about digging some cellars. Sullivan was called home by his wife during the evening, leaving Deruntz in the saloon with Rogers, McBride and three other men, named Hyneck, Buckley and Millard. About 11:30, Rogers said he could whip anybody in the house, and began to fight with McBride. Then Macdonald, not caring to have a fight in his place, put them both out in the street. Deruntz followed them out into the middle of the street and told them they ought to apologize for raising such a disturbance. Rogers slipped away then leaving Deruntz and McBride together in the dark. Then, McBride claims, Deruntz struck him and he in return pulled a knife and slashed at him. The knife caught Deruntz in the neck and blood spurted over his clothes and over the rocks that were stuck in the mud below for stepping stones for pedestrians. Deruntz ran back to Macdonald and said, "I'm cut." McBride came in shortly after and, Mrs. Macdonald states, said, "I cut to kill." Deruntz hurried off to Dr. McAfee's office, 4275 Natural Bridge road, where it was found that his neck had been cut from his left ear all the way down to the apple in his throat. The artery had been severed and all Dr. McAfee could do was to hold it together while he made every one else telephone for more doctors. As it was feared he would bleed to death Fr. Lavery of the Holy Rosary Church was sent for, Deruntz being a Catholic. Drs. C. H. Powell and Richard Lewis arrived in about an hour and put nine stitches in Deruntz's neck, after which he was sent home. This morning he was resting rather easily, but was so weak from loss of blood that he could not lift his head.

McBride was arrested by Officers Crimmins and Dan Gallagher of the Sixth District about midnight and admitted doing the cutting. Officer Gallagher went to the Four Courts this morning to get a warrant for assault to kill against McBride.

MCBRIDE'S STORY.

McBride, when seen in a cell at the Fair Grounds Police Station by a POST-DISPATCH reporter, admitted the cutting, but said he only acted in self-defense. "The whole trouble," said he, "was caused by this fellow Rogers. When we were in Macdonald's last night he said, 'I can lick anything in the house.' 'All right,' said I jokingly, 'come ahead, Will.' With that he hauled off and hit me a terrible smash in the eye. I jumped back at him and while we were struggling we were both pushed out in the street and I was dumped in the mud but Rogers kept pounding me. When I got up I went to the door and told Macdonald that I'd have his place closed up and then when Deruntz came out and asked me to apologize I was mad. He's a great big man much larger than I am and when he hit me, I just drew my knife and slashed away in self-defense."

McBride was formerly employed as a stenographer for Kehlor Bros., the milling firm, and has also been on the stage. Rogers formerly worked in a brewery. Deruntz is said to be an honest, hard-working man.

THE FUND.

Total acknowledged	$37,909 80
"N. K. Club"	36 50
Germania Council, No. 1,254, A. L. of H.	14 00
Employes Merchants Bridge Terminal	3 50
E. M. S.	2 00
Total	$37,965 80

For the Fund.

On Thursday evening, March 15, the pupils attending Mr. M. J. Koncen's dancing school will give a select hop at Cooper Hall, corner Thirty-fifth street and Franklin avenue, for the benefit of the Lake Employment Fund. Dancing will begin at 8 o'clock, tickets have been placed at 25 cents each and the entire proceeds of the entertainment will go to the Fund.

Will Not Exceed $10,000.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Officers of the International Navigation Co. in this city, say that the cabled statement of damage done to the steamer Paris by fire at Birkenhead yesterday is exaggerated and that the loss will not exceed $10,000.

NAMED AT LAST

James L. Carlisle Appointed Postmaster at St. Louis.

The Nomination Sent to the Senate by President Cleveland.

HE SUCCEEDS JOHN B. HARLOW, CHOSEN BY HARRISON IN 1890.

A Long Struggle Finally Ended in the Selection of a Political Favorite—The Appointee's Record and Fitness for the Office—Speculation Regarding the New Postmaster's Chief Assistants—The Disappointed Candidates.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—President Cleveland this afternoon sent to the Senate the name of Jas. L. Carlisle to be Postmaster of the city of St. Louis, thus ending the long contest over this very important appointment.

The result is another demonstration of the influence of Congressman Seth Cobb with the Administration.

Last night, and indeed up to noon to-day, there was strong talk of the probable success of a combination on Mr. George W. Allen as a compromise candidate and the defeat of Mr. Carlisle. But Mr. Cobb scouted these stories and stoutly maintained that Carlisle would receive the nomination.

Mr. Estill McHenry, who was Postmaster

James L. Carlisle.

Hyde's assistant, under Mr. Cleveland's first administration, seemed to lose hope yesterday, and last night left for St. Louis. He was at the White House with Congressman Bland just before he took the train for his home, but received no encouragement. It is now evident that Mr. Cleveland had determined some time since to appoint Carlisle.

The new Postmaster will succeed Maj. John B. Harlow, who was chosen by President Harrison, Jan. 19, 1890.

SKETCH OF MR. CARLISLE.

James L. Carlisle was born and raised in St. Louis, having been educated in the public schools. He is a graduate of the High School and also of the St. Louis Law School. He studied law for three years in the office of Glover & Shepley, both of whom are now dead, and afterwards began the practice of law for himself. In 1883 he was appointed Jury Commissioner of this city and in 1887 by a unanimous vote was reappointed to the same position.

Prior to this Mr. Carlisle had been prominent in politics, and in 1880 was a member of the State Congressional Committee. In 1887 he was unanimously elected Chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee, and in 1889, when requested to represent his ward and also act as Chairman of the Committee, he refused. The rules governing the Committee were therefore changed and he was again unanimously elected Chairman, a position he held until 1891, when he was appointed Recorder of Voters by Gov. D. R. Francis for a term of four years.

Mr. Carlisle is a man of family and he has always been a prominent member of the Methodist Church.

THE POSTMASTER'S ASSISTANTS.

It is not definitely known exactly whom Mr. Carlisle will appoint to the three or four lucrative positions in his gift, but it is supposed by those who ought to know that W. H. Little will be made his Secretary. It is also said that John J. O'Brien, the ex-Assessor, is an applicant for the position of Assistant Postmaster, and may be appointed.

A MAINE QUILTING BEE.

A Quaint Party at Which None of the Guests Were Younger Than Seventy.

Talk about your card parties and women's clubs! They are all very well, but the social event par excellence of the season down in very social Belfast, was Aunt Mary Stephenson's quilting bee, says the Lewiston (Me.) *Journal*. Aunt Mary is a jolly girl of 83 years, who doesn't object to being called an old maid; and nobody under 70 was admitted to her bee, which set a good example to festive youth by its early hours, beginning in the forenoon and adjourning just after dinner. Since she was 80 years old, the hostess of the occasion has made ten marvelous quilts, having all the way from 1,250 to 3,360 pieces each, and she has knitted a hundred pairs of socks and mittens besides—the 20,000 squares she has put together representing her diligence in business and the socks and mittens her service of the Lord, who ne ver designed Chinese puzzles or the idiosyncrasies of patchwork.

The Jenkins Investigation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—At the meeting of the House Judiciary Committee to-day Chairman Culberson announced Representatives Boatner, Terry and W. A. Stone as the committee to investigate Judge Jenkins' injunctions against employes of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

Previous Engagement.

From the Chicago Tribune.

"No, sir," said the cab-driver, whose conveyance had been standing for some minutes in front of an unfinished office building, "you can't have this cab. It's hired for the day to the walkin' delegate of the Mortar Mixed Union, No. 516, b'gosh, sir."

FROM HIS HOBBY HORSE.

Poor Little Frank Sternberg Precipitated Himself Into Scalding Water.

Frank Sternberg, a boy 3 years old, died this morning at the residence of his parents, 3538 Bailey avenue, from the effects of a scalding he received two days ago. Mrs. Sternberg was washing clothes in the kitchen and the boy was riding his hobby horse near a tub of hot water. He rocked too hard and capsized backwards into the tub. The Coroner will hold an inquest on the remains.

INSANE BUT BRIGHT.

A Bogus Champ Clark Who Called Out the Police Patrol Wagon.

Paul Clarke, a young man 22 years of age, who informed the police that he was Champ Clark, alias Wm. J. Stone, was arrested at 7 o'clock this morning in front of No. 1111 North Broadway. He had entered the store at that number and telephoned to headquarters to send a patrol wagon with six officers at once to Broadway and Carr streets as a riot was in progress there.

The patrol wagon with the officers arrived, who much to their disgust found that the only riot in progress was one going on in the disordered brain of the imaginary young statesman. He was taken in charge and at 9 o'clock sent to the Dispensary for examination by Dr. Warren Priest.

It was ascertained that he was married and a stone-cutter by occupation. His father states that the young man has been acting very strangely for the past twelve months. He is very bright, and during the course of his examination asked Dr. Priest if he thought he could draw the line of demarcation between genius and insanity. He intended he said to become President of the United States and had assumed the name of Champ Clark alias Wm. J. Stone, because these gentlemen had no patents on their names, and he knew the only way to the White House lay through the halls of Congress. He is a paronoiac and will be sent to the asylum.

TOM PHILLIPS' TALE.

A Boy's Story of Drawing a Revolver on Prof. Christie.

The scholars of the Clinton School on Gratan street are all excited over a rumored attempt said to have been made by one of their number yesterday morning to shoot Prof. Christie, their principal.

Yesterday it appears that a boy named Tom Phillips had failed to prepare his home lessons and was sent by his teacher to Prof. Christie's study. This meant rattan, and as Tom had experienced its terrors before, he looked with dread upon a second taste. When the professor siezed him and gave him a couple of cuts, the youth broke from his grasp, sped out of the back door, over the fence and was quickly beyond pursuit.

When school was over a companion of Tom's was sent to take him his hat, which he had left behind in his hurried flight, and to tell him that he was suspended from the school. To this friend Tom told a lurid story of how he had drawn a pistol in the professor and forced him to release him. This friend came back to the school, spread the story among the other pupils and thus started the rumor in circulation.

When seen this morning, both the professor and the Phillips boy denied the story of the pistol and told the facts as above.

WILL ARRIVE TO-NIGHT.

Rev. Michael Burnham Who Has Been Called to Pilgrim Church.

Rev. Michael Burnham of Springfield, Mass., who has been called to the pastorate of Pilgrim Congregational Church, will arrive in the city this evening and will be met by Mr. A. P. Forbes, who will escort him to the Grand Avenue Hotel. Dr. Burnham will preach at Pilgrim Church next Sunday.

Died From His Wounds.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 9.—Many Hall, a young negro man, died at the City Hospital to-day of wounds inflicted by George Barthell, a young white boy of very prominent family in this city. Hall attacked and cut Barthell's younger brother, inflicting a wound in the arm.

The next day as Hall was on his way to the Police Court, accompanied by his lawyer, he met the two Barthell boys and the quarrel was renewed. Both Hall and Geo. Barthell drew knives. Barthell was the quicker and inflicted the wounds from which Hall died to-day. The prominence of the Barthell family gives additional interest to the matter.

Supposed Insane Woman.

Annie Phelps, colored, 23 years of age, was arrested at Twelfth and Olive streets last night as she was wandering aimlessly around. She said her husband worked for Bensiek & Sheehan and that they lived as 1428 North Eighth street. The man Phelps admitted to Dr. Priest this morning that he knew the woman, but that she was not his wife.

She will be sent to the hospital for further observation.

Smoke Nuisance Cases.

In Judge Morris' Court this afternoon the National Bank of Commerce was fined $25; Whitman Agricultural Works, $10; Nicholls' Ritter Realty Co., $10; the Southern Hotel Co., $50, which was stayed; the Hogan Printing Co., $85; Wenneker-Morris Candy Co., $10; the Tamm Glue Works, $50, for violation of the smoke abatement ordinance. In the case of Henry B. Eggers of the Eggers Milling Co., the defendant was discharged.

Bright New Pennies Fresh from the mint, for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the POST-DISPATCH.

IN THE LISTS.

Carlisle's Plans for the Next Presidential Campaign.

The Great Kentuckian Forming Strong Alliances for 1896,

BUT HE WILL FIRST RETURN TO THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Inside Facts of the Present Complications in the Kentucky Senatorial Struggle—How Brown and Blackburn's Friends Regard the New Turn of Events in the Political Situation—An Interesting Deal and Its Probable Outcome.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., March 9.—The formal injection of Gov. John Young Brown's personality into the Kentucky senatorial contest that will culminate two years hence, while not altogether unexpected, caused much comment and comparison of notes. The final determination of the Governor to enter the contest against Senator Blackburn was made known to a very few friends. The correspondent of the POST-DISPATCH learns that the presence at the capital of Senator Blackburn probably precipitated Gov. Brown's final announcement of a candidacy that it has been understood by many would develop at the opportune time. Congressman McCreary's friends say that he has determined to make the race for the Senate, and has begun to "jolly" the Legislature already.

The talk about Carlisle making the race for the Senate against Blackburn is vehemently denied by those closest to the Secretary of the Treasury. Carlisle claims, so his friends say, that he has borne the burden in the heat of the day and he will either progress politically from where he is now or quit politics and practice law in New York. But observers of political events do not credit this latter contingency for a moment. When a statesman is preparing for retirement he does not allow his friends to carefully construct a political machine, covering the whole State. Federal appointments, in Kentucky, as usual have caused very widespread dissatisfaction; but two things in this connection are to be noted.

First, the Carlisle men have all been taken care of. Second, the original Cleveland men have been persistently ignored.

Strange to say, the Carlisle managers have not been in the least anxious to "placate" opposition; on the contrary, as far as they could control the patronage of the Treasury Department and its connections they have used it to demonstrate their power to punish all who in 1892 doubted the wisdom of nominating Carlisle.

If the sole end in view were the presidential nomination in 1896, this policy would be suicidal. Few men in Kentucky would seriously object to Mr. Carlisle's nomination in 1896, if it seemed wise then to nominate a Southern man, so the construction of a Carlisle machine must have another explanation.

This explanation is not far to seek, and Senator Blackburn has found it in the past few days, if he did not know it before. It is the purpose of Mr. Carlisle's managers to have him elected Senator from Kentucky prior to the next Democratic Convention. Gov. Brown is encouraged by Mr. Carlisle's managers. They desire to create a division in Western Kentucky, and to organize an anti-Blackburn faction, which can at the right moment be thrown to Carlisle, with the promise that when Mr. Carlisle is elected President all his influence will be given to secure Gov. Brown's election to the senatorial vacancy.

This is the situation which confronts Senator Blackburn to-day. He is opposed by two men—one is Governor and one is Secretary of the Treasury. It is not an alliance which is easily beaten.

GRAND JURY REPORT.

Arthur Duestrow Indicted for His Wife's Murder—Other Bills.

The Grand-Jury made a partial report in the Criminal Court to-day. Among the indictments returned was one against Arthur Duestrow, charging him with murder in the first degree in killing his wife, Albertine Duestrow. No indictment was found against him for the killing of his child. This is in accordance with a programme published in the POST-DISPATCH some days ago to the effect that he will be tried for the killing of his wife first, and if a conviction is not found he can be tried for killing his child.

Jennie Liggett, colored, is charged with murder in the second degree for stabbing and killing Billy Haywood, her lover, at Eighth and Biddle street, on Jan. 17 last.

Other indictments found were:

Grand larceny—Jesse Williams, Charles Osborne, alias Charles Carter; Corinne Spencer (two counts), Kitty Adams (two counts), Edward Reagan, Anton Schon, Joseph Royston, Allen Haraway.

Burglary in the second degree and larceny—Tony Anderson, three indictments; James Williams and Thomas McManus, Arthur Bailey, John Bucker and Jacd Edwards, George Hagerty, Joseph Marshall and Chas. Alexander, two indictments; Joseph Porta and Wm. Ralston, two indictments.

Embezzlement, Charles S. Miller.

Assault to do bodily harm, William Foster.

Robbery in first degree, John Martin, Tom French, John Morris.

SIMPLE CURE FOR HICCOUGHS.

A Pittsburg Physician's Prescription Which Costs Nothing But the Taking.

"I was just about to send a cure for hiccoughs to the New York man whose case has been puzzling the doctors when I read that he had been cured by laughing heartily at a colored man's description of what seemed to the patient a most ridiculous cure," said a Pittsburg physician to the *Dispatch*. "You hear of numerous cures for hiccoughs, such as holding your fingers in the ears and having some one give you a drink of water, holding one's breath for a period, etc., but I doubt if any will stand the test as well as a practical cure which for twenty years has never failed me once in all the hundreds of cases I have tried it. It may seem just as ridiculous as the cure proposed by the colored man in New York—so ridiculous that many will not think it worth the while to try—it is nevertheless a sure cure. All you have to do is to lie down, stretch your head back as far as possible, open your mouth widely, then hold two fingers above the head, well back, so that you have to strain the eyes to see them, gaze intently upon them and take long, full breaths. In a short time you will be relieved of that troublesome hiccough. Now, I have tried that sure cure on all sorts of cases, from the simple form to the chronic, and it works well with all. I remember it was given to a man on the way to New York to consult a specialist on his case—one of six months' standing—and it cured him in a few minutes. He turned around and said: 'What do you charge for that?' 'Nothing,' was the reply, 'except that you publish it to sufferers.'"

TWO MEN INJURED.

Joseph Tiefenthaler and Frank Dessan Struck by a Pile of Lumber.

Jos. Tiefenthaler and Frank Dessan, each about 36 years old, were at work this morning in Stride & Wehinger's lumber yard on Main and Chambers streets, when a large pile of planks suddenly collapsed and the two men were caught in the wreck. Desson had his nose broken and was badly cut about the head. Tiefenthaler is injured about the head and back and probably fatally. Dr. Graves attended both men. Tiefenthaler was sent to the City Hospital while Desson was sent to his home, 2229 Gasconade street.

COUGHLIN A FREE MAN.

The Verdict of the Jury Was "Not Guilty"—Scene in Court.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Daniel Coughlin is a free man. At 4:10 o'clock yesterday afternoon a jury of his peers declared him innocent of participation in the conspiracy to murder Dr. Cronin on the night of May 4, 1889.

This jury, which has listened for months to the historic case, retired to deliberate on the evidence about 11 o'clock in the morning. Shortly before 4 o'clock they announced that they had reached a decision. Judge Tuthill was sent for and soon it was noised all through the surrounding streets that a verdict was about to be returned.

A great crowd surged into the court-room, puffing with exertion and excitement, and Coughlin, who looked pale and haggard, was brought from the jail and took his customary seat in front of the jury box. As the men who held his fate in their hands filed in he turned a trifle whiter, if possible, and seemed to nerve himself for the impending shock, whether it might be ill or good.

"Has the jury reached a verdict?" formally asked the Judge.

"We have," was the response from the foreman.

A great stillness prevailed in the court-room as the clerk took the document and slowly in tones of suppressed excitement read out the words that made Dan Coughlin a free man and closed an epoch in Ireland's fight in this country for liberty.

As soon as the ex-detective could realize the import of the words a burning flush spread over his white face. The crowd shouted in a delirium of excitement, and all order was lost. There was a rush toward the man, everyone failing over each other in a wild desire to congratulate him. Coughlin tried to shake a dozen hands at a time and then made an effort to reach the jurors. Some of them he succeeded in reaching, but the crowd soon proved too strong and were sweeping him out of the room to liberty.

"Dan, come back! come back!" someone should as the bailiffs of the court made way for a little woman behind Judge Tuthill's chair. It was his wife, who has faithfully stood by him in all his troubles. He turned and met her. She fell on his breast and in the first paroxysm of joy they both sobbed and wept. Then smiling as they recovered themselves they left the room together, Dan's father trooping after them, wildly waving his hat.

The twelve jurors went in a body to-day to the court-house where the vouchers for their fees were made out. The men were in exuberant spirits over their release after four months' confinement. The disbanding of the twelve was accompanied by many avowals of friendship and good will toward one another. In nearly every case the jurors gained flesh to a marvelous degree during the trial. Juror Lane added twenty-six pounds to his avoirdupois, and most of the others nearly as much. Judge Tuthill, who presided at the trial, is greatly exhausted, and said to-day he would go to Idaho for a rest. Regarding the verdict he said he believed the jury an honest one, and that they did what they believed right.

In rounding up the story of the Coughlin trial the legacy it has left one of the State's chief witnesses should not be omitted. Weakened by illness and mental worry, the victim of a pitiless persecution and cruel slander, Mrs. Andrew Foy lies almost at the point of death on a bed in a stuffy little room in the second flat at 388 North Franklin. Since she took the stand to testify on the side of what she deemed truth and justice in the Coughlin case she has been deserted by her husband and persecuted by sickness. Now she is in fear of being evicted from her home for non-payment of rent. This would seem a culmination of all her troubles. She has been subject to the worst kind of humiliation, abused by her husband, maltreated by supposed friends, reduced to abject poverty, and now she is in imminent danger of death, if turned out of her rooms by her landlord. Mrs. Foy's home is poorly furnished and her children are thinly clad. Her entire surroundings indicate the straits into which she has fallen. She is pale and emaciated and has worn away fearfully in the last thirty days.

Coughlin passed last night and part of to-day at the house of a friend in the little hamlet of Elmira. His wife was with him. He will go to Hancock, Mich., to his father's, till he gets strong again.

BONACUM HERE.

He Arrived This Morning and Declined to See Reporters.

Bishop Thomas Bonacum of Lincoln, Neb., who has been, and still is, deeply embroiled in ecclesiastical and civil litigation, arrived in the city this morning and became the guests of the priests at St. Patrick's Church at Sixth and Biddle streets. A POST-DISPATCH reporter visited the parochial residence at St. Patrick's in search of an interview with the Bishop, but Rev. Fr. McCaffrey, the rector, said that Bishop Bonacum stated he would not be interviewed. Fr. McCaffrey took a strict view of his obligations as a host and refused to ask the Bishop to meet the reporter or to inquire of him for the reporter whether he had dropped the proceedings against Fr. Phelan, or merely removed the case to the archdiocese of St. Louis. Fr. McCaffrey stated that he did not learn from the Bishop what was the object of his visit to St. Louis. He believed that Bishop Bonacum would remain until Monday, and had learned from the newspapers that Archbishop Kain would be in St. Louis Sunday, but he was not disposed to interpret Bishop Bonacum's stay as an intention to confer with the coadjutor as to the charges against Fr. Phelan.

A FRIEND IN NEED.

But Not a Friend in Deed, as the Smart Man Discovered.

There is a young man in this city who has always prided himself on being exceedingly sharp, says the Louisville *Commercial*. The other day the gentleman in question boarded a Portland avenue car and proceeded to make himself at home by drawing himself comfortably up in a seat and perusing a newspaper. A few minutes later another middle-aged man entered the car, looked about him and espied the gentleman of brilliancy. Going up to him the new-comer patted him knowingly on the back, at the same time saying: "Why, hello, Fred, don't you know me?"

Fred didn't remember ever having met the gentleman, but added, as a matter of form, that his face looked familiar. At this the new-comer did become familiar. He told the young man funny stories, and by way of giving emphasis to his remarks bestowed upon the youngling sundry slaps, punches and pinches. The two parted the best of friends, but when Freddie went to bed that night he discovered he had been "slapped" to the extent of $10, "touched" for his watch and "pinched" relative to his diamond stud. Freddie is now a sadder and a wiser man.

WAS IN BLACK.

Marion Ries, or "Mrs. Gaston Soulard," Calls on Lawyers.

She Has Donned Widow's Weeds and Will Push Her Claim.

THE WILL OF GASTON SOULARD WILL PROBABLY BE PROBATED AT IRONTON.

Mr. Henry Kortjohn Gives a Different Version of the Interview at Arcadia Between Gaston Soulard and the Woman Who Claims to Have Been His Wife, to That Which She Furnished.

The young woman known to some people as Marion Ries and to others as "Mrs. J. Gaston Soulard," is apparently getting ready to fulfill her threat to sue for her rights as the widow of Gaston Soulard. She came up town this morning, wearing the full habit of young widowhood, and proceeded to the office of a prominent firm of lawyers. She introduced herself there as "Mrs. Soulard," and announced that she was bent on securing full legal recognition and all her rights as Gaston Soulard's widow. She made her statement in detail to the lawyers, and left it to them to determine what standing she may have in court as a common law wife. When this is determined to the satisfaction of her lawyers she will be advised how to proceed against the administrators or executors of the estate of Gaston Soulard. Suit in her behalf is expected to be filed within a few days.

HER ALLEGED ADMISSION.

Mr. Henry Kortjohn, attorney for the Soulards, is credited with having said that J. Gaston Soulard admitted in the presence of his mother and sister and himself and Miss Ries that the latter was not his wife. That admission was said to have been made during an interview had at Arcadia, Mo., between the persons just mentioned. Mr. Kortjohn does not dispute the gift of property to Miss Ries by J. Gaston Soulard, and intimates that she will be allowed to keep it.

MAY BE PROBATED AT IRONTON.

It was rumored yesterday that the will of J. Gaston Soulard will not be probated in St. Louis, but at Ironton, in the county in which it was made, the better to enable the defense to obstruct any prosecution which Miss Ries may institute to enforce her demands.

SLAUGHTERING BRITISH.

The Abor Tribesmen in India Massacre Whole Detachments.

CALCUTTA, March 9.—Dispatches received here from the neighborhood of the scene of the operation of the columns engaged in punishing the Abor tribesmen announce serious losses sustained by the British. An additional detachment of 200 men left Sadiyah yesterday to meet the British expedition commanded by Capt. Maxwell, which has for some time past been following up the retreating tribesmen.

According to native reports Capt. Maxwell has met with such determined resistance that he has been unable to reach Damroh, the town he had for some time past been endeavoring to capture, but he has been so hardly pressed by the Abors that losing a number of men killed and wounded, he has been compelled to retreat, after destroying the fortified camps which he had occupied during the forward march of the expedition.

Another dispatch received here from Cowhatty, the Chief town of Assam, announces still more serious disaster from the British command. It appears that a British party, composed of thirty rifles and four British officers, had been operating as an escort to a train on its way to Bordax with provisions and ammunition for the garrison of that town. The detachment encountered no resistance until it was far from its base of operations. Then the tribesmen began to gather ahead of it and on its flanks, keeping up a galling fire, which eventually brought the detachment to a standstill.

For two days the little detachment kept up a continuous fight, day and night, with the tribesmen, but eventually the little band of thirty soldiers, surrounded by thousands of tribesmen, were killed.

The entire Abor expedition is in a most critical situation, and in addition to the troops hurried forward from Sedyah, reinforcements are being sent with all possible haste to the front in the hope of rescuing the Maxwell column. The exact strength of the column commanded by Capt. Maxwell is not known, but on the 8d of January 600 men were dispatched against the Abor tribesmen on the Assam frontier, attack having been made some days previously upon a party of British military police, of whom seven were killed.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for St. Louis Is Generally Fair and Warmer.

[INDICATION OF FLAGS: Triangular—Temperature: at the top, warmer; at bottom, cooler. Square—Precipitation. White—Fair weather. Blue—White and triangular—Snow, rain or sleet, followed by fair and cooler weather.]

The weather continues fair throughout the Mississippi Valley. Cloudiness is increasing in the Dakotas and light rain has occurred along the Gulf. The temperature will rise slightly in this vicinity.

The river has reached its crest at Boonville and Davenport, and will probably reach a crest here of about 20.5 feet by Sunday.

Forecast for St. Louis: Fair, warmer.

Forecast for Missouri: Threatening; slightly warmer Saturday morning, and probably in eastern portions in the evening; southwesterly winds.

MR. WILSON'S ILLNESS.

A Telegram From His Son Not Very Assuring.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—Representative Breckinridge of Arkansas has received the following telegram from Representative Wilson's son concerning his father's condition:

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, March 8.—Father seems in bed; very weak and much emaciated.

W. E. WILSON.

The telegram is not regarded by Mr. Breckinridge as encouraging, as the reference to Mr. Wilson's weakness and emaciation dispels rose-colored reports received of late.

The son left for Mexico as soon as the first alarming reports of last week were received, and his telegram was sent soon after reaching his father's sick bed.

Crest of the Rise.

Weather Observer Hammond said to-day that the river will reach 31 feet to-morrow, which, he thinks, will be the crest of the present rapid rise.

WEPT IN COURT

Miss Pollard Gives Way to Hysterical Tears.

Second Day of the Famous Breach of Promise Trial.

STATEMENT OF PLAINTIFF'S CASE BY ATTORNEY CARLISLE.

During the Review of the Charges Miss Pollard's Face Flushed Crimson, and She Buried Her Countenance in Her Handkerchief—Col. Breckinridge Apparently Not Affected—Basis of the Suit in Detail—Fencing of the Lawyers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—One of the first persons to enter the Circuit Court room this morning was Miss Madeline V. Pollard, the plaintiff in the suit against Congressman W. C. P. Breckinridge. This was the first sight of the plaintiff vouchsafed to the scandal lovers, who crowded the court-room for a quarter of an hour before her arrival. Before the trial began she was the target of all eyes and the subject of many curious comments. Miss Pollard is an attractive-looking young woman, whose appearance would indicate that she has attained 30 years, with a slender, girlish figure, which was enveloped in a long black ulster. Her face was nearly colorless, with a small piquant mouth, up-turned nose, flashing black eyes and heavy dark brown hair. She wore a small black bonnet. Two ladies accompanied her and sat beside her at the table with her counsel directly in front of the judge. One of them, an elderly lady dressed in black, was one of the Sisters of the Episcopalian House of Refuge in which Miss Pollard is sheltered. The other, who sat beside the plaintiff, was a well-dressed lady of middle age, who figured as a friend of Miss Pollard, but whose identity no one could discover. Miss Pollard seemed quite at her ease. Her face was covered with a thin veil, which in no way concealed her features. She talked with her lawyers most of the time prior to court convening.

Col. Breckinridge was late in putting in his appearance. Finally he came with a small satchel of documents on his arm, fresh and smiling, accompanied by his son, Desha Breckinridge. The number of lawyers made it necessary to have two rows of tables. The front line was devoted to the Pollard forces. The second row was occupied by the Breckinridge party, so that the white-haired defendant sat almost directly back of his young antagonist.

MR. CARLISLE'S OPENING.

The trial was really commenced when Mr. Calderon Carlisle faced the jury, leaning languidly against a table and in deliberate conversational tones outlined the matters which the plaintiff would endeavor to prove. He contrasted the positions of the two parties, one a man of family, of political prominence, high in the counsels of the Presbyterian Church, famous throughout the country as an orator, the other a friendless young woman. Something was said about the legal aspects of the case. Then he began to read the declaration which was published in full when the suit was brought; how Col. Breckinridge had taken advantage of Miss Pollard's youth when she was a girl of 17 at the Wesleyan Female Seminary, and then further alleging that he was the father of her three children, that he had in the presence of creditable witnesses promised to marry her, having previously made the promise to become her husband when his wife should die, that he had married instead a Mrs. Louise Wing of Louisville; that Miss Pollard had endeavored to leave him and make a career for herself, but had been pursuaded to continue as his mistress because of her love for him.

During this reading Miss Pollard flushed crimson. She trembled violently and buried her face in her handkerchief. Col. Breckinridge chatted in a matter-of-fact way with his lawyers.

MISS POLLARD'S STATEMENT.

In the statement made by Miss Pollard to her lawyers last September, and upon which they based the charges upon which the present suit against Congressman Breckenridge for $50,000 damages for breach of promise is brought, she tells the story of her first meeting with the eminent Kentuckian, their associations and subsequent relations. Her story opens on April 1, 1883. "At that time," she said, "I was a student at the Wesleyan Female Seminary in the City of Cincinnati, O., and was required to leave there at the end of the session. Early in April, to the house of my aunt, where my mother, sister and brother lived, because of the serious illness and approaching death of my sister. At Lexington, Ky., I was obliged to change cars, and shortly after entering the car Col. Breckinridge left his seat and approached me, saying: 'Your face is very familiar; don't I know you?' I arose and replied to him while standing. 'No, I think you do not; I know that you are Col. Breckinridge.' He then asked me questions about my family and stated that he knew our people and asked if he could call to see me while in Frankfort. I told him why I was returning to Frankfort and stated that my mother, my aunt and myself would be pleased to have him call to see us. I knew of Col. Breckinridge as an ex-Confederate soldier, a lawyer and an orator, holding a somewhat distinguished position in the State of Kentucky. Col. Breckinridge was then 47 years of age and gray-haired. I was 17 years and 4 months and very immature for that age. I did not consider that there was any impropriety under the circumstances, in a man of Col. Breckinridge's age and position thus speaking to a young school girl, and it was because of his superior age that I remained standing during the conversation above detailed. My sister died on June 6, 1884, and thereupon I returned to Cincinnati to resume my studies which I had lost during April and May, entering the summer course in the Wesleyan Seminary. My mother being a widow without means, I had borrowed the money to defray the expenses of my education from a Mr. James C. Rhodes, who was a resident of Lexington, and who had served with my aunt's husband in the Confederate Army.

COL. BRECKINRIDGE CALLED.

"Mr. Rhodes had taken a fancy to me as a child, and in my thirst for education I formed the plan and secured my mother's consent to ask Mr. Rhodes to lend me the money. Mr. Rhodes asked me if I did not repay him the money to marry him, and again shortly after my return to the seminary Mr. Rhodes greatly troubled me by calling upon me and writing to me, demanding that I either pay the money or marry him at once, and stated to me in a letter that he could compel me to marry him unless I paid the debt. This was impossible. Being very much troubled by this course of procecure and considering what I could do, it occurred to me to write to Col. Breckinridge, who had professed great friendliness for my family and relatives, asking his professional advice and assistance, and especially as to whether Mr. Rhodes could legally compel me to marry him. I did so recalling myself to him as the girl he had met in the car. Instead of replying to my letter, Col. Breckinridge called at the seminary on the 8d of August, 1884, about 8 o'clock, and professing great friendliness and interest in me, but without definitely advising me as to Mr. Rhodes' power in the premises, assured me that there were ways out of all difficulties, asserted that he could and would relieve me and straighten up the matter. He suggested that he could not talk with me satisfactorily in the reception room, and asked me if he could not call me out for a drive and talk over the matter with me, and suggested that we should represent a relationship existing between us in order that he might take me out from the seminary. I told him that as it was summer term there were no strict rules against my going out, but that as I never left the house without permission I would call in Mr. Orton McClelland Brown, the son of Dr. Brown, clergyman and principal of the seminary, and obtain his consent. Mr. Brown came into the reception room at my request and Col. Breckinridge made the request that he might take me for a drive, stating to Mr. Brown that I was the daughter of one of his friends.

HIS FIRST ADVANCE.

"Mr. Brown gave his consent, and at 8 o'clock Mr. Breckinridge came in a closed carriage to take me to drive. I suggested that it was too warm to ride in a closed carriage, and he replied that a slight affection of his throat made the night air dangerous, and so no more was said, and I entered the carriage with him in the presence of several of the professors and summer boarders, students at the seminary. Shortly after entering the carriage he took my hand, to which I objected, but he protested that he was more than old enough to be my father, and that such an act on his part was entirely proper. When we had gotten out in the suburbs of the city he attempted to take further liberties with me, which I did not fully understand but vigorously resisted. Thereupon he desisted from his conduct, but proceeded to make love to me in the most desperate and impassioned manner. On his way home he modified his conduct and behaved with more decorum, endeavoring to argue and explain to me by reasonings which I was on account of my youth and inexperience incapable of comprehending, that his course of conduct had not been improper, and that I was foolish and prudish; but, notwithstanding his explanations, I was in a most nervous and excited condition when I returned to the seminary, and my appearance attracted the attention and comment of Orinthia Isabel, the matron, who admitted me.

HE WAS FASCINATING.

"Notwithstanding Col. Breckenridge's conduct he had succeeded in fascinating me so that I believed his assurance that I had nothing to fear from him and, as I was still apprehensive of the threatened proceedings by Mr. Rhodes, as to which Col. Breckenridge had as yet given me no advice or direction, I went to meet him at the Public Library, as he had promised that if I would come there the next day he would attend to the matter for me. I went to the library and he told me that he could not talk with me there, because the rules prohibited conversation, and suggested that I go with him in the cars to the house of a friend where he could talk over my business with me and determine what could be done. He took me in the cars to a point as near George street as the cars ran, a neighborhood with which I was wholly unfamiliar, and in which I had never been, and walked with me to a house which he represented was the house of a friend of his. We were admitted and shown into a little parlor and by a woman who then withdrew. Col. Breckenridge was a fascinating man, and in conversation made himself very agreeable.

LURED TO AN EVIL HOUSE.

"Presently the woman came to the door announcing that the upstairs room was ready, and he then asked me to go up there with him, pretending that it was for the purpose of talking over my matter. I had not the faintest comprehension of the character of the house to which he had taken me, but I steadily refused to go with him, whereupon he left the room, locking the door after him, and returned with the woman, who endeavored to persuade me to go to the upper room with Col. Breckenridge, but I still refused, and after being detaind there for a long time he took me away, doing and saying everything in his power to re-establish his fascination and control over me, notwithstanding this incident. While we were returning, on the street, he urged me to leave the Wesleyan Seminary and go over to Lexington, Ky., to school to the Sayre Institute, stating that that school was as good as the one in Cincinnati, and that I would then be near, where he could advise me and keep me out of any difficulty with Mr. Rhoues until my education was finished, when he would assist me to procure a situation as teacher, enabling me to repay Mr. Rhodes. I agreed to this, and in order to enable me to get the consent of the authorities of the school to my departure he sent a false telegram to me to which he signed my mother's name, summoning me home to Frankfort, and that afternoon I left on the train with him.

"We arrived in Lexington Saturday evening, and took me in a street car to Limestone street to Barr street, where he crossed Short street to a little frame cottage where he said a friend of his lived, and suggested that it was better I should stay there than at a hotel, because I was a girl and alone. No one answering his knock, he told me to wait until he hurried to his own home, which was about three blocks distant, which he did, returning almost immediately. Almost immediately after his return a muiatto woman came and opened the door and admitted us, and prepared supper for us. This house I afterwards found to be an assignation house. He then resumed his course of conduct toward me, and being controlled by his fascination and now overcome with his persistance, he accomplished my ruin. He kept me at this house until Monday, when he told me that Mr. Rhodes had been to Cincinnati inquiring for me, and learning that I had left, and Col. Breckinridge had been there to see me. he (Mr. Rhodes) called at his (Breckinridge's) office to inquire my whereabouts; that he (Col. Breckinridge) had told Mr. Rhodes he last saw me in Cincinnati. Col. Breckinridge then directed me to hurry away and so regulate my movements as to appear to come from the Frankfort train and lead Mr. Rhodes to believe that I so came, in which I obeyed him, and then returned to Cincinnati the same day."

Miss Pollard then passes to the year 1885, and describes the place at which her first child was born, and her promise to Col. Breckinridge not to reveal its paternity. She then comes to the main point in her contention, the alleged promise of marriage. She says:

THE PROMISE OF MARRIAGE.

"Some time before I urged upon Col. Breckinridge that I take my child and go away where I would be unknown and leave him forever, in order to keep my baby, but this he refused to agree to, protested and begged in every way that I should not leave him, and promised me most solemnly that if I would not do so and would leave the child at the asylum, and if he was ever free to do so, he would marry me and give me his protection and his name and in some proper way care for his offspring. During this time my brothers, who were both younger than I, were small boys, and my sister, who was married, was helplessly ill for many months, requiring the constant attendance of my mother in her bedside. During this period and up to some week's after my baby's birth, at Col. Breckinridge's suggestion, sometimes at his dictation, and always under his supervision, I wrote numerous letters to my mother, telling her all manners of falsehoods to conceal my conduct, condition and whereabouts. Before I went to Norwood he had me write partly at his dictation a number of letters to my mother, with blank dates, which he told me he would fill in from time to time and send to my mother, and which he afterward told me he had done. I was ill there longer than was anticipated, and the letters I had so written gave out, and he told me he wrote other letters purporting to come from me, to my mother, on the typewriter and signed my name thereto, telling her, among other things, that I was learning typewriting.

On the 1st of August, 1885, I returned to Lexington, finding there was no suspicion about me I re-entered the Sayre Institute, pursuing my studies with diligence there the following two years, until May, 1887. During all this time Col. Breckinridge wrote me passionate love letters and I maintained illicit relations with him, he having completely won my love, and I was faithful and obedient to him in all things.

Miss Pollard then gives the date of the birth of the second child at Washington, D. C., Feb. 8, 1888.

RENEWAL OF THE PROMISE.

"At this time," she alleges, "Col. Breckinridge renewed his promise, so many times made, that if he was ever free to do so he would marry me. Subsequently, through the aid of Col. Breckinridge, I secured a position in the Government service in the city of Washington. Afterwards and on the 14th of July, 1892, Col. Breckinridge's wife died. My only explanation for maintaining for eight years my guilty relations with Col. Breckinridge was our mutual devotion, for, though I had reason to suspect his conduct otherwise, his daily and hourly devotion to me and his consideration for me never flagged until this spring of 1893. We were in daily communication wherever we were during all this time. I had several times wished to leave him, not because I had ceased to love him, but because I wished to end a life of deception, but he always overcame my desire by his protestations of affection and his begging me not to leave him. In the autumn of 1891 I asked him to allow me to go to Cambridge and study a profession, but he would not let me, appealing to my love for him. In October, 1892, after his wife's death, when she told him that he had no right to pay devoted attention to another woman, that he had day for the marriage; how he had said that any effort on his part for Mrs. Wing, but thought it would be well for the report of his engagement to reach his family, that they might become familiarized with the thought of his becoming married.

Mrs. Blackburn related how Miss Pollard once urged Mr. Breckinridge to fix the circumstances prevented it just then, but that he would fix a date and communicate it to Mrs. Blackburn. Going to his side, Mrs. Blackburn said, Miss Pollard had laid her arm affectionately on Col. Breckinridge's shoulder, calling him "Willie." He stroked her hand and patted it affectionately. Mrs. Blackburn told Miss Pollard to go away, and Col. Breckinridge said: "Let us have no more demonstrations here."

CROSS EXAMINATION.

Col. Thompson cross-examined Mrs. Blackburn. Mrs. Blackburn said that the bearing of Miss Pollard upon social occasions had been that of a lady. Mr. Thompson became more pressing in his inquiries regarding the sorrow of Mrs. Blackburn for Miss Pollard, and the witness replied that she felt a sorrow for any woman compelled to fight her own way in the world. With flashing eyes and facing the white-bearded Congressman, she declared:

"Just the sorrow I feel in being compelled to appear here, when, if I had the defense of a husband, it would have never been necessary."

When Mr. Thompson asked for the dates of various calls the witness replied:

"I had no occasion to charge my mind with them, as Col. Breckinridge came on his own business and not on mine. I presume he can tell you."

A THEORY OF DEFENSE.

How Col. Breckinridge May Meet the Charges of Miss Pollard.

LOUISVILLE, March 9.—Interest in the Pollard-Breckinridge case is keen in Kentucky, and grows from day to day. It would be difficult to say just what influence the accusation of Miss Pollard has had on the position of Col. Breckinridge. Certainly the best friends of the Kentucky orator appear unmoved and speak hopefully, confidently of a "vindication." Nevertheless the accusations and admissions are of so serious a character that few believe whatever may be the formal decision, that Col. Breckinridge can regain his old influence or secure in Washington his old popularity. Much speculation is indulged in concerning the defense of Col. Breckinridge, and the explanation to be made of incidents and occurrences which are no longer disputed.

In discussing this subject a lawyer said to the POST-DISPATCH correspondent that Col. Breckinridge's defense may be made on the following lines: He may acknowledge an infatuation for Miss Pollard, whom he considered a woman of unusual brightness, who, unfortunately for both, had fallen deeply in love with him. Her companionship was pleasant; her flattery was intoxicating; her apparent surrender of herself to him was an appeal to his faith in her which he could not resist. Believing not that he was her first favorite, but confident that he was her last, blinded by his association with her to all that was black in her past, he promised to make her his wife; still laboring under the delusion of her entire devotion and, believing that she had for years been faithful to him, he announced to his friends his purpose to make her his wife. Then it was that he was made familiar with her whole career. Men who were silent before now brought to his notice facts which were indisputable and made it impossible for him, even after his open avowal of purpose, to fulfill any promise of marriage. When he realized the position in which he was placed, one impulse actuated him and he abondoned her."

Just how far this theory of defense is to be followed only the developments of the trial can determine.

HE WASN'T A SNAKE CHARMER.

But He Outdid the Professiona's in His Daring Handling of Reptiles.

Dr. Gustave Leipnitz, one of the best known German-Americans west of Chicago, died at the German Hospital, says the San Francisco *Examiner*. He was 53 years old, and until within a week ago enjoyed the best of health with the exception of a local trouble of the leg. Dr. Leipnitz was one of the most famous and picturesque of the old-time characters in San Francisco. He was widely known by the suggestive title of "The Snake Doctor," and for the last fifteen or sixteen years was proprietor of the drug store at 136 Sutter street.

"The Snake Doctor" earned his sobriquet by his overfondness for reptiles of all kinds, and especially for venomous snakes. Rattlesnakes were his particular pets. In his time he has owned many of these deadly reptiles, and though he handled and caressed them more lovingly than the average person would care to handle a harmless gopher snake, he never took the precaution to withdraw their poisonous fangs, nor was he ever seriously harmed by one of his pets.

Leipnitz did not claim to be a snake-charmer, though he was far more daring with his serpents than most of the professional charmers are, but had a theory as to how to handle dangerous reptiles and how not to handle them. And, unlike a good many theorists, "The Snake Doctor" had no hesitancy in making concrete application to his abstractions.

"It's very easy to handle a dangerous serpent," he used to say. "The secret lies in not making any rapid movements while handling them. All you have to do is to move gently and with care, so as to not startle them. By nature the snake is not aggressive and will only strike when he thinks there is danger threatening."

And then, to further illustrate his theory, "The Snake Doctor" would go to his tank in the show window, pass his hand gently under a big, vicious-looking rattler, lift it tenderly and carefully out of its warm blanket, and let the treacherous reptile coil itself about his arm. And he would not let you speak of his serpents as treacherous. "They are not near so treacherous as I have known men to be," he used to say. "You only have to treat them right; that is all."

Dr. Leipnitz's collection of snakes in his show window on Sutter street has been one of the features of the town, almost, for more than a dozen years. Latterly he has had two hideous looking Gila monsters in his snakery, and these he handled with as much freedom as he did the rattlers. In his collection there were gopher snakes, garter snakes, black snakes, and most of the varieties indigenous to the coast. A few years ago he had a deadly little black asp, that was brought to him by a friend who had just returned from Asia. He put it in with his other pets, but it soon died. Since then the Doctor has collected only such reptiles as can stand the San Francisco climate.

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We execute the finest. Lowest prices.

CALLING CARDS. We only charge $1.50 for 100 finest cards and engraved copper plate.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner Broadway and Locust.

Samples mailed on application.

The Pope Boycotts Bull-Fighting.

From the European Edition of the Herald.

The Pope has approved a decree prohibiting all ecclesiastics from being present at any bull-fights in Spain. No exception is made to the rule, not even in cases where the consolations of religion are asked for a dying matador.

Modern Heroism.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

Weary Watkins: "Say, dey ain't no real heroes nowadays."

Hungry Higgins: "Dey ain't, eh? W'y, right here in de paper is a feller advertisin' dat he ain't afraid of work."

HE-NO

The superior quality of HE-NO Tea is due to the careful selection by skillful tea tasters, striving to obtain the best drinking tea without regard to style or appearance; that it is thoroughly cleaned and dusted before packing in the convenient little bags is an additional reason for its use. If you cannot get this tea from your grocer, send for free sample. (*Established 1811.*)

MARTIN GILLET & CO.,
Exchange Place, Baltimore, Md.

A Curious Cane.

A Cincinnati Man's Walking Stick to Gruesome in Its Decorations.

From the Cincinnati Times-Star.

The other afternoon an old man attracted a good deal of attention on Vine street, Cincinnati, by season of the peculiar cane which he carried. Personally he was in no way different from lots of queer old men that one is apt to meet in a day's walk about the streets of a great city. He was undersized, fat and red as to his nose. His beard was gray and was long. It needed a shampoo. The man's dress was of ordinary quality, but it was all there. His breath was tainted with fire-water. As he was passing a store a clerk asked him where he got the cane. It was an old stick and without knot or crook. Wound around and around it was a string of ornaments of the strangest kind. Here was a hickory nut, there a beech nut, there a walnut, and other nuts could be seen on the stick. Then there were buttons of all varieties. Some were pants buttons, others were coat and vest buttons, and there were dress or cloak buttons. Some were small, while others were large as silver dollars. A lead pencil stump dangled about the middle of the cane. A carpet tack hung from the point. A piece of cork, a broken marble, a shoe peg, keys of various kinds and other articles too nunmerous to mention were strung about his cane. On being asked by a *Times-Star* man how he happened to get so peculiar a stick he became communicative. "Every trifle around this stick," said he, "is a memento. This piece of toy marble belonged to my boy when he was still alive. Here is a button from my first sweetheart's cloak. And here's another from my wife's cloak. This shoe button dropped from a beggar's shoe." He indicated the various articles as he spoke. "Last fall I visited my boyhood home in West Virginia, and these nuts came from there. I found this shoe nail at Mount Vernon a few years ago, near the tomb of Washington. This ring is from the finger of a Japanese girl; that from the finger of a suicide. Here's a piece from the spinal column of a bum politician, which the students of a local medical college ably dissected in their time. I am simply a collector of curios. I like to have them near me, and I find that the easiest way is to carry them around my cane."

ON SILVER PEAK MOUNTAIN.

A Cloud Spectacle Which in Its Strangeness Will Never Be Forgotten.

From the Fairhaven Herald.

"I saw a strange sight a few days ago on Silver Peak Mountain, British Columbia," said J. D. Leedy recently. "The mountain is about 8,000 feet high, and I had reached an altitude of 7,000 feet, where there was a depression or gulch between two cones or peaks. Eternal snow reigns there, and as far as the eye could reach the snow-tipped mountains of the Cascade Range, their gulches, streams and valleys, as well as the level country, could by seen. I crawled slowly over the divide and looked down the other side of the mountain. Away down below I saw a dense cloud coming swiftly up the steep and rugged side. I knew that in all probability in a few moments I would be enveloped in it and my first thought was to make for a cabin further down the side of the mountain. But I judged from the speed the cloud was being driven I would not have time to reach the cabin and I concluded to stop where I was.

On came the cloud, and when within a few feet of where I sat it was struck by a stronger lateral current and it veered to one side, passing within six feet of me. It stood still—a great inky mass as black as the darkness of Egypt; to the right the sun was shining brightly and to the left stood a perpendicular wall of intense blackness. It was a sight never to be forgotten."

ENGLISH TAXES.

They Reach Everything That Man's Needs Render Imperative.

From Temple Bar.

Birth is taxed, marriage is taxed, death is taxed. Commodities are taxed, manufactures are taxed, trades are taxed, houses are taxed, incomes are taxed. We are taxed for our butler, if we are prosperous enough to keep one. We are taxed for our footman, groom or gardener. The carriage we keep is taxed, the omnibus we take is taxed, the cab we hire is taxed, the railway train we travel by is taxed. The house dog is taxed, and so also is the heraldic device on our note paper.

Everything we drink is taxed—beer, spirits, wine, tea, coffee—and even for the water we drink there is the water rate. Light is taxed through the medium of the gas rate. The land we walk upon is taxed, the tobacco we smoke is taxed, the gold or silver jewelry we wear, the eau de cologne perfuming our handkerchiefs, the figs we eat on Palm Sunday, the Christmas plum pudding, these are all taxed. Even our anti-bilious pills are not free.

All these, and they are but a few of the taxes that exist, are mostly imperial taxes for the purpose of government—some of them, however, are assigned to the county councils. There are also local rates, which are but local taxes, for the poor, county council, police, main drainage, lighting, paving, watering, etc.; sewers, schoolboard and vestry, householders, dodgers, married and single men, women and children are all taxed in some form or other, for taxation is devised to reach everyone.

The late Lord Sherbrooke (Robert Lowe), when Chancellor of the Exchequer, calculated that one-ninth of the income is taken from us for imperial taxation; but the proportion is more now, and is growing. Local taxation is not much less.

HOW HE KEPT WARM.

In North Dakota They Need and Appreciate Comfort While Traveling.

From the Grafton Record.

The livery stable next door is newly supplied with a number of those feet-warming machines that are covered with Brussels carpet and look like a half-grown sofa pillow. The bowels of this imaginary stove are filled with a new kind of hand-made coal that will burn for eight hours without winding up, and it is warranted to keep toenails growing under a buffalo robe during the coldest day in North Dakota. The other day a friend of mine got up a sleighing party for himself and girl and included in the invitation one of these hot foot-rests on which there was room for one of his feet and both of the girl's; when the foot that couldn't get on the pepper box got cold he would change places with his girl so as to divide up the heat equally between his feet. They were changing around this way most of the day, and when he took the team back to the stable he told the proprietor that those stoves were a great snap; that he never expected to keep so warm when riding through the icy atmosphere of North Dakota as he had that day. The innocent arrangement for heat was taken out and it was explained to the young man who had kept warm around it that there had been no fire put into it that day and that he had been kept warm by his own imagination.

The California Fever

Appears to be an epidemic, and THE IRON MOUNTAIN ROUTE, in order to give the public an opportunity to visit the "Sunny Land," is selling tickets from St. Louis, one way, $27.50, round trip, $47.50, and on March 13 will sell tickets, St. Louis to Texas points, at one fare for the round trip. Full particulars, resort and land pamphlets at City Ticket Office, N. W. corner Broadway and Olive street, and Union Depot.

Afraid of Breaking the Bank.

From the Albany Journal.

"How much d'ye want fer 'em?" he asked.

"Only $1.50—75 cents apiece, you know," replied Manager Soulier.

The man turned to his wife.

"Hev you got a dollar?" he asked.

"No, Henry, I hain't," she replied.

"Dod burn it, stranger, I'll haf ter git down in my pocketbook an' spring a big bill on yer. D'ye care?"

"Certainly not," said Mr. Soulier.

"I don't like to rob yer uv all yer change jest fer a dollar and a half."

"Oh, that's all right."

"Kin ye spare it?"

"Unless it's too big, I guess I can change it without any trouble."

"Well, I'm sorry. I thought I had some silver, but a $5 bill's the littlest I've got."

HIBERNIAN MEETING.—Division No. 3 of the Ancient Order of Hibernians will meet to-morrow. Tickets for the complimentary St. Patrick's Day celebration at Exposition Music Hall, March 17, at 8 p. m., will be distributed.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney

DRY GOODS CO.

Second Floor—Saturday.

Unusual Advantages for Economical Buyers in

Ladies' and Children's Cloaks AND Ladies' and Boys' Shirt Waists.

Children's Cloaks.

Saturday we offer in broken sizes:
Lot $5.00 Children's Jackets for $1.50,
Lot $7.50 Children's Jackets for $2.50,
Lot $9.00 Children's Jackets for $3.75,
Lot $10.00 Children's Jackets for $4.50.

Ladies' Cloaks.

From last spring. All very desirable styles.
$10.50 to $12.50 Jackets for $4.85,
$12.50 to $17.50 Jackets for $6.85,
$18.50 to $25.00 Jackets for $10.50.

We also offer a very large assortment of

Ladies' New Spring Jackets and Capes,

From $5.00 up.

Boys' Shirt Waists.

100 dozens Boys' Percale Shirt Waists, spring styles, to-morrow at 25 cents.

At 39c and 48c, large assortment of patterns in Madras Cloth and Percale, extra value and cannot be duplicated.

Ladies' Shirt Waists.

To-morrow we offer:
100 dozens Ladies' Shirt Waists, laundered cuffs and collars, choice styles, at $1.00 and $1.25. All sizes.

COTTON.

Local cotton market quiet and steady. Sales, 100 bales.

Manchester cloth and yarn market steadier; general better feeling.

LOCAL QUOTATIONS.

Ordinary	6 3-16	Middling	7 5-16
Good ordinary	6 11-16	Good middling	7 7-16
Low middling	7 1-16	Middling fair	8 1-16

THE MOVEMENT IN ST. LOUIS.

	1893-94.	1892-93.
Net receipts to-day	243	1,307
Net receipts since Sept. 1	158,604	152,827
Net shipments to-day	390	683
Net receipts since Sept. 1	115,935	100,188
Gross receipts to-day	1,045	1,695
Gross receipts since Sept. 1	491,764	394,496
Gross shipments to-day	1,193	1,171
Gross shipments since Sept. 1	449,184	342,257
Stocks on hand	62,580	99,041

NET RECEIPTS, EXPORTS AND STOCKS OF ALL UNITED STATES PORTS.

	This Year.	Last Year.
Receipts for 7 days	72,441	55,674
Receipts since Sept. 1	5,236,772	4,354,298
Exports for 7 days	102,293	71,670
Stocks	824,925	891,292

NEW YORK—Spot cotton dull and easy; middling, 7¾c. Futures closed quiet and steady. Sales 91,500 bales. Reported by Hubbard, Price & Buek.

	Closed To-day.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closed Yesterday.
March	7.42	7.44	7.40	7.48
April	7.45	7.52	7.45	7.53
May	7.53	7.58	7.53	7.60
June	7.60	7.66	7.60	7.67
July	7.66	7.71	7.66	7.73
August	7.71	7.77	7.71	7.77

NEW ORLEANS—Spot cotton quiet; middling, 7 8-16c. Futures at 12:07 p. m. quiet, March, 7.10c; April, 7.13c; May, 7.21c; June 7.29c; July, 7.35c; Aug, 7.40c.

LIVERPOOL—Demand moderate, freely met. American uplands, 4 3-16d. Sales 10,000 bales; receipts 26,990 bales, of which 23,000 were American. Futures closed quiet and steady. March-April, 4.04d sellers; April-May, 4.04d; May-June, 4.06d June-July, 4.08d sellers; July-Aug, 4.12d bid; Aug-Sept, 4.10d; Sept-Oct, 4.11d; Oct.-Nov, 4.12d bid.

Late Markets by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Close—Wheat steady; cash, 57⅝c; May, 59⅝c; July, 61¼@61⅝c. Corn easier; cash, 34⅜c; May, 37½c; July, 39½c. Oats easy; cash, 30¼c; May, 30¾@30⅞c; July, 28¾c. Pork lower; May, $11.40; July, $11.40. Lard lower; May, 6.82½c; July, 6.72½c. Short ribs lower; May 5.92½c; July, 5.92½c. No 2 rye at 45½c. No 2 barley at 51c. Timothy seed firm at $4.15.

CHICAGO, Ill., March 9.—Flaxseed—Receipts, 650 bu; shipments, 4,509 bu.

PEORIA, Ill., March 9.—Corn active and firm; No 2, 36½c; No 3, 35¾c. Oats easier; No 2 white, 32@32¼c; No 3 white, 31@31¼c. Rye firm; No 2, 48c. Whisky firm, high wines basis, $1.15. Receipts—Wheat, 1,200 bu; corn, 27,300 bu; oats, 47,300 bu; rye, 600 bu; barley, 8,400 bu. Shipments—heat, 1,200 bu; corn, 51,350 bu; oats, 102,300 bu; rye, none; barley, none.

TOLEDO, O., March 9.—Wheat—Quiet, easier; No 2 cash and March, 58½c; May, 60⅜c; July, 62c bid. Corn—Easy; No 3 cash, 37c; May, 37½c. Oats—Firm; No 2 cash, 31½c bid; No 2 white, 33c. Rye—Steady; cash, 50c. Cloverseed—Higher, active; prime, cash and March, $5.45; April, $5.40 asked; Oct, $4.75 bid.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 9.—Spring wheat quiet; No 1 hard, 70¼c; No 1 Northern, 70c; winter wheat dull; No 2, 60¼c; No 1 white, 60¼c.

Married in Two and a Half Seconds.

From the Indianapolis Journal.

While the Town Board meeting of West Indianapolis was in session last night Justice of the Peace Allen, who was present, was summoned to perform a marriage ceremony. The contracting parties were John Perry and Miss Mary McGreevy. The ceremony was performed at the residence of the bride, on Bridge street. When Mr. Allen entered the house he was informed that it was desired by both parties that the ceremony be a short one. Mr. Allen promptly tied the knot. Mr. Wynne, who had taken his watch from his pocket to note the time consumed in the ceremony, startled them all by announcing that the world's record had just been broken.

"You have taken only two and one-half seconds in the ceremony."

Another gentleman present affirmed Mr. Wynne's statement.

"THE funniest ever"—"Panjandrum."

CAPT. MCCLELLAN RESIGNS.—Capt. Wm. McClellan, a member of the Smoke Abatement Commission, has resigned. As the work of the commission has practically been accomplished there will be no hurry to fill the vacancy.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Whitaker & Hodgman, bond and stock brokers, 300 North Fourth street, St. Louis, Mo. ST. LOUIS, March 9.

NAME OF STOCK.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
American Tobacco com	75	75⅜	75	75⅜
American Tobacco pfd	94⅛			94½
Atchison	14	14⅛	13⅝	14
B. & O	72½	73¼	72¼	73
Canada Southern	51	51	50¾	51
Ches. & Ohio com	18			18
Canadian Pacific				
Central New Jersey	117½	117½	117½	117½
Chicago & Alton com				
Chicago Gas Trust	65⅛	65⅛	64⅜	65⅛
C., C., C. & St. L	38	39	38	39
Chi., R. I. & Pac	69⅜	69⅜	69⅛	69⅜
Chi., Bur. & Quincy	80¾	80¾	79¾	80¾
Chi., M. & St. P. com	61⅜	62⅛	61⅜	61⅜
Chi., M. & St. P., pfd				
Chi. & N. W. com	105	105⅜	104⅛	105⅛
Colorado Fuel & Iron				
Cotton Oil, com	29			29
Cotton Oil, pfd				
Del., Lack. & W				
Lake Erie & Western, com	15½			15½
Lake Erie & Western, pfd				
Lake Shore	127⅜	127⅜	127⅛	127⅜
Louisville & Nashville	40⅜	40⅜	39⅞	40⅛
Lead, com	30⅜	31⅛	30⅜	31⅛
Lead, pfd	76⅜			76⅜
Michigan Central	98½			98½
Delaware & Hudson				
Edison General	43¼	43⅜	42⅜	43⅛
Erie, common				
Erie, preferred				
Erie, 2ds	85⅛	86	85	85⅜
Hocking Valley				
Illinois Central	117½	117½	117½	117½
Laclede Gas, common	16⅝	17⅛	16⅝	17⅛
Laclede Gas, Preferred	68			68
Laclede Gas Bonds	84½	84½	84½	84½
Missouri Pacific				
Mo., K. & Tex. pfd				
Mobile & Ohio				
Manhattan Elevated	125			125
Manitoba				
Nati. Linseed Oil				
Natl. Cordage, com	16⅛	16⅛	16	16
Nati. Cordage, pfd	32			32
New York & New E	11⅜	12	11⅜	12
New York Central	99⅜	100	99⅜	99⅜
N. Y. C. & St. L. Com				
N. Y. C. & St. L. 1st dfd				
N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pfd				
North America				
Northern Pacific Com	5½			5½
Northern Pacific pfd	18¼			18¼
Ohio Southern				
Ohio & Miss. Com				
Ont. & Western	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
Omaha Common	37⅜	39⅜	37⅜	38
Omaha pfd	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛	113⅛
Pacific Mail	16¾			16¾
Philadelphia & Reading	23½	23⅝	22⅞	22⅝
Pullman Palace Car				
Richmond Terminal	4¼	4⅜	4¼	4⅜
Silver				
Sugar, common	87	90⅜	86⅜	89⅜
Sugar, preferred	97⅛	98	97⅛	98
Texas & Pac. Land Trust	9⅜	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝
Texas & Pacific	8¾	9	8¾	8¾
Union Pacific	18½	18⅝	18	18½
United States Rubber, com	39¼	40	39¼	40
United States Rubber, pfd				
Wabash, St. L. & P				
Wabash

IT FELL FLAT.

Attempt to Imitate the Rotten Row Ride in Washington.

An Aristocratic Dress Parade Spoiled by Democratic Turnouts.

BUTCHER CARTS SANDWICHED BETWEEN LANDAUS AND VICTORIAS.

Mrs. Cleveland Failed to Join the Procession—Only Two Titled Foreign Representatives in the Line of Mottled Equipages—A Farm Wagon and Merry Occupants—How the Onlookers Viewed the English Innovation.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—A picturesque pageant circled the broad driveways of the White House lot yesterday evening but Washington aristocracy, contrary to the plans of fin de siecle promoters of the affair, did not have a monopoly of the attraction. English royalty rides in state on fixed days along the historic Rotten Row, and royalty nods to nobility which ride also, but in a less conspicuous place in the line. It was this custom that certain members of the smart set attempted to inaugurate here. It was arranged, however, for Washington aristocracy only to show itself on wheels on the White House lot, but to the great chagrin of those who managed the exhibition, democracy fell right into the procession and, in fact, made up the greater part of the show. It had been expected that democracy would lean up against the "keep off the grass" signs or against the freshly painted green fences and see the pageant go by; but democracy, in less pretentious equipage, was right in the front. In fact, colored democracy was ahead of the procession.

Great preparations were made for the inauguration of the English custom. The members of the diplomatic corps thought well of the idea and promised to appear, and it was reported that Mrs. Cleveland had given her approval of the affair. But Mrs. Cleveland did not put in an appearance, and aristocracy suffered its first big shock of the day.

ONLY TWO NOBS IN THE PROCESSION.

Then only two of the foreign representatives drove into the arena—the British Ambassador and the Chinese Minister. Lord Pauncefote and his daughters, dressed in the height of fashion rode in a high-backed victoria with two grooms on the box. The Chinese Minister's equipage was scarcely less imposing. Four o'clock was the hour fixed for aristocracy to ride forth, and when the British Ambassador and the Chinese Minister appeared there were smiles of satisfaction on the faces of the aristocrats, who were out in all force. From 4 to 5:30 the sight in the White House lot was full of picturesque and humorous incidents, which were plainly embarrassing to the would-be aristocracy. Not two hundred people stood at the edge of the White House lot and watched the gay throng. Three-fourths of this number were colored nursegirls, who found it convenient to wheel their baby carriages into the shade of the trees, and pickaninnies, who found great sport in tagging onto the vehicles which did not have a groom riding backwards. The balance of the Democracy rode in a variety of buggies and traps of fashions, such as may be seen on Lindel boulevard on any pleasant Sunday afternoon.

Lord Pauncefote and the Chinese Minister made only one or two cries about the roadway, when they discovered that the pageant was not as exclusive a affair as had been expected. Their carriages wheeled out of the line, leaving Washington aristocracy to mingle with the equages of Washington Democracy.

SOME OF THE OUTFITS.

One of the most dashing outfits was that driven by a well-known colored barber, who sat by his side a young colored girl, who was decked out in an outfit so loud that it could have been heard in Alexandria. Mixed up with half a dozen victorias was a well-known Fourteenth street butcher, who had his meat wagon carefully washed for the parade. The boy sat in the rear with his feet dangling over the end gate. The butcher had a bunch of violets in his button-hole, but wore no gloves. Behind this picturesque outfit rode two elegantly dressed society ladies in a handsome victria. Beside the vehicle trotted Baron Vonettler of the German Legation as an outrider.

The Baron's style of riding is that followed in the German cavalry service. He hunches his back in a peculiar way and at regular intervals daylight may be seen between the tails of his short coat and the saddle. Following behind the party was a Studebaker wagon in which were eight colored girls. They flirted with the colored boys on the walk and the colored boys found great sport in pelting them with peanuts. Then came a string of old nag-liners, with their horses trotting at the familiar slow pace. Further down the line came a stylish outfit from one of the city boarding stables. The owner drove a pair of fine gray horses, which are in the market, and he appeared only for advertising purposes. Then came a unique laundry wagon, with a fat colored boy on top of a washtub, while formed the driver's seat. The dashboard of this vehicle was a washboard, and two flatirons appeared in place of lamps. To cap the climax an advertising wagon drove along announcing that Peter Jackson was appearing as "Uncle Tom" at a local theater.

In spite of these handicaps aristocracy set its teeth and continued to circle about the driveways. About 5 o'clock the carriages began to thin out and half an hour later the wagon with the Peter Jackson sign had a clear roadway. The driver was asleep.

This fashionable drive was the first and it will probably be the last.

OUT OF SUGAR.

The Senators and their friends who have "played the sugar market" so successfully for the past three weeks evidently have a tip to let the certificates of the American Sugar Refining Co. severely alone. It is highly significant that everybody here believes that the speculative Senators sold their holdings when Sugar was quoted in the neighborhood of 95. A few speculators sold short to-day, but Havemeyer's advice appears to have been to keep out of the market for the present. The story of Senator Brice's visit to Henry O. Havemeyer at the Arlington Hotel Wednesday night attracted much attention and was generally commented upon by the Senator's colleagues in both houses. Some of the comments were calculated to disturb the peace of mind even of so stolid an individual as the enterprising Senator from Ohio, but he paid little or no attention to what was said and declined to make any statement in his own defense. It did not rise to a question of personal privilege as some of his colleagues in the Senate expected he would do.

It was the general opinion here that the Sugar trust attempted to bear the market and forced down as a "bluff" to convince the public that the Senate sub-committee's concessions were valueless, and that more should be done for the refiners by the full committee.

TACKING COMMISSIONER LOCHREN.

Congressman Elijah A. Morse of Massachusetts has made another attack upon Commissioner of Pensions Lochren, and has since drawn a very sharp retort from that official. In the course of a speech made on the floor Mr. Morse said:

"Now in my remaining time I ask the clerk to read the letter which I send to the desk, a specimen of hundreds and thousands of letters received by members of Congress, which illustrates the love of the present Commissioner of Pensions for his comrades."

This letter was signed "Veteran" and dated Catskill, N. Y., March 8, 1894, and is as follows:

William H. Losee enlisted as a private, Co. E, 1st Minnesota Volunteers, May 19, 1861—same regiment and company as Commissioner Lochren. He was with his regiment every day, until wounded at the famous charge at Gettysburg. He received a gunshot wound in the body. There was a distance of eleven inches between where the ball entered and where it came out. After getting out of the hospital he served until the expiration of his term of service, May 23, 1864. He now receives a pension of $2 per month. He used to be in camp with Lochren and knew him well. Lochren writes him that he cannot get him any more pension. Talk about Lochren's friendship for his comrades! He won't even help a tent mate. Benedict Arnold rendered services to his country, and he was brave; but he was a traitor, just the same. All this can be verified by the records at the Pension office, so I won't sign my name, for I am a pensioner and they would stop it, maybe, if they knew me.

VETERAN.

To this attack Mr. Morse Commissioner Lochren has made the following reply:

"This letter was doubtless written to Mr. Morse by Losee himself, as there appears in the records of the case a letter from William H. Losee, date Catskill, N. Y., May 10, 1893, addressed to William Lochren, Commissioner of Pensions, in which Mr. Losee states that he was in the same company with Commissioner Lochren and wounded in the charge on the second day at Gettysburg, and that he is receiving a pension of $2 per month for gunshot wound in chest, left side. He makes no application in this letter for an increase of pension, nor is any application on file for an increase of pension; so it would have been impossible for the Commissioner to have increased the pension of Mr. Losee, even had he desired to do so. The records of this case show that Losee is pensioned, as stated by him, at the rate of $2 per month for gunshot wound in left side of chest. The record also shows that on May 26, 1891, he applied for additional pension under the act of June 27, 1890, and this application was rejected on July 23, 1892, by Gen. Raum on the ground that there was 'no ratable disability shown in a degree ratable under the act of June 27, 1890.' Mr. Losee also had a straight application for increase pending, which was filed July 22, 1889, and rejected by Gen. Raum on July 23, 1892, on the ground that he was entitled to no increase.'"

NO INCREASE APPLIED FOR.

It will be seen that no application has been filed by this soldier for increase of pension, either under the act of June 27, 1890, or the general law, since Mr. Lochren became Commissioner of Pensions. The medical examinations under the application for increase filed July 22, 1889, and April 5, 1890; and also on his application for pension under the act of June 27, 1890, filed May 26, 1891, and which medical examination was made by the medical board at Catskill, N. Y., Dec. 23, 1891, which board consisted of Drs. Cook, Swift and Tracey, shows that at that time the soldier, Wm. H. Losee, was 56 years of age, that his pulse rate was 80, his respiration 100, temperature 99, height 5 feet 7½ inches, weight 181 pounds. The board also reports: Figure well nourished, muscles firm, tongue slightly coated, chest 38 at rest, 39 full respiration, 36¼ deep expiration, heart normal, lungs normal, liver and spleen dullness normal, slight crepitus in right shoulder and in both knees. No tenderness, enlargement or limitation of motion. One and a half inches to the right of and three inches below left nipple on a level with eighth rib, is a scar one-quarter inch, not tender, adherent or dragging. Bullet passed around ribs and came out in auxiliary line on level with ninth rib. No tenderness to pressure, no atrophy, no evidence of neuralgia or sciatica. No tenderness or stiffness of back. Urine normal. Except as above, no disability."

The board rated the soldier at $2 per month for gunshot wound on left chest and $2 for rheumatism. Under this examination Gen. Raum was perfectly justified in rejecting claimant's application for additional pension under the act of June 27, 1890, for rheumatism shown; and also was he justified for the rejection of the straight increase, for the reason that the board report that he is only entitled to $2 per month for this disability, which he is already receiving; and that, in fact, the gunshot wound produced little, if any, disability.

The above is one of sample cases quoted by Mr. Morse in his speech, and it is on a par with the general run of cases recklessly quoted by partisans on the floor of Congress, and in the partisan newspaper press of the country.

DECREASE IN CLAIMS.

The decrease in the number of claims received daily at the Pension Bureau is shown in a statement prepared at the department. The number of pensioners on the rolls is now approximately 966,000 against 952,000 for the corresponding week of last year. The number has, however, steadily diminished since Sept. 1. The number of cases now pending the action of the examiners is 654,169. This is a decrease of over 91,000 in the standing number during the year. The number received during last week is a decrease of 3,443 from the number received in the corresponding week last year. There is also a decrease of 281 in the number of cases allowed during the week and an increase in the cases rejected. The claims now pending are divided by classes as follows: Old war, 8,557; Indian wars, 2,777; service since March 4, 1861, 203,495; act of June 27, 1890, 126,721; additional to prior applications on file under former acts, 108,427; increase, 203,629; increase and accrued widows and army nurses, 5,387; total, 654,169.

The periodical rumor of extensive dismissals to be made in the Pensions Office is again going the rounds of the bureau. It is reported that 500 employes will be removed on or before the beginning of the next fiscal year. The story is denied at the Pension Office. First Deputy Commissioner Murphy said today that no general changes in the personnel are contemplated.

OF INTERNATIONAL CONCERN.

Agitation to Save the De Grave Brothers, Sentenced for Piracy.

BRUSSELS, March 9.—The agitation to save the lives of the brothers Joseph and Alexander Rorique, under sentence of death in France for mutiny, piracy and murder on the Haytian schooner Minerahati in June, 1892, has become a matter of international concern.

Shortly after their condemnation in Brest last December it was learned that the men were Belgians and that their proper name was De Grave, not Rorique. Friends at once began an agitation looking to governmental interference and have induced the Government to appeal to France to have the trial reheard in Belgium. If this can be brought about it will at least save the lives of the prisoners, as capital punishment in Belgium has been abolished.

A FAIR EXCHANGE.

Novel Matinee Arrangement Made Between Sousa and De Wolf Hopper.

An amusing exchange of friendly courtesies is being arranged between Band Leader Sousa and "Panjandrum" De Wolf Hopper, which is now likely to result in those two visiting each other to-morrow afternoon and taking part in one another's entertainments in the most social and "chummy" way possible. The last time the two met was at Manhattan Beach last summer when De Wolf Hopper sang a song at one of the Sousa concerts. The fact of their being about to meet in St. Louis was taken advantage of by Sousa's local manager to invite De Wolf Hopper to repeat his Manhattan Beach effort in St. Louis. To this invitation Mr. Hopper's manager has replied that his star will be glad to do so if Mr. Sousa will respond by bringing his band to the Grand Opera-house for the Saturday matinee performance and playing the "Washington Post" march on the stage of the Grand. Mr. Sousa has been telegraphed to in regard to the matter and to-day replies that he will gladly do as suggested. To-morrow afternoon, therefore, De Wolf Hopper will hurry from the Grand Opera-house to the Exposition to sing his song at the Sousa concert in full "Panjandrum" costume, and then Sousa will hasten from the Exposition to the Grand in time to play the "Washington Post" march on the stage before the matinee performance is ended. The experiment will be an interesting one.

Not Issued by Hodnett.

Deputy Jailer William Hodnett, referring to the published statement that the Humanity Club is deeply disappointed at an edict purporting to have been issued by him regarding female prisoners confined in the City Jail, says: "I desire to state for the information of the Humanity Club that I issued no order or edict, for the good and sufficient reason that no power or authority is vested in me to do so while the Jailer is present and attending to his duties. Should the Jailer be absent from the city or be sick or otherwise incapacitated from attending to his duties, I would then become the de facto Jailer and could then, and then only, issue orders. Any statement made that I have issued any such order is false and should be credited to either the ignorance or malice of the party making it."

JOLLITT reigns supreme. Hopper and "Panjandrum."

Latest Spring Styles.

Men's Shoes Exclusively.

BROLASKI,

205 N. Broadway.

SEE OUR NEW $3, $4 and $5 SHOES.

The Largest assortment in the City to Select From.

TO RESUME WORK.

Preparations to Continue Lake Excavation To-Morrow.

LABORERS NOTIFIED TO REPORT AT FOREST PARK.

Ditching and Draining the Lake Cut Will Facilitate Operations for the Future—Work Will Be Pushed Vigorously and the Full Force of Laborers Employed.

Work on the Forest Park Lake will be resumed to-morrow morning, the ground being now in condition to make this possible without necessitating undue exposure in wet and mud.

Laborers have been notified to this effect, and it is hoped now that the excavating of the lake will go steadily forward without halt. The full force of workmen possible will be put on at the earliest moment practicable, and the work kept up to its biggest scope.

The draining and ditching of the lower places of the lake cut, done during the last few days, will facilitate the work for the future. It is expected that there will be no further stoppage or delay from this week on.

REALIZED $36.50.

The "N. K." Club's Fund Benefit Was an Enjoyable Affair.

The progressive euchre party given for the benefit of the Lake Employment Fund by the members of the "N. K. Club," at the residence of Mrs. M. F. Lucas, 1737 Missouri avenue, last Tuesday evening, realized the sum of $36.50, which was forwarded to the POST-DISPATCH yesterday. The entertainment was a very successful and pleasant affair. There were seventy-two players, seventy-three tickets having been sold, and all were ladies, no gentlemen being included in the scope of this fund benefit. Twelve prizes were given and a delightful time was enjoyed by all attending. In addition to donations from members of the club, there were the following prizes donated, for which the ladies desire to return thanks: Half-dozen silver spoons from Jordan & Co., silk umbrella from Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Co., cut-glass bottle violet extract from O. P. Meysenburg Imperial Perfume Co., silver souvenir spoon from S. P. Givens, with Merrick, Walsh & Phelps; bottle of extract, from A. Moffitt, with Moffitt-West Drug Co.; bottle of violet extract from M. F. Lucas, with Meyer Bros. Drug Co.

The ladies also tender thanks to Messrs. Mueller Bros., 910 South Fourth street, for donating seventy-two chairs and eighteen tables for use during the game.

The officers and members of the "N. K. Club" are as follows: Mrs. G. P. Buckley, President; Mrs. M. F. Lucas, Secretary; Mrs. Heckenstein, Treasurer; Mmes. Geo. G. Foster, J. R. Bauer, J. Stansbury, W. W. Wright, Barnhberg and F. M. Nowlin.

The "N. K. Club," in addition to its pleasant features as a social organization, seems to have come into existence also for the purpose of disproving altogether the old adage that women cannot keep a secret. The ladies who compose this club have kept as an inviolate secret the meaning of the mystic initials which give the club its name. Repeated efforts have been made by outsiders to solve this mystery, especially during the past few weeks, while the club's benefit was being arranged, but all to no purpose, and the ladies of the "N. K. Club" wish to give notice now, that with the exception of the club membership, no living soul will ever know what the letters, "N. K.," stand for, unless there may be some dreadful penalty attached to a betrayal of this club secret, but if so it has not been made public.

Germania Council's Entertainment.

The following letter from Mrs. Lizzie A. Turner, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements of the Fund benefit given by Germania Lodge, No. 1,254, A. L. of H., was received to-day:

GRAND COUNCIL OF MISSOURI,
AMERICAN LEGION OF HONOR,
JOSEPH N. JUDGE, Grand Commander;
JOHN A. SLOAN, Grand Secretary;
66 NORTH THIRD STREET.
ST. LOUIS, March 8, 1894.

Editor Post-Dispatch:

Inclosed find $14, the result of Germania, 1,254, A. L. of H., basket social Tuesday evening, March 6. We thank those friends who so nobly responded and also thank the POST-DISPATCH for the interest it has shown toward Germania Council.

LIZZIE A. TURNER, Chairman.

EMPLOYES MERCHANTS' BRIDGE.

The employes of the Merchants' Bridge Terminal local office at Carr and North Market streets yards subscribe the amount set opposite their names as follows:

J. M. Allison, agent	$1 00	Cash	$ 25
Cash	25	Cash	25
Cash	25	M. Cummins	50
Cash	25	S. Shockey	25
Cash	25		
Cash	25	Total	$3 50

For the Fund Benefit.

On the evening of April 6 Garratt Council, No. 1071, American Legion of Honor, will give a pound party for the benefit of the Lake Employment Fund. Recorder of Deeds "Billy" Hobbs will be the auctioneer for the occasion, and a hop will follow the sale of the pounds. The office of Garratt Council is at 622 South Broadway.

"Aunt Tabitha's Perplexities."

The performance of "Aunt Tabitha's Perplexities" by children who have been trained by Miss May Leighton, which was to have been given at 5098 Washington avenue last Saturday, will take place next Saturday afternoon. Admission 10 cents each. Tickets may be had at the door. The proceeds of the entertainment are to be donated to the Lake Employment Fund.

FUND CALENDAR.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 9—Hop, under the patronage of the Junior Assembly Club, at John Mahler's Hall, 3204 Lucas avenue.

SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 10—Grand athletic entertainment arranged by the Pastime Athletic Club.—Indoor athletic games, Armory Hall, Seventeenth and Pine streets. Tickets on sale at Meacham Arms Co., 806 North Fourth street; D. L. Parrish, 702 Olive; Rawlings Bros., 817 Pine; POST-DISPATCH office and Pastime Athletic Club-house.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 10, 2 o'clock—Children's performance of "Aunt Tabitha's Perplexities" at the residence of Mrs. Chas. W. McFarland, 5098 Washington avenue. Admission, 10 cents.

FRIDAY EVENING, APRIL 6—Pound party and hop by Garratt Council, No. 1,071, A. L. of H.

Earth and Timber for Sale.

The Lake Employment Fund Committee has for sale on the grounds at Forest Park from 60,000 to 80,000 cubic yards of earth and about 1,000 cords of timber. The latter is of especial value to lumber dealers, there being some excellent white oak roots in the lot which would be available for veneering, and also good red and black oak. All communications relative to the purchase of earth or timber should be made to the Fund Committee, care of the POST-DISPATCH.

GOV. STONE'S CALL ON TAYLOR

The Condemned Murderer Tells of the Interview With the Chief Executive.

The recent interview which Gov. Stone held with Wm. H. Taylor, the condemned murderer in the City Jail, has given rise to many rumors of a reversal of the sentence on the ground that the conviction was obtained upon perjured testimony. It was known that Taylor, like many other convicted prisoners, claimed that the evidence presented against him at the trial was a tissue of lies, but in some way or other a story got afloat that he had a dark secret "up his sleeve," which proved that false witnesses against him had been presented.

It was for the purpose of finding out just what Gov. Stone had been told by Taylor that a reporter visited the prisoner in the jail this morning. Talyor talked freely upon the subject, and professed to be ignorant of the manner in which the rumors had started.

"It is a fact," he said, "that I have been convicted by perjury, but I have nothing more than my own word and one or two mistakes made by those who swore falsely while giving evidence, to prove what I say. I claim that my sister-in-law and my little boy did not tell the truth on the witness stand."

"How did Gov. Stone come to visit you in prison?" he was asked.

"He did not come specially to visit me, but I think was making a sort of tour of inspection of the prison," was the reply. "Chief Harrigan was with him, and I believe spoke to him about my case. Any way he first called me up to talk to him, and I then told him of the false testimony given against me. Before he went away he had a second talk with me."

"Of what does the perjury you complain of consist?"

"My little boy, Clyde Taylor, and my sister-in-law, Ida Anderson, swore to seeing the shooting, which was a lie. I claimed that Tobe Carlisle shot at me first, and that I killed him in self-defense. They denied this. My wife and her sister are very bitter against me, and must have put up my little son to swear falsely. They were the only witnesses against me."

Taylor also gave the Governor a full version of the shooting which resulted in the death of Tobe Carlisle, and consented to repeat the same story to the reporter.

On the day of the murder he said he went to his home at Fifteenth and Gratiot streets, at a time he was not expected. His little boy was playing in the yard, his sister-in-law sitting at the head of the steps keeping watch and his wife, he claims, was in the bed-room with Carlisle. As he approached, he alleges, his sister-in-law called out, "Here's Will," and endeavored to push him down the steps. He got past her and pushed the door of her bedroom open sufficiently to see his wife inside in scant attire. He waited upon the steps, he says, until his wife and Tobe Carlisle appeared, the latter with a pistol in his hand and his wife following carrying his overcoat. He and his wife and Carlisle had a quarrel, during which, he alleges, his wife struck him and Carlisle fired a shot at him. Then, he says, he drew his revolver and commenced to shoot back, killing the man.

"My little boy was in the yard playing, and my sister-in-law ran away as soon as I drew my pistol," he continued, "yet both swore they saw me do the shooting. They also said that Carlisle's pistol was not loaded."

"What did the Governor say when you told your story?"

"He made me no promises, but he appeared much interested. He told me to put it in writing and he would have Chief Harrigan investigate it thoroughly."

Taylor's story does not differ materially from that told by him in his own defense upon the stand. He has no new facts to adduce and his plea of self-defense was passed on by the jury, who found him guilty. He tells his story in a straightforward manner and says he feels confident that his son, who was only 9 years old when he testified, would tell the truth and an entirely different story if he was taken from under the influence of his wife and sister-in-law.

GARMENT WORKERS' TROUBLES.

Master Workman Wright Here to Try to Effect a Settlement.

James A. Wright, National President or Grand Master Workman of the Garment Workers of America, as he is known, arrived here last night. He came at the invitation of the local assemblies of garment workers in this city to settle, if possible, a number of difficulties between garment makers and their employes. Some of these matters were laid before T. B. McGuire, the National Assembly of Garment Makers being No. 231 of the Knights of Labor. The subjects were unfamiliar to Mr. McGuire, and he accomplished little in these branches. Mr. Wright's home is in Philadelphia. He came here from Milwaukee, being on his annual tour of supervision.

The most stubborn of all these difficulties is that between Bry & Singer and their old employes. There was a disagreement last August. The men alleged that the firm violated the agreement and then, pending a settlement or negotiation for settlement, locked out their old employes. A boycott was ordered. Recently Mr. McGuire called on the firm, who claimed that they in nowise blacklisted union men. However, it is said that they employ non-union labor. Mr. Wright will see what can be done. About sixty employes are on the pay-roll of Bry & Singer.

The Winters Clothing Co. trouble is of more recent date. Contractor Jake Feinstein has got in a tangle with the locals over personal matters.

"It is a question of principle, not of wages," explained Mr. Wright. "I shall call to-day and see if they cannot come to some agreement between them. To-night there will be an executive meeting of all the garment workers' assemblies, and I shall then report the result of my consultations. The knee-pants makers held their regular meeting last night, after which came a preliminary executive meeting of the officers. I shall be here part of next week at any event. There are some other minor quarrels among the cutters and others."

PITTSBURGH CRUSHED COKE,

For stove, grate or furnace, saves 30 per cent. DEVOT & FAUERBORN COAL & COKE CO., 704 Pine street.

FIRE BRICK PETARD

Detectives Chop Open An Infernal Machine.

STRANGE FIND MADE BY THE POLICE IN SASSE BROTHERS' HOUSE.

The Queer Instrument of Death Was Filled With Gunpowder—It is of a Pattern Never Before Seen by the Police—The De Soto Post-Office Robbery Case—Police News.

Detectives Badger and Flynn made a peculiar discovery while searching the residence two days ago of Herman and Otto Sasse, the brothers who with Jim French, the alleged firebug, are now in custody charged with looting the post-office at De Soto, Mo. The two officers, aided by Inspector Paul Williams of the United States Government service, had gone through the upper part of the house and had found a lot of stamps and other little things connected with the robbery at De Soto, and went into the cellar to continue their investigation. Detective Badger picked up two fire-bricks, which had been cemented together and, thinking these out of place in such a house, threw them forcibly against the rock foundation to try and break them. The bricks did not break, so the officer picked it up and examined it closely. He found a small hole drilled through the layer of cement, between the two bricks. Getting still more curious to know why these two bricks were cemented and left in this particular cellar, a hatchet was found and Detective Badger proceeded to chop through the layer of cement while his assistants, Detective Flynn and Inspector Williams looked on. It required several solid blows to separate the bricks, and when this was finally accomplished the officers were surprised and badly frightened at what they had been so roughly handling.

The two fire bricks were nothing more than an infernal machine ready to be fused and touched off. The flat sides of the bricks had been partially hollowed or chiseled out until quite a large sized pocket was formed. The bricks were then cemented together and through the cement a hole was bored. This hole led into the pocket and through it a quantity of ordinary gun-powder sufficient to fill the inner pocket was poured. The powder could be reached by inserting the fuse in this hole, yet there was no fuse attached when the officers found the odd "machine."

It was such an instrument, however, that Detective Badger innocently and forcibly opened, and a mere spark of fire from the heel of the hatchet would have ignited the "pent-up" powder, and probably have blown the house and the three officers off the earth.

It is not known how this dangerous article got into the cellar of the Sasse's, where Jim French is quite popular, and the officers are not satisfied as yet as to whether it was a trap set for some person in the building or not. They have been quite profuse, however, in extending thanks to the protecting Providence, who watched over them during the destruction of the improvised bomb. A record of the character of the "fire-brick petard" is being kept by the officers, with an idea that some day it may be valuable in connection with some mysterious case of incendiarism.

Claim He Is a Swindler.

A man giving the name of Thomas Cooper, and claiming to be the agent of a piano company of which the Union Trust Co. is administrator, has, it is said, victimized Mrs. Wm. Islow of 4012 Papin street, Richard Cole of 3719 Rutger street, and Catherine Wilson of 3727 Rutger street out of $2 each on the promise of sending them a piano in the course of a few days. The solicitor is 50 years old, wears a gray suit, has gray hair and whiskers and two fingers—first and second—off his right hand.

Stolen Coffee Found.

A sack of coffee valued at $17.50 was stolen from one of the delivery wagons of William Schotten & Co. of 111 South Second street, while the wagon was in the alley in the rear of a store at 113 South Second street yesterday. The coffee was found in a cellar at 211 Spruce street. George Raymond, who lives where the coffee was found, and Edward Lebland, alias Snyders, who lives at 218 South Third street, are supposed to have taken the coffee.

Ulmer Taken to Prison.

Louis Ulmer, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for life a few days ago for the murder of Mrs. Catherine Ellmann of 1430 North Twelfth street on July 6, 1892, was taken to Jefferson City to-day, together with James Morgan and Samuel Milburn, who go up for two years each, Morgan for obtaining money under false pretenses and Milburn for burglary and larceny.

Burglary and Larceny.

A warrant was issued to-day against John Almus charging him with burglary and larceny. Almus was arrested some days ago. He is charged with having burglarized the residence of S. R. Jackson at Sutton, Mo., on Jan. 19, and stealing hosiery, underware and shirts, valued at $45. A portion of the stolen property was found on Almus when arrested.

Claims She Robbed Him.

Louis Weaver of 309 South Second street swore out a warrant against Florence Burleigh of 628 Clark avenue charging her with stealing $24 from him about 6 o'clock this morning while in her company.

Winsby Defy to Niest.

There appears to be some question as to whether the four-round bout between Jack Winsby and Al J. Niest, which is advertised to take place at the Armory next Wednesday night, will come off. Winsby is out with a card claiming that two postponements have already been made to suit Niest and issuing a public challenge to Niest to meet him as per agreement. Winsby will weigh 130 pounds.

BOYS' DAY AT THE FAIR

Our stock of

CONFIRMATION SUITS

Is now replete and ready for your inspection. We carry every known fabric in

SINGLE AND DOUBLE-BREASTED SUITS,

fitting boys up to the age of 19 years, and start the prices on these Suits at $3.50 and range up to $15.00. Give us a call. We can suit and save you money.

THE FAIR S. W. Co. 7th and Franklin Av.

10 PACKAGES FLOWR SEEDS FOR 25C.

6 packages vegetable seed 25c; 6 packages Sweet Peas, 25c; 5 packages finest Pansie 25c.

Young's Lawn Grass Seed makes the most beautiful lawns, 25c per quart package, 5 packages for $1.00. Ornamental trees, small fruits, flowering shrubs and hardy roses should all be set out now. We will furnish first-class stock and do the planting. Send for our large new illustrated catalogue of Rose Plants, Bulbs, Trees, Shrubs, Vines, Flower and Vegetable Seeds; postage, 6c.

C. YOUNG & SONS CO., 1406 Olive St.

FIRE SALE.

We have bought the entire stock of Ladies' Shoes of the Desnoyers Shoe Co. damaged by the Udell Woodenware Co. fire. These goods were only slightly damaged by water, but we bought them at 50c on the dollar. Sale will begin Monday, March 12.

G. H. Boehmer,

613 and 615 OLIVE St., Next to Barr's.

GENERAL DISSATISFACTION.

Venice Water Supply Ordinance—Railroaded Through the Board.

VENICE, Ill., March 9.—The ordinance granting to the Granite City & Madison Water Co. a franchise for supply of water to the village of Venice has been approved by the President of the board and accepted by the water company. There is general dissatisfaction over the terms of the ordinance, which was railroaded through the board in fifteen minutes and without deliberation.

To-day is the last day for filing suits in the Madison County Circuit Court for the March term, which will begin on the 19th inst.

The Village Board of Madison failed to meet on its last regular meeting night, owing to a difference of opinion among members in regard to the waterworks franchise.

Venice Lodge, No. 719, I. O. O. F., elected officers at their meeting last Monday night. Wm. Miles was chosen Noble Grand; E. M. Smith, V. G., and Wm. Walker, Secretary.

The Republicans issued a call for a primary to be held at the Town Hall on the evening of March 17 to nominate a township ticket.

J. A. Brammell, the present incumbent, and T. P. McFee will be candidates for President of the Village Board at the April election.

DENVER'S POLICE BOARD FIGHT.

A Temporary Armistice Pending Settlement of the Injunction Proceedings.

DENVER, Colo., March 9.—The battle between the old Fire and Police Board and the new members appointed by Gov. Waite, which was expected to-day, has been postponed until after the temporary injunction granted last night restraining Messrs. Martin and Orr from interfering with the old board has been disposed of by the court, which will be within the next ten days.

The only inconvenience the city will experience during this time will be in having two fire and police boards and two chiefs of police. The de facto board will be composed of the dismissed members, Jackson Orr, D. J. Martin and A. J. Rogers, with A. W. Kellogg as Chief of Police. The de jure board will be Dennis Mullens and S. D. Barnes, the new appointees, and A. J. Rogers, with John F. Farley as Chief of Police.

It is believed the majority of the policemen favor the old board. Should this prove true, every one of these, including lieutenants, sergeants and patrolmen, will be discharged by the new board as soon as it is in a position to do so. The next step will be the closing of every gambling-house within the city limits.

Church Extension Society Discussion.

At last night's meeting of the Church Extension Society of the M. E. Church South, at St. John's Twenty-ninth and Locust streets, the proceedings were marked by some warmth, due to a discussion of the proposition to assume the church debt. A resolution was introduced and finally carried which committed the Church Extension Society to assist in the erection of a house of worship for the Taylor Avenue M. E. Church South.

ONLY matinee Saturday. "Panjandrum" at the Grand.

CHARGED WITH LARCENY.

The Escapade of Mrs. Eugene Gartland and S. T. Brown.

TOLEDO, O., March 9.—Last evening a woman in silk and sealskin attire and somewhat excited by liquor called at the police station and demanded the arrest of S. T. Brown, an insurance agent of Cincinnati, who frequently comes here on business, on the charge of larceny of her purse, containing about $50, and her gold watch and trunk.

Brown was brought in, also in liquor, and charged the woman with the theft of his $380 diamond, a family heirloom. Both were locked up over night. The woman is Mrs. Eugene Gartland of Newark, N. J.

The two met on a train, got acquainted and she accompanied him to Toronto, they registering as man and wife. They got into a quarrel in their room over the diamond and were requested to leave. They then went to a shady resort, got to drinking and resumed the quarrel.

Mrs. Gartland said she took the diamond with Brown's knowledge and consent. Brown got possession of her property as a means of forcing restitution. To-day, being sober, the woman produced the diamond from its hiding place in her hat, and both were released.

ROUGH ON RATS.

Suicide of a Colored Girl Because of a Reprimand.

FAYETTE, Mo., March 9.—Lissa Kinsey, a 12-year-old colored girl living at the home of J. D. Chorn, near Fayette, took a dose of rough on rats and died last night. She had been reprimanded for stealing clothes from her employer.

Good as U. S. Bonds.

Parents will do well to call on the Globe, northwest corner Franklin avenue and Seventh street, for boys' suits, from 85c to $7.50. Finest Baltimore tailor-made garments $10 to $15.

Postmasters Appointed.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—C. W. Harrington was to-day appointed Postmaster at Knobview, Crawford Co., Mo., vice A. A. Beesley, resigned.

The following were appointed in Illinois: Bushton, Coles County, J. M. Centers, vice T. J. Stiles, removed; Enion, Fulton County, J. B. Cole, vice L. P. Wright, resigned; Halliday, Fayette County, A. J. F. Larimore, vice Thomas Halliday, dead; Todd's Point, Shelby County, Joseph Pierce, Sr., vice T. F. Cushing, removed.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria,
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,
PUBLISHED BY
PULITZER PUBLISHING CO,
JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

TERMS.

Daily, from Newsboys.....2 Cents
Sunday, from Newsboys.....5 Cents
One year, postage paid, every afternoon and Sunday morning.....$8 00
Six months.....4 00
Three months.....2 00
One month.....70
By the week (delivered by carrier).....15
By the month (delivered by carrier).....65
Sunday only, by mail, per year.....2 00

Subscribers who fail to receive their papers regularly will oblige for a favor upon us by reporting the same to the office by postal card.

All business or news letters or telegrams should be addressed
POST-DISPATCH,
513 Olive st.

POSTAGE.

Entered in the Post-office, St. Louis, Mo., as Second-class mail

DOMESTIC. Per Copy.
Eight to sixteen pages.....1 Cent
Eighteen to thirty-two pages.....2 Cents

FOREIGN.
Daily (8 Pages).....1 Cent
or (10 to 24 pages).....2 Cents
Sunday (16 to 24 pages).....3 Cents
(26 to 32 pages).....4 Cents

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Editorial Rooms.....4085
Business Office.....4084

New York Bureau, Room 86, Pulitzer Building, Max H. Fischer, Mgr.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9, 1894.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Panjandrum."
OLYMPIC—Lilliputians.
THE HAGAN—"After the Ball."
POPE'S—"Spider and Fly."
HAVLIN'S—"The World Against Her."
STANDARD—Gus Hill's Novelties.

MATINEE SATURDAY.
GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Panjandrum."
OLYMPIC—Lilliputians.
THE HAGAN—"After the Ball."
POPE'S—"Spider and Fly."
HAVLIN'S—"The World Against Her."

It takes some sand for a Senator to stand up and explain his ventures in sugar.

ARE the majority of Senators afraid to stir up the Senate's pool of corruption?

WHEN even Populists Peffer and Allen are captured by the sugar interest there is no dependence to be placed in whiskers.

THE Western detestation of David Bennett Hill in 1892 was a similarly mild emotion compared with what it has grown to in 1894.

THE Republicans who proposed to use the seigniorage bill to block a tariff bill for a few months are "hoist with their own petard?

SENATOR WHITE'S resignation did not come in until the sugar schedule was fixed. Is there anything but oddity about this coincidence?

"SALTED guts disappear from the free list," says a Washington dispatch. Thank you, dear, our intestinal infant industries Ferguson, Mess. Clella do not perish.

MR. H. CLARKE, who wildly speculated in Sugar, has fled from New York, but no United States Senator has disappeared from Washington.

THE revenue bill as reported by the sub-committee proves conclusively that the demand made by protected interests for hearings was granted.

ALTHOUGH coal, iron and sugar have been removed from the free list, diamonds have been added to it. The servants of plutocracy serve their master well.

THE turn of a penny started Senator Brice in politics on the Democratic side and he has been turning pennies in it ever since. One good turn deserves another.

THE wicked broker is just as useful as the wicked partner to the Truly Good Statesman. Either will serve, but he cannot well get along without one or the other.

SENATOR BRICE, it is said, will oppose the tariff bill because of the income tax. He does not want to pay any tax on that $1,000,000 he is reported to have made in sugar.

IF the President went all the way to Louisiana to put a protectionist and bounty-grabber on the bench when he might have found a good Republican nearer by, it was a great executive blunder.

SPEAKING of logical Republican candidates for '98, what is the matter with Hill and Brice? McKinley, Reed and Harrison have become somewhat tiresome and neither has accomplished anything for the robber barons this year.

"THE great mass of the Democrats of Missouri are for free coinage, and also believe that Mr. Cleveland is an able and devoted public officer," remarks the local cuckoo organ. In the philosophy of cuckooism no straddle is impossible.

LORD ROSEBERY wants an elective Senate, representing popular not class interests, in place of the present House of Lords. We ought not to let Great Britain get ahead of us in this reform. An elective Senate in this country is needed as much as in England.

WITH eleven States in St. Louis this week buying shoes, "the invincible tread of advancing millions" will soon be distinctly audible, and the shoe manufacturers and jobbers will presently be in a position to "incrust the lateral branches of their family trees" with an abundance of shekels.

THE Western Union Co. will have to put its wires under ground when ordered to do by the city, and in whatever conduit may be prescribed by the same authority. Meanwhile, the legal warrant for the exercise of such authority should be procured. The impudence of the wire companies has passed the limits of decency and should not be tolerated.

ALTHOUGH the citizens of St. Louis were deceived and disappointed in the building of the Merchants' bridge, they are not therefore opposed to the building of more bridges. Every new bridge is a chance for relief from monopoly, and at least renders the maintenance of monopoly more difficult. In opposing the grant of a charter for a third bridge across the Mississippi, therefore, Congressman Cobb does not represent the people of St. Louis, but two corporations now practically consolidated into one big monopoly.

POPULAR DERELICTION.

In yesterday's "Forum" a correspondent takes the POST-DISPATCH to task for opposing the folly of Editor Stead's statement that "the people here have less power than in Russia." Replying to our suggestion that perhaps Mr. Stead can tell us where the power resides if not in the people, he writes:

If then you would know where the power of this country resides you can find it almost universally recognized, but hardly whispered above the breath of the people, primarily in the saloon or "The Gin-Mill Oligarchy." It may be secondarily found in the hands of "unscrupulous wealth," which finds the primary power ready to prostitute itself, for a bribe. This is the du-umvirate which has dominated Legislatures, dictated to executive officers, and even prescribed rules for our courts, and has made popular Government a farce.

Our correspondent is as loose a reasoner as Editor Stead. His assertion that the saloons and the money power run the Government upsets his defense of Stead's statement and is an affirmation of all that we said with reference to the power of the people. It is the power residing in the people, but which they fail to exercise, that renders the saloon and "unscrupulous wealth" so powerful in American politics. They and all other special interests in politics which abuse power for their own benefit, do so only by the consent of the people.

Political power never lies around unused. Somebody will utilize it. The fact that vicious elements predominate in the government of a free people is no evidence that there is any lack of power in the people, but merely that bad men are exercising the power which resides in the whole people. When good men keep out of politics bad men run the parties. When good men stay away from the polls bad men carry elections, occupy the offices and make the laws.

All the wrongs that may exist in the Government are due to the failure of the people to exercise their power to set things right and keep things right. As long as good men think politics too filthy for their hands it will remain filthy. As long as good men think government unworthy of their attention the Government will be bad. As long as respectable men like our correspondent only rail against the money-power, the boss-power and the whisky-power in politics and don't vote against them they will be all-powerful in the Government. But they ought not to blame our institutions for their own shortcomings.

Two hundred Newsboys on the down-town streets are selling the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents. Our patrons are requested to notify us of any attempt on part of newsboys to force them to pay more than 2 cents for the Post-Dispatch or to force them to buy with other papers "three for a nickel." Give time and location of newsboy refusing to sell the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents "straight." All persons who handle the Post-Dispatch on the streets do so under the agreement that it will be sold for 2 cents, if desired, ndependent of any combination.

M'KINLEYIZED.

The Wilson bill is McKinleyized. Iron and lead ores, coal, sugar and wool are taken from the free list and a duty put upon them at the dictation of the lobby. Instead of tariff reform we are to have only a mildly expurgated form of high protection. Platform pledges have been ignored and the distinction between the two parties on the main question is apparently without a difference.

This lame and impotent conclusion is due to the machinations of the Democratic "Conservatives," to the "retained" Senators and to those Senators who are using the privileges of the trust committed to them by the people to feather their own nests. Gorman, Brice, Murphy, Hill, Caffery and White have cast in their lot with the plutocracy, abandoned Democratic principles, and propose to yield nothing to the public which costs them a penny or diminishes in the smallest degree the illegitimate profits of the interests they represent.

It is true the duties are much lower on manufactured articles than those in the McKinley law, but as those were in the most important particulars prohibitive, the reduction in these cases does not satisfy the demand for real reform. Besides, the foundation for real reform, the one superlative merit of the Wilson bill as it came from the House was the free list, which comprised iron and lead ores, coal and wool. In putting these articles on the dutiable list the Senate Committee surrenders the one vital feature of the Democratic policy and gives the lie to campaign promises and protestations.

But there is one saving merit still remaining. The income tax is retained. Unless this is eliminated during the coming debate there will be a substantial gain in the direction of reform which may yet lead to a realization of what has been most ardently desired by the country. There may be a fight upon this Democratic provision by Senators Hill and Brice, and they may succeed in killing it. But unless they are wholly lost to reason and common sense they will not carry their opposition so far as to sacrifice their own political existence to their plutocratic sympathies.

On the whole the bill is a small concession to the popular demand. The duties on many articles have been lowered and it may be that some of the undue advantages enjoyed by the protected interests under the McKinley law have been taken away. But it will not satisfy the country nor will it settle the controversy. On the contrary it will arouse public indignation and stimulate agitation for an even more radical reform than was at first contemplated. The plutocrats have been in this case their own worst enemies.

DEMORALIZED SENTIMENT.

The worst feature of the scandalous situation in Washington is not that some Senators are badly besmirched by reports of speculations and lobby dickers in matters of legislation, but that Senators in general view the situation with so much complacency.

It is not surprising nor is it an evidence of the decadence of public morals that some public men are guilty of dishonorable and corrupt conduct. Rascals will creep into the purest public service despite the most careful watchfulness. It is to be expected that a body like the Senate, whose members are chosen by State Legislatures, will contain a considerable element of unscrupulous men who will prey upon the privileges of their office.

It would be folly to look for a nice sense of official honor in a man like Brice, who gained his wealth by disreputable methods and shamelessly used it to purchase his seat in the Senate. The plutocrat in office is consistent in all things. He buys his place and he uses it for all possible personal advantages. That greedy tax absorbers, speculators and lobbyists should find legislative partners to their liking in the Senate is in keeping with the ordinary condition of human nature and human institutions.

It is not the rascality of the few Senators, but the complacency of the whole Senate towards such rascality which is discouraging. The air is full of rumors of scandalous conduct of certain Senators, yet the Senate shows no resentment. It is freely given out that an investigation is not thought advisable. The mere denial of Senators charged with speculation on committee secrets is accepted as sufficient vindication. The silence of the Senator most besmirched by report is accepted as entirely proper. The Senate does not resent the strenuous efforts of its members to secure personal benefits through legislation in the shaping of which they actively participate. The representatives of plutocratic interests mingle with Senators and flock about the lobby and committee rooms without rebuke. Imputations of dishonor are let pass without an attempt to secure public vindication.

There was a time when the honor of the Senate was jealously guarded; when a charge against one Senator was the concern of all; when Senators insisted that it was due all Senators and the Senate as a body that no Senator should rest under an unanswered imputation of dishonesty or dishonor. It is the apparent passing of this high seniment of honor and regard for the Senate's reputation which is the most disheartening evidence of general demoralization. It is the first step to a general and hopeless corruption.

MR. STUDEBAKER of Indiana, who has greatly profited by the tariff taxes paid by his neighbors, is more reasonable than most protectionists. "What we want," he says, "is fair trade, not free trade." This is a liberal concession. When the head of a protected industry advances so far as to think of fairness, there is ground for hope. We have all along refused our best customers anything like fairness in trade, and our policy has been so narrow that we are fortunate in finding a market of any sort outside of our own country. If the Wilson bill has put the idea of fairness into a few protection heads it has already accomplished something.

AN Eastern poet has tackled the Kearsarge and he wants to know if she "shall perish on the reef while the nation's sobbing grief around her vainly welters," etc. There has really been considerable feeling in regard to the loss of this noble vessel, but the weeping has not been sufficiently copious to warrant the assertion that there has been any weltering. Notwithstanding the tight times, we could soon make another Kearsarge, and we have some very accurate illustrations that we may look at in patriotic moments. Nobody is going to forget the Kearsarge and most of us will struggle to remember Roncador.

IT is said of the Czar's physician, who is thrice a millionaire, that when he enters the house of a patient all dogs must be kept out of sight, all clocks must be stopped and all doors have to be thrown wide open. He leaves his furs in the hall, his overcoat in the next room, his rubbers in a third, his hat in a fourth. His maxim being, "Take a rest before you are tired," he sits down several times whenever he ascends a stair. Possibly some of our own physicians who have not yet laid the foundation of their fortunes might profit by adopting the scheme of this highly successful practitioner of Muscovy.

LITTLE grains of sugar
In the statesman's hand
Make a rise in Wall street,
Just as he has planned.

When we see his footprints
In the sands of time,
We may say, "Perhaps he's
In a warmer clime."

A VENOMOUS writer in New York accuses Mr. Cleveland of shooting three swans and thinks a term in jail at hard labor would fit the crime. It is by no means certain, however, that the President slew those beautiful creatures. The individual record of the recent presidential hunt has been carefully suppressed and there is absolutely no proof that Grover killed anything whatever. Even the two ducks that were brought in may have been the victims of the Secretary of State.

THE Mayor of New York has not only not bought the great Danish dog William McKinley for $1,500, but he declares he would not give $2 for the best dog on earth. It is well enough for the Mayor of a city to deny having paid $1,500 for a dog, but respect for the canine tax, which, though poorly collected, is still of great importance as a source of revenue, should deter him from thus depreciating the canine race.

EDISON has made a mistake in selecting Sandow as the first subject for a photograph by the Kinetoscope. Corbett is the people's idol. With Corbett's face the Kinetoscope would boom from the start. Sandow's strength is well enough, but how is popular interest to be excited in a man who has never hit any body?

REPUBLICAN Parson Brand, who prays for the Republican Senate of New Jersey, has petitioned the Almighty to influence the Supreme Court to decide the senatorial dispute in favor of the Republicans. Parson Brand is a good party man, and he should be saved as long as possible for this world, whatever may be in store for him in the next.

COL. BOB INGERSOLL is always doing some kind of harm. He is now telling around that the Spartans drowned their fools. If this scheme is to be adopted in modern life, some of our waters will be so choked that navigation will have to be suspended and several of our national laws will disappear completely.

A KENTUCKY gentleman was embarrassed in a street car the other day by the explosion of a tightly corked bottle in his coat. His fellow-passengers at once recognized the unmistakable alcoholic odor and had the bad manners to titter.

SOME unscrupulous wretches in Louisville have been swindling the gas company by separating their pipes from the company's truthful meters. The indignation is very great—at the gas office.

FLAT, undrainable Chicago is wading again. St. Louis cannot be too thankful for the numerous elevations that send her melting snow and falling rain rushing into the Mississippi.

WHEN a Senator's "out for the stuff"
He is apt to take sugar in his'n;
But for such little spec's 'twould be rough,
He thinks, to put statesmen in prison.

ZELLA NICOLAUS is going on the stage in New York for ten weeks at $300 a week. Talent of all sorts continues to drop into the drama's insatiable maw.

A CHICAGO man stole a two-story house, and is now kicking himself because he didn't go back and get the lot.

HOUSTON'S new directory proves her to be the largest city in Texas. When will the Galveston directory be out?

Two hundred newsboys on the down town streets are selling the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents. Our patrons are requested to notify us of any attempt on part of newsboys to force them to pay more than 2 cents for the Post-Dispatch or to force them to buy with other papers "three for a nickel." Give time and location of newsboy refusing to sell the Daily Post-Dispatch for 2 cents "straight." All persons who handle the Post-Dispatch on the streets do so under the agreement that it will be sold for 2 cents, if desired, independent of any combination.

Is Hill a Republican.

From the New York WORLD.

Consistency is not the vice of "practical" politicians, and it has been a matter of uncertainty what David B. Hill would do in regard to the tariff with Grover Cleveland in the White House and his own ambition to be President still his ruling passion. Yet we confess to surprise at seeing him strike with a Republican weapon at a Democratic revenue bill and make himself the champion in the Senate of the plutocrats and the tax-shirkers. Mr. Hill has heretofore shown himself in sympathy with the millions rather than the millionaires. He has been on the stump an eloquent advocate of tariff reform through tariff reduction. He recommended and approved, when Governor, the taxes on inheritances and corporations that have yielded so much revenue to the relief of the taxpayers in this State.

The policy which Senator Hill now favors is the policy which the Republican party has followed ever since the close of the war. It has removed, one after another, all the taxes on wealth, in order to prevent any reduction in the taxes on consumption. The entire internal-revenue system, beginning with the income tax, was swept away, with the exception of the taxes on those luxuries of the poor, whisky, beer and tobacco, in order that the tariff made by and for the rich manufacturers who fill the Republican campaign chests might not be disturbed.

And it is this tariff which Senator Hill proposes still further to extend and to perpetuate. He would place upon consumption—the daily life of the working people—the entire burden of the cost of the Government. The deficiency to which he points is but another phase of the high tariff policy. The Republicans threw away revenues with one hand and piled up expenditures with the other in order to make tariff reform impossible.

And now Senator Hill, whose proudest boast is "I am a Democrat," deliberately proposes to discard the work of a Democratic House, representing the people, and to multiply McKinley taxes instead of diminishing them—to find other necessaries to burden, other monopolies to foster, other exactions to heap upon the great body of consumers!

The Charge Against Vest.

Washington Correspondence Chicago Times.

They still charge Raccoon Vest with being in on sugar with all four paws. But suppose a gentleman whom we will call Col. Rickey, because, of course, there is not any Col. Rickey save in this supposition, should be told by Raccoon Vest that, by virtue of this or that intended action in the Finance Committee about the sugar schedule, sugar stocks would go up, and suppose Raccoon Vest took such an interest in the accuracy of Col. Rickey's sugar information that he told him or wired him every twist, turn, phase, change, and modification in the proposed sugar action of the Finance Committee a day before it took place. Raccoon Vest could easily do all this for he is a sly, old, experienced coon of long standing. Or suppose the imaginary Col. Rickey, who has oceans of money and whom Raccoon Vest intrusts, we will suppose, with hoards of his own, went over and bought Sugar doughtily. And then suppose Col. Rickey came back to Raccon Vest with a bundle of money and split the said bundle with the honest evenness of a just man. Suppose Col. Rickey and Raccoon Vest performed in this way, it would turn nicely out that Raccoon Vest would "never buy or sell a share of Sugar or any other stock," and, of course, rude people who said he had would be malicious liars.

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

[No matter written on both sides of the sheet can appear under this head.—ED.]
[Bear in mind that it is against our rule to print any letter sent to this office unaccompanied by the name and residence of the writer.]

To Build Up St. Louis.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I have had a number of Republican friends, architects and builders, who are trying to talk tariff into me. Some of their arguments seem so good that it is too bad they have not tried them at home.

As protection is so good for the United States, it must be that it would be elegant for St. Louis; besides the results would be so direct that we could appreciate them more fully than we can when away off.

I know a builder who has bought 50,000,000 brick in Chicago at close cut rates. After he pays the freight he can still build at 50 cents on the dollar. Besides, he has a trick of getting mill work and other portable stuff by watching manufacturers in other places.

I told a property owner recently that it was all wrong for him to buy from such outsiders simply because he could get it cheaper. He looked at me with a kind of a queer face and went off without saying a word. He seems to have lost confidence in me—and yet it was only a few days before that he was howling for a "home market."

I suppose he meant when he had something to sell. It is a pity that we can't have a home market to sell in and foreign market to buy in. But it's the way of things and we'll have to stand it. I have avowed a new schedule of principles, so when a man asks me if I'm protection or free trade, I tell him it depends: when I sell I want things as near as possible so's I can control the supply; but if I'm buying, I want it so's I can have competition for my money.

But about the building business. Why not put St. Louis duty on brick, cut or molded stone, manufactured lumber and all finished or partly made materials? We could have a custom-house at one bridge—same as Uncle Sam has at New York—and make all discriminated goods come through it. Also make the police earn revenue enough to help the city out out mightily by guarding the Natural Bridge road, St. Charles rock road, Old and New Manchester roads and all other avenues of approach to the city, to collect customs.

Of course, houses would cost more, and rents would be higher. True, producers who ship to this city would, being possessed of common sense, ship their wares to other cities and buy their supplies from the same, naturally. But we would have protection, which, no matter how it works, must be a good thing when a strong and intelligent nation keeps it up so long. If good for a world it must be for a nation, and if for a nation, certainly for a locality.

A. H. ST. CLAIR.

Prohibition.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I did not intend to deride Mr. McKenzie personally in my reply to him. I thought Mr. McKenzie had simply dropped into conventional phraseology without fully realizing the import which his words logically carry.

"Why not remove immoral resorts, theaters, horse races, as well as saloons?" Why not, indeed. All these are external evils, susceptible of direct attack, and a united Christian sentiment could sweep them away. Chas. Kingsley said it could be done before night. Mendacity, swindling, profanity, adultery and extortion could be much more successfully dealt with by moral teachers after the causes which are chiefly concerned in breeding them are obliterated.

Prohibition does not prohibit, but it prevents. It does not prohibit the toper and red liquor from mixing, though it renders it more difficult, and to that extent is a good thing, but it prevents the acquiring of the taste by the next generation or permits it to be stamped out if inherited. Society of necessity passes through the legal stage before it reaches the moral stage in which a principle is obeyed without compulsion.

A majority is opposed to the saloon—except on election day. Then the fetich worship of party gets in its work, and the preacher and Sunday-school worker vote with the saloon-keeper and dive-keeper.

The Sunday-school man has always been noted
For fighting saloons—except when he voted;
He plies up his prayers with a holy perfection,
Then stocks them all down on the day of election.

I have always confined myself to down-town mission work, and it was in this work that I learned to appreciate the blighting influence of environment and the utter insufficiency of mere gospel preaching. And I fancy Drs. Strong, Parkhurst and Bliss, whom I quoted, know a thing or two about down-town work.

CHRISTIAN WORKINGMAN.

Police and Thieves.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

There has been a great deal of talk in the daily papers lately about the killing of Red O'Neil by Officer Dempsey. Now, myself and a number of other people living on Officer Dempsey's beat know all the circumstances of this shooting and think it is a shame and an outrage that, when an officer does his duty, he should be pulled and hammered around through the hoodlum element and their paper. Several of the residents of Bell and Whittier saw and heard both Officer Dempsey and Lew running and halting O'Neil and the other thieves and they ran all the faster. Now, if it comes to this, that it has got to be a foot race between the police and the thieves, why, take the arms away from the police, and advertise that the police are disarmed, and must, hereafter, run down the footpads and thieves, and we would be in a fine state in a few weeks. There is some doubt as to who shot O'Neil—Dempsey or Private Watchman Lew. But, nevertheless, they both did their duty. There is, perhaps, no other officer in St. Louis who attends to his duty and is as well liked and respected by all who know him as Officer Dempsey, and we feel safe in leaving him in charge of our neighborhood.

WEST BELL PLACE.

That Little Brown Bug.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

Here is some information that is worth $10,000 to any housekeeper. Some housekeepers may have it already, but in any case I charge nothing for it. If, on March 17, all furniture suspected of harboring bed bugs is thoroughly doctored with any kind of bed-bug poison of full strength, no more bugs will be seen for at least two months. If the process is repeated every year on March 17, no bugs will ever be seen. Some people say that the vermin is destroyed because the 17th is the day of good St. Patrick, but the real reason is that the bugs are killed before they have laid their eggs. Once the eggs are laid, the housekeeper has an all-summer battle to fight. I should not hesitate to live in the oldest house in St. Louis if I could get into it before March 17. I have given the experiment a thorough trial. I have nearly forgotten how the terrible cimex lectularius looks, and I never feel him on the darkest and warmest night.

SOMNOLUS.

The Four Court Door.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I would like to ask through the columns of your paper why the west door of the Four Courts building is always locked, thereby making it imperative to go around on the north side to enter the offices? It is very unhandy, and under the former regime when one could enter by either door it saved many steps. The way it is now, a stranger, or one not acquainted with the halls, etc., of the building is under the necessity of asking for the service of a pilot. Why could not the door be for use as it used to be? Who has the key? These are questions of interest to many who have occasion to call, and find the west door locked and are compelled to walk half a block to the north entrance, and then inquire their way to where they want to go.

SYBIL CAREW.

Wants Religious Creed in Constitution.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

We are justly regarded by other nations as a Christian nation. We own ourselves as such upon the face of our national coins in the words "In God we trust." Shall not our Constitution have the same imprint of our faith and trust in a supreme ruler? It is to be admitted that the nineteenth century is rather a late time to witness such a grand and momentous step, yet, whether the present issue is successful or no, it is surely indicative of the growth and progress of that Christian life and thought which destines this nation to a glorious reign in the world's history.

MAYNE TOY.

INDOOR ATHLETES.

Rare Sport Promised at Armory Hall To-Morrow Night.

RUNNING HIGH JUMP. POWELL EXPECTS TO CLEAR SIX FEET.

Full List of Handicaps in the Pastimes' Games—2-Year-Olds That Will Be Watched by St. Louis Turfites—Michigan L. A. W. Entanglement—Laing Willing to Fight Anybody—Sporting News.

The first in-door games of the Pastime Athletic Club for the benefit of the POST-DISPATCH Lake Fund, takes place to-morrow night at Armory Hall, Seventeenth and Lucas streets. All the crack local amateur athletes have been industriously training for the different events, and some rare sport is confidently expected. The running high jump promises to be a most exciting and closely contested affair. Against George Powell are A. D. Fuller, who jumped 5 feet 9 inches at the fall games of the P. A. C., he had a 5-inch handicap; R. H. Brooke of the University of Pennsylvania, with a record of 5 feet 7 inches, has a 7-inch handicap, and Mr. Whitemore, with a record of 5 feet 9 inches, receives 7 inches. It looks as though the tall, slender scratch man would have to do better than 6 feet to win.

In the forty-five yard hurdle race Messrs. Cabanne, Whittemore, Ravold and Billon will make a very exciting dash, and the winner will hold the first record for the distance made in St. Louis.

The forty-five yard sprint is expected to have thirty starters, and will be the event of the evening. Dark horses are numerous. Messrs. Hitchings and Ettman of local fame will be on the scratch with Jones of Yale, who has a record of 10 2-5s. for the 100 yards.

Mr. Aitken, the Pastime's trainer, says the half-mile will be a "dandy." The Pastimes have twelve men entered, and al expect to keep the medal in the club.

The two-mile run will bring out seven Pastime men and several unattached. The knowing ones pick out James Fleming of the Olympic A. C., who is scratch man, as a sure winner unless he gets dizzy from turning corners.

A full list of the handicaps in the different events as announced last night follows:

Forty-five yard run—A. H. Hitchings, E. R. Eisman, A. H. Jones, Y. A. C., scratch; Chas. D. Eaton, 1 foot; C. W. Sprick, J. D. Ravold, H. J. Jost, 2 feet; Wm. Forrest, J. C. Perrin, John Van Ault, John E. Hagerty, Jr., H. C. Vandewater, A. D. Fuller, 3 feet; L. Brinsmade, Mark Ewing, A. Jones, P. A. C., M. Ravold, E. T. Merrick, 4 feet; Geo. C. Scott, D. Marlow, W. B. Atterbury, 5 feet; C. A. Ghio, 6 feet; W. J. Wolff, Louis Farnoff, D. Chard, 6 feet; L. P. Butler, 8 feet.

Two-mile run—James Fleming, scratch; Emil Hitchcock, 50 yards; L. Jost, W. J. Brucker, 100 yards; W. H. Hitchings, 125 yards; C. Malone, 200 yards; L. A. Moffett, Jr., 225 yards; C. H. Powers, Fred Harris, E. B. Moore, J. H. Boogher, 250 yards.

Half-mile run—C. H. Parker, H. L. Knox, scratch; Emil Hitchcock, 15 feet; W. F. Brucker, S. S. Worthington, H. C. Kattner, C. L. Vandewater, W. H. Hitchings, L. Jost, 25 feet; C. W. Sprick, John Van Ault, 35 feet; John E. Hagerty, Jr., 40 feet; C. Malone, 45 feet; W. Harris, Fred Harris, J. B. Nelson, 50 feet; C. H. Powers, L. Farnoff, H. Ramsey, L. P. Butler, 75 feet.

Running high jump—G. F. Powell, scratch; A. D. Fuller, John Beck, 5 inches; A. P. Whittemore, 7 inches; R. H. Brooke, L. A. Moffett, Jr., 8 inches.

Gossip.

John Haggerty says he surprised the crowd once before.

A. D. Fuller's friends think he has a "cinch" on the high jump.

Allan Whittemore is looked upon as the probable winner of the hurdle and the dark horse in the high jump.

Geo. Powell says if he is defeated in the jump he will have "a kick" coming.

Judging from the audience the Pastimes had at their last games, the chances are that society will turn out in force to-morrow night.

PROMISING 2-YEAR-OLDS

Entered in the Lakeview Handicap and the Quickstep Stakes.

Among the entries to the Lakeview handicap and Quickstep stakes, the principal 2-year-old events to be decided at this year's Washington Park meeting, may be found the Memphis pool-room magnate George C. Bennett's unnamed trio, consisting of a bay gelding by imp. Donald A., dam Mollie Merrill; a brown gelding by Buckmaster, dam Lady Taylor, and a chestnut filly by imp. Donald A., dam Caress. The geldings were nominated for both events, but the filly was not entered in the handicap. These 2-year-olds were bred at Joseph D. Lucas' Goodwood stud in St. Louis County and Bennett secured them at the Fair Grounds sale last June. It is claimed that they are the speediest youngsters at the Memphis track. George Mudrow, who trained for W. L. Cassidy several years ago, has his pair of geldings, Fishback by Longfish, dam Belle, and Ramsey by Blazes, dam Marion Ten Broeck, entered in the Lake View handicap. Ramsey is also eligible to start in the Quickstep stakes. Fishback was named in honor of George W. Fishback, well-known locally, and Ramsey was called after Secretary Bill Ramsey of the Union Stock Yards. Muldrow trained the sires of both his youngsters for Mr. Cassidy back in the '80s. Longfish won one of the last St. Louis derbies run at the Fair Grounds track. Billy Magrane, one of the most successful St. Louis horse-owners on the Western Circuit, is represented in the Quickstep stake entries by a trio of well-bred unnamed 2-year-olds. They are a bay colt by Fonso, dam Belle of Brooklyn; a bay colt by Fonso or Tremont, dam Jolly Nun, and a chestnut filly by imp. Deceiver, dam Delia. The Jolly Nun and Belle of Brooklyn colts are also entered in the handicap. J. D. Patton, who owns that good mare Ethel Gray, has his chestnut filly Gold Corn by imp. John Barley Corn, dam Gold Bug, entered in both the handicap and Quickstep stakes. That successful bookmaker owner, Barney Schrieber, has nominated Agnes, a black filly by imp. Albert, dam Peggy Woods; an unnamed bay gelding by Julian, dam Hazel Kirk, and Jimmy Brady, a chestnut gelding by Ecuador, dam Tomato, for the Quickstep stakes. None of the Schrieber trio are entered in the handicap. The Quickstep stakes will be run over a one-half mile course, and the handicap starters will be asked to go three-quarters. Each event is to have $1,500 added money.

Original Auction Pool Man Dead.

NEW YORK, March 9.—James McGowan, who introduced the selling of auction pools in this country, died in Brooklyn yesterday at the age of 70 years.

Track Talk.

E. E. Cushing's Boundless, winner of last year's $50,000 American Derby, broke down in his work at Little Rock, Ark., yesterday morning, and will be retired to the stud in Kentucky. Boundless is a 4-year-old brown colt by Harry O'Fallon, dam Endless.

Frank Shaw, representing the poolroom keepers of Minneapolis, intends testing the legality of the law under which the rooms were closed the other day. Shaw will appeal to the Supreme Court, and go to the end of the rope to protect the poolroom business, which has only been obstructed recently in Minnesota.

Two hundred and two entries have been made to the Coney Island Jockey Club steeplechase and hurdle stakes, which closed on March 1. They are as follows: Grand national steeplechase, 48; hurdle selling stakes, 51; bar hurdle race, 48; steeplechase selling stakes, 55. Among the horses entered are Banarat, Demush, Oakwood, Tom Payne, Walcott, The Ironmaster, May Win, Persistence, Miss Shandish, Westmoreland, Sam Weller, Ingot, Southerner and Glenfallon.

NOT EVEN JACKSON EXCEPTED.

Harry Laing Willing to Visit America and Fight Anybody.

Writing of Pugilist Harry Laing, who recently defeated Joe Goddard, an Australian authority says: "He is a very capable fighter, but makes no pretensions to being a stylish boxer. He is big, strong and willing, and is one of the stanchest men I know at uphill fighting. He is just the build of a man who will take an awful pummelling without whining, and, it appears to me, that only a phenomenally clever fighter, trained to the hour, can hope to stay with him and beat him down. He is willing to take on any man in the world, not excepting Peter Jackson. If anything definite in the way of an offer comes from America he will take the trip."

MICHIGAN ENTANGLEMENT.

Wolverine State L. A. W. Trouble Still Very Much Unsettled.

DETROIT, Mich., March 9.—Secretary-Treasurer Noeck of the Michigan Division League of American Wheelmen has announced that there would be no new election of State officers as ordered by the National Assembly at Louisville recently. Mr. Noeck says he cannot incur the expense of the election unless so authorized by the executive committee. A meeting of said committee was held, and it was decided that the National Assembly exceeded its authority in ordering another election, the result of the former election having been declared void on technicalities. Other reasons are that the legality of a meeting held in December is still unsettled and that the newly adopted methods of conducting an election are conflicting. A State meeting will probably be called. This action is considered a direct defiance of the National Assembly's authority.

Joyce Returns From the Springs.

Billy Joyce, the Washington third baseman, returned from the Springs yesterday in splendid shape. While at the famous Arkansas health resort Joyce practiced every day, and he is confident he will play the game of his life this season. "Last year's long rest did me a world of good and now I am hungry to play ball and draw salary once again," said Billy this morning. The Washington management forwarded Joyce an $1,800 contract some time ago, so he says, and ordered him to report for duty in Washington March 19. Billy has not yet signed, however.

Sporting Notes.

There will be a number of match coursing races at Kentwood Park to-morrow afternoon at 2 p. m. Missouri Pacific train for the park leaves the Union Depot at 1:25 p. m.

The annual masquerade ball of the St. Louis Rowing Club will take place to-morrow evening at the South St. Louis Turner Hall. All of the local rowing clubs will attend in a body.

Jimmy Carroll, who is giving boxing lessons in the City of Mexico, writes that boxing in that city is dead. He wants to return north and is anxious to get on age with Billy Myer, McAuliffe or any fighter in his class.

The Bearings Publishing Co. of Chicago has been awarded the contract for publishing the official organ of League of American Wheelmen, as well as the contract for publishing Good Roads, the monthly issued by the League of American Wheelmen in the interest of better highways.

The St. Teresa's and St. Lawrence O'Toole foot ball teams are in active training for their contest next Sunday on the Sportsman's Park. Both teams have shown by their work that they are evenly matched, and a great contest is looked for by their many friends. All the members of both sodalities will attend the game in a body.

HARDSHIP AND SUFFERING

Experiences of the Party Which Went Out to Rescue Colgate.

Moscow, Idaho, March 9.—The party organized at Post Falls for the rescue of the unfortunate George Colgate, deserted by the Carlin party some months ago, are on the return journey down the Clearwater River, and are expected to reach Kendrick within a day or two, having been out over sixty days. The party includes William Martin, M. R. Shelton, Jack Rexford and Charles Colgate, the 16-year-old scout of the lost cook.

A miner, who came in ahead of the rescuing party and at whose cabin they remained for several days, tells a story of hardship and suffering by them that is truly pitiful. They passed the famous Black Canon on the Clearwater and went about twenty-five miles beyond, the snow ranging from 5 to 15 feet deep the entire distance. They lost their camp equipage, blankets and provisions, and for three weeks their only food was unsalted deer and elk meat. The loss of cartridges at guns finally depleted their supplies entirely, and when they came up on the miner's hut they had been without food of any kind for two days. Martin had his collar-bone broke by a falling tree and the flesh burned from his arm. Rexford's limbs were badly frozen to the knee. Young Colgate was crushed under a tree. There were several narrow escapes from death by snow slides. The party passed beyond the point where Colgate was left, but no trace of him was found.

MISSING EDWARD WEBSTER.

A Decomposed Body Found Said to Be That of the Young Man.

PARIS, March 9.—The *Journal de Paris* asserts, but without basis of fact, that the decomposed body of a young man who was found caught in the weir at Suresnes, on the Seine, was that of Edward Webster, whose mother, Mrs. Theodore Ogkling, lived at No. 64 West Seventieth street, New York, and who left the St. Lazare Railroad Station, this city, last New Years eve for Colombes, six miles from Paris, and has not since been seen.

Young Webster was the son of the late John P. Webster, who was known on the New York Produce Exchange as "Jack" Webster, and who, upon his death five years ago, left an estate of about $400,000, which the missing lad would have inherited on attaining his majority. Edward Webster was only 17 years of age, but as a man six feet two inches tall and weighed 180 pounds he looked several years older. He was famous as an athlete, played on the foot ball team at Phillips' Academy, and has spent two years preparing for the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

H. H.—If it is a nickel of 1883 it is worth 5½ cents.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—The cent is eighty times larger than the moon.

B. H.—Twenty-eight eggs. It takes each hen a day and a half to lay an egg.

A SUBSCRIBER.—The case should be reported to one of the charitable organizations.

SUBSCRIBER.—1. At the rate of five lines for a dollar. 2. It will be done in this office.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—Ash Wednesday is always the first day of Lent. In 1825 it fell on Feb. 16.

BET.—Clara Morris is an honorary member of the Knights of St. Patrick. He was born March 17.

C. E.—Your "saw-dust" letter have been forwarded to the head of the United States Secret Service from this city.

CONSTANT SUBSCRIBER.—The "Patent Applied For" company is bookfor New York

SL[illegible] CAMPAIGN.

Salvation Army Officers to Meet Here and Arrange for It.

THEY PROPOSE TO MAKE A FRESH ONSLAUGHT ON SIN IN ST. LOUIS.

Torchlight Procession Monday and Tuesday Evenings and a "Battle of Song"—Maj. and Mrs. French's Appointments—Presbyterian Young People's Rally—Rev. T. H. Hagerty's Gift.

The local soldiers of the Salvation Army and their many well-to-do friends who form the auxiliary league are making extensive preparations for the proper and hospitable entertainment of the Officers' Council, which will be held in this city next Monday and Tuesday, March 12 and 13. Maj. George French, Commander of the Midland Division of the Salvation Army, with headquarters at Omaha, Neb., will be in command of all the forces, and officers to the number of 250 or 300 will be present from Sedalia, Springfield, Hannibal and Moberly, Mo., and also from Mount Pleasant, Muscatine and Keokuk, Io. Staff Captain Addie and Ensign Harris of Springfield, Ill., are expected to attend the council. The sessions will be private and will be given over to a discussion of the affairs of the organization. The visiting officers will be given a reception on Monday morning at the Market street hall previous to the meeting of the council. On Tuesday morning and afternoon there will be a private meeting of officers at 1417 Franklin avenue, and at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening there will be a "special battle of song," followed by a half night of prayer. On both Monday and Tuesday evenings there will be an extensive torchlight procession. The visiting officers will represent the greater part of Missouri and Iowa. The Council has much of importance to discuss. One of the topics which engage its attention is rescue and slum work, a department of Salvation Army endeavor which will be pushed vigorously in St. Louis soon. On next Wednesday afternoon at 3 o'clock Mrs. Maj. French will speak of rescue and slum work to a number of ladies and gentlemen who are interested in the Army in the parlors of 2129 Pine street. Mrs. French and her husband addressed the Congregational Club at the Mercantile Club House a month ago, on this subject, and created a very favorable impression. Maj. and Mrs. French will spend next Sunday with the people of the Webster Groves Congregational Church. In the morning Maj. French will elucidate the principles and methods of the Salvation Army. Maj. French has held important posts in England, Holland and the United States, and Mrs. French has had a good deal of experience in slum work in Glasgow and London.

Dr. Brookes Will Preach.

Rev. James H. Brookes, pastor of the Washington and Compton avenues Presbyterian Church, has returned from Asheville, N. C., much improved in health. He will preach from his own pulpit next Sunday morning and evening. When he went away he was far from well, and therefore his friends will be glad to hear of his recuperation.

Presbyterian Young People's Rally.

The Presbyterial Committee on Young People's Societies will meet to-morrow at 1 p. m. at the Mercantile Club to arrange for a grand rally of all the local Presbyterian young folks. Rev. S. C. Palmer, Rev. F. L. Ferguson, Messrs. E. E. Souther, Edgar McClelland and Seldon P. Spencer comprise the committee.

A Series of Sermons.

Rev. W. R. L. Smith, pastor of the Third Baptist Church, will commence a series of seven evening sermons next Sunday night. The topics are: March 11, "The Love of the Spirit;" March 25, "The Enlightening Spirit;" April 1, "The Striving Spirit;" April 8, "The Indwelling Spirit;" April 15, "The Fruit of the Spirit;" April 22, "Grieving the Spirit;" April 29, "The Sealing Spirit."

Rev. T. H. Hagerty's Gift.

Rev. T. H. Hagerty, the well-known chaplain of the Evangelical Alliance, has donated to the George R. Smith College at Sedalia, Mo., a portion of his library, consisting of $7,000 worth of theological and miscellaneous books. The George R. Smith College is an institution built for the education of the colored race and is expected to accomplish much in this field.

Important Y. M. C. A. Meeting.

The Board of Directors of the St. Louis Y. M. C. A., which is the general adviser of all the city branches, will meet at Central Branch, Twenty-ninth and Pine streets, next Monday evening. Business of importance concerning the new home to be erected for Central Branch will come up for consideration.

Southern Baptist Convention Delegates.

Rev. R. H. Maiden, on behalf of the Home and Foreign Board of the Missouri Baptist Association, has compiled the following list of delegates of the State Association to the Southern Baptist Convention at Dallas, Tex., May 11 to 15:

J. C. Armstrong, W. R. L. Smith, A. W. Pane, Ernest Cook, M. L. Thomas, J. L. Applegate, W. M. Senter, A. D. Brown, J. Reid, W. J. Patrick, J. D. Biggs, Bower Patrick, O. L. Brownson, T. L. West, L. B. Ely, W. J. Ward, W. F. Elliott, S. Y. Pitts, J. H. Finks, M. L. Bibb, W. S. Walker, M. J. Breaker, W. Pope Yeaman, T. M. S. Kenny, J. P. Greene, S. F. Taylor, J. O'B. Lowry, S. M. Brown, A. C. Rafferty, T. M. Jones, R. T. Malden, W. F. Harris, A. C. Ayers, J. W. Keltner, C. G. Stillman, J. T. M. Johnston, J. B. Fuller, R. F. Johnston, E. E. Turner, N. R. Pittman, T. A. Bowman, B. H. Morgan, Milford Riggs, J. F. Kemper, W. G. Thomas, J. J. Brown, G. W. Hatcher, R. G. Tutt, E. W. Stephens, I. P. Langley, Jack Monroe, W. I. Cole, W. A. Wilson, J. W. Waddell, J. S. Conner, W. R. Wilhite, L. H. Shuck, R. C. Clark, J. W. Southworth, M. B. Collins, J. S. Dingle, M. J. Hughes, A. K. Yancey, J. R. Hamlin, J. M. Coleman, L. E. Kline, J. L. Tichenor, F. J. Jacroux, E. F. Dawson, H. W. Winsor, J. W. Neff, T. C. Carleton, J. W. Clements, B. G. Manard, P. A. Eubank.

Methodist Annual Conference.

The Methodist ministers of the St. Louis Conference are preparing to attend the annual meeting at Lebanon, Mo. The conference begins its session next Tuesday, the 14th inst. Bishop Stephen M. [illegible] of Chicago will preside. The important event of each annual conference is the list of appointments. The only expected changes are in the pastorates of Union and Water Tower Churches, whose pastors have occupied these charges for five years, the limit of time allowed. As first announced in last Saturday's POST-DISPATCH, Rev. Charles F. Masden of Union Church will be succeeded by Rev. Wilbur G. Williams, pastor of the First Methodist Church of New Haven, Conn. It is not yet known who will succeed Rev. Corrington, pastor of Water Tower Church.

Good Friday Song Service.

A song service for Good Friday evening, March 23, is in course of preparation by the choir of Pilgrim Church. Selections from Bach, Handel, Hayden, Mendelssohn, Gounod, Buck and Shelley will be rendered by a chorus of forty voices under the direction of Mr. Benedict, with Mrs. Latey, Miss Helmers, Mr. Stamm and Mr. Black as soloists.

Religious Notes.

The trustees of the Congregational Church of the Covenant at Maplewood, St. Louis Co., are holding frequent meetings at which they discuss the purchase of a church site. Several handsome donations have been pledged.

Mr. Robert Nourse will deliver a lecture at the Compton Hill Congregational Church Monday evening, March 12, for the benefit of the building fund.

Rev. Wm. H. Warren, Home Missionary Superintendent of Michigan, the first pastor of Plymouth Congregational Church of this city, has accepted an invitation to be present at the anniversary meetings, July 29 to Aug. 1.

Rev. Dr. E. A. Scholl, General Secretary of the Epworth League, spent last Sunday in St. Louis with his former college mate, Rev. R. J. Fleming, preaching a missionary sermon in Lindell Avenue Church, and addressing the Sunday-school missionary anniversary in the afternoon.

Mrs. Hargrove, wife of Bishop R. K. Hargrove of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, died of pneumonia, at her home near Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 27.

"The New Cain and Abel" will be the subject of Rev. J. S. Kirtley's sermon, Sunday evening, at Delmar Avenue Baptist Church.

Rev. C. P. Masden, pastor of Union M. E. Church, will preach at Lindell Avenue Church next Sunday at 11 a. m. and at Union Church at 7:45 p. m. Dr. Masden will return from the annual conference and will close his ministry of eight years in St. Louis on Easter Sunday. His successor will be appointed at the conference.

Rev. Dr. Rhodes, pastor of St. Mark's English Lutheran Church, will preach next Sunday morning on "The Relation of the Holy Spirit to Prayer." In the evening he will preach on "The Value of Christian Testimony."

A progressive euchre party will be given at the Marquette Club, Grand avenue and Pine street, under the auspices of St. Francis Xavier's Conference of the St. Vincent de Paul Society, Saturday evening, March 17, for the benefit of the poor.

Rabbi Leon Harrison will lecture at Temple Israel, Twenty-eighth and Pine streets, next Sunday, at 11 a. m., on "The Messiah and the Kingdom of God."

Rev. Samuel Sale will lecture at Shaare Emeth Temple, Seventeenth and Pine streets, next Sunday, at 11 a. m., on "Religion in the School."

Mr. E. R. Kroeger's fourth monthly pianoforte recital will be given in the chapel of the Church of the Messiah, Garrison avenue and Locust street, Monday evening, March 12.

Louis F. Post of New York, National Single Tax Lecturer, will deliver an address on Single Tax at St. Mark's English Lutheran Church, Cardinal and Bell avenues, next Monday evening. Mr. Post is the efficient ally of Henry George. All ministers are extended a special invitation. On Sunday, March 18, at 11 a. m., Mr. Post will lecture in Shaare Emeth Temple, Seventeenth and Pine streets.

In the First Presbyterian Church the pastor, Rev. Geo. A. Martin, will preach Sunday morning upon the topic "Christ First," and in the evening upon "Reliability Needed."

NOT A TRAMP.

The Man Who Was Killed at Ivory Station—Carondelet News.

The dead body of a man killed by a freight train on the Iron Mountain Railroad at Ivory Station was picked up yesterday afternoon. At first it was thought the man was a common tramp, but this theory was disproved by the people at Col. Wright's residence, which is in the vicinity of Ivory Station. They identified the dead man as a party who called at the house in the morning and asked for food, offering to pay for it and showing that he had money to do so. The man was evidently tramping for some eccentric reason of his own. After leaving Col. Wright's he evidently tried to steal a ride on a freight train going south, and was thrown under the wheels and killed. His name could not be learned. Squire Noe pper of Luxemburg will hold an inquest on the remains this afternoon.

The showcase of shoes reported stolen from in front of Jonas Bloch's store, last Saturday night, were found by the police in the cellar of Weibel's drug store, 7631 South Broadway. The case had been carried off by Joe Sontag and another drug clerk as a joke on Mr. Bloch. A similar joke was practiced on Mr. John Yockey by some prominent South End business men a short time ago, and the tables were neatly turned on them by that gentleman getting out a warrant for each to put them through. A compromise was effected by the gentlemen paying for a supper for all of Mr. Yockey's friends.

The funeral of Antoine Vert, who died at the Brothers' Hospital Wednesday, took place at 1 o'clock this afternoon from his late residence, 6931 South Broadway, to Mount Olive Cemetery.

James Hatch, a teamster, 33 years old and married, residing at 7900 Michigan avenue, is reported by the police sick and in destitute circumstances.

A Shoe Sale Causes Consternation.

The Globe, northwest corner Franklin avenue and Seventh street, has just received their elegant stock of foot-wear, consisting of men's $2.50, $3, $4 and $5 hand-welt shoes, ladies' hand-turned shoes, all the nobblest spring styles; boys', misses' and children's shoes, at prices defying competition. Free: Imported Bohemian queensware with every pair ladies' shoes, $2.50 and above.

Philharmonic Society Concert.

The Philharmonic Society of St. Louis gave its first concert last night at Germania Theater to an audience that comfortably filled the lower part of the house. The programme given was a pleasing one on the whole, with some quite creditable numbers. Those winning the most marked recognition from the audience were the "Rondeau Brilliant" for two flutes, played by Messrs. Dabney Carr and Jos. G. Halliday; the duet for soprano and tenor, "Oh, That We Two Were Maying," by Mrs. Chas. A. Simon and Mr. Geo. H. Kerswill; piano solo by Prof. Louis Hammerstein; Mr. Wayman McCreery's tenor solo, "For All Eternity;" and a violin solo by Mr. Emile Karst, "Fantasie Brillante," on a favorite French romance of the seventeenth century. The work of Philharmonic orchestra and chorus was fairly good, but naturally lacked the completeness of detail which comes from long practice. The orchestra was under direction of Mr. Emile Karst, and the chorus under that of Prof. Louis Hammerstein. The society will give a second and third concert at the Germania in April and May.

City Central Committee Meeting.

The Democratic City Central Committee met last night in Justice Spaulding's office with a bare quorum present. The matter of electing delegates to the State Convention, to be held at Kansas City May 15, brought out a prolonged discussion as to whether the delegates should be chosen by mass-meetings or primaries. It was finally agreed that no primaries would be held unless some one will volunteer to pay the expenses. The general sentiment of the committee was opposed to indorsing the Administration, but rather in favor of indorsing Vest and Cockrell and all the Missouri Congressmen except Cobb.

He Got Hush Money.

Officer Dundon of the Central District last evening arrested John Slingwein, a bartender at the Theater Comique, on Sixth and Elm streets, on suspicion of being implicated in the robbery of George Conrad, the East St. Louisan who was relieved of his valuables and money a few nights ago in the neighborhood of Seventh and Elm streets. Slingwein says that he took no hand in the robbery, but admits that he accepted $3 of the booty to keep his mouth shut from Thos. Morgan, a waiter at the theater, and Samuel O'Brien, both of whom are now in jail charged with committing the deed.

UNDER THE CARPET.

Police Raid Ed Cuthbert's House and Find a Faro Lay-Out.

PROF. FRANKEL, AFTER BEING TAKEN FROM UNDER A SED, ESCAPES.

He Begged the Police Not to Take Him in the Hoodlum Wagon—While the Tables Were Being Unloaded at the Four Courts Frankel Made a Break for Liberty—Estep Refuses Warrants.

This morning Detectives Scully and Kelly made application for warrants against Jas. Ames, Edward Cuthbert and Ike Tredway, three of the men who were captured last evening in a raid made by the police on the house, 2316 Chestnut street, where a faro game is said to have been running the past few weeks. The warrant was refused and the officers were advised to send the prisoners to the Police Court.

HOW THE HOUSE WAS ENTERED.

The house on which the raid was made last evening is the residence of Ed Cuthbert, the retired ball player and saloonist. The men who were caught in the raid, with the exception of Prof. Nathan S. Frankel, the musician, are all well-known sports and card players. Since the raid, which was made some weeks ago on the faro game, an Natural Bridge road, opposite the Jockey Club-house, the unfortunate proprietors of that game have had a great deal of trouble in finding a location out of the reach and away from the eye of the police. It is said that the same crowd finally located about three weeks ago at Mr. Cuthbert's house, in the front room on the second floor. Detectives Scully and Kelly placed a watch on the house, and waited for the game to increase in patronage, but it seemed to be a dismal failure, never more than four or five persons figuring in it at any time since its incipiency. Last evening they decided to raid it. They learned beforehand, however, that peacable entrance to the house was confined to those who had latch-keys alone. They rang the bell, however, and when no answer came they forced open the door. Officers Burke and Dewar of the Third District stood guard about the house to see that no one escaped or that nothing was thrown out of the windows. The officers entered the room where the game is said to have been going on, but found the table bare and Messrs. Ames, Cuthbert and Tredway sitting in chairs conversing quietly. This trio was placed under arrest and a fourth man who had been seen to enter the house, was searched for. Detective Scully looked under the bed and saw the head of a man peering out from the folds of a white blanet. This man was drawn out into the light and he proved to be Prof. Frankel. The police wagon then pulled up in front of the door.

FRANKEL ESCAPED.

Prof. Frankel begged piteously, so the officers claim, to be allowed to go, and it is said he even offered money for his liberty. He was taken with the other three companions and the gaming table to the Four Courts, but while the police were removing the table into the station the musician darted off into the darkness and is said to have hidden himself in the Phoenix Planing Mill, directly opposite the Four Courts. Search was made for him without avail, but his companions were placed in the holdover for twenty hours. On Ames $13.64 was found while Treadway had $700 in his pocket.

After the prisoners were locked up the house was searched and in a pocket in the floor under the carpet the faro dealing box and several hundred chips were found and taken to the Four Courts.

BOOT AND SHOE DEALER FAILS.

James B. Billings of Boston—Liabilities About $100,000.

BOSTON, Mass., March 9.—James B. Billings, boot and shoe dealer of 116 Summer street, with factories at Marlboro, has assigned to Wm. H. Allen of W. H. Allen & Son, 72 High street. The cause of the failure is stated to be poor collections, losses in the manufacturing department and shrinkage in profits during the past three years. The indebtedness is stated to be about $100,000, and nominal assets about $70,000, but this may be subject to some shrinkage.

DE WOLF HOPPER'S greatest success, "Panjandrum," Grand Opera-house.

To Protect Street Railroads.

It is said that Councilman Clark introduced the ordinance making it a misdemeanor for minors under the age of 18 years to jump on or off a street car while in motion, at the request of Mr. P. C. Mamitt, President of the Missouri Railroad Co. The bill is very brief and makes the offender subject to a fine of not exceeding $10 for each and every offense. This is aimed primarily at newsboys and gamins who make it practice of hanging on the platform of the cars and jumping off while they are in motion. It would also exempt the railroads from a great many damage suits, as minor persons injured while getting on or off a car in motion would be debarred from suing, as they were committing an unlawful act at the time.

There have been laws to prevent persons from jumping on or off steam railroad cars while in motion, but this is probably the first attempt at legislation in this direction to protect street railroads. It is questionable whether such an ordinance would be valid.

Not Delaying the Bill.

Members of the House of Delegates are indignant at the report that they are delaying the passage of the temporary appropriation bill. As a matter of fact they claim that neither the Council nor the Comptroller has had the courtesy to inform the House that the appropriation bill was pending, and that immediate action upon it was desired. It has not passed the Council as yet, so the action of the House in adjourning over last Tuesday for one week will have no effect upon putting the bill through as rapidly as possible.

DE WOLF HOPPER'S greatest success, "Panjandrum," Grand Opera-house.

A Cut and a Strike.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 9.—A reduction in wages just announced in the mechanical department of the Great Northern road has resulted in a strike of a number of men in this city. Car-cleaners were cut from $50 to $31, car-repairers from $55 to $35, and the foremen from $75 to $45.

All the men affected in this city quit work, but their places were mostly filled by green men. This cut in wages is general in this class of workmen all along the line.

Down Go the Rates to Texas.

The Missouri, Kansas & Texas Railway has reduced the one-way rates to Texas points to keep in line with the cut rates to California; also on the 13th inst. will sell round trip tickets to all points in Texas at half rates, which will be good to return thirty days from date of sale.

For full information apply at their new city ticket office, 103 North Broadway.

A. P. A. Lecturer Shot At.

DALLAS, Tex., March 9.—During a lecture at the City Hall last night the speaker, J. W. Hall of Kansas City, an A. P. A. organizer, was fired at four times by Tom Duffy, a drunken saloon-keeper. Duffy missed Hall, but wounded J. G. Russell in the neck and an unknown man in the cheek. He was disarmed, but escaped from the hall. Hall made a terrific assault upon the Catholics and afterward organized Lodge No. 3 of the A. P. A. No. 2 is at Fort Worth and No. 1 at Cleburne. Serious trouble is anticipated.

Three Reasons Why You Should Get HOOD'S And Only HOOD'S

First—Because it is a modern medicine, originated by experienced pharmacists of today, under whose careful supervision it is prepared from the most valuable medicinal ingredients by a combination, process and proportion peculiar to

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Second—Because it combines economy and strength, "One Hundred Doses One Dollar" being original with and true only of this great remedy. It costs more, even if you pay less, to buy a medicine to experiment with, than it does to get

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Third—Because Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures. If you are suffering from impure blood in the form of scrofula, salt rheum, rheumatism or catarrh, or if you are "all run down," it not only makes you feel better, but if persistently used it will thoroughly eradicate all the impurities from your blood and make you feel well. This is a peculiarity with

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills are hand-made, and perfect in proportion and appearance. 25c per box.

IN THE MOST REMOTE PARTS

Of the city will be found at sunset a carrier delivering the daily Evening POST-DISPATCH.

Daily and Sunday only 15 cents a week.

Rich Suit Bargains!

We've done some vigorous price cutting to bring us the bargain buyers to-day and to-morrow. Large lines of magnificent $20 and $22 Suits go at $15! Splendid $18 Suits go at $13.50! Finest $15 Suits go at $10! Regular $10 Suits go at $6! All colors, sizes and styles.

$18 Spring Overcoats at $11.75!

We break all the traditions of trade by offering these tremendous bargains at the season's start! *And it's a grand chance for you!* No other house in town will sell you such qualities under $18 to $25! Immense choice of colors and styles! 2000 coats to pick from!

Stylish New Boys' Suits at $5 and $6!

These came in yesterday! They are beauties! We've sold some immense values in by-gone days! *But Never Better Than These!* The richest and neatest of styles in CONFIRMATION SUITS FOR BOYS AT $3.50, $4, $5, $6, $7, $8, $10, $12 and $15!

Spring Styles Hats at $1.85 and $3!

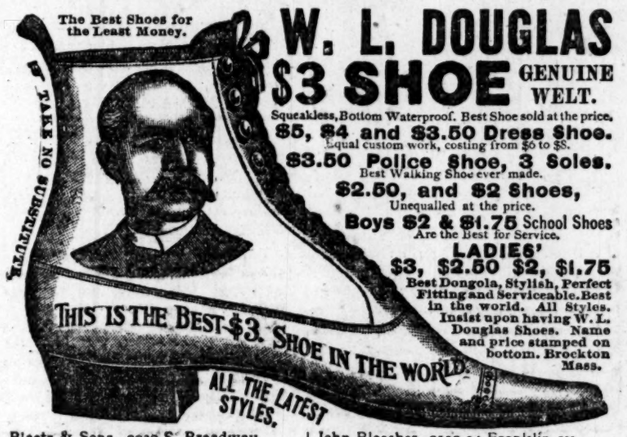
We do not deal in false fancies! *None but correctly-shaped Hats here!* Youman's, Knox's, Dunlap's and Harrington's spring styles in $5 qualities we sell at $3 and $3.50! Regular hatters' $3 qualities in stylish spring Hats go at $1.85!

Novelties in Fancy Shirts Just Received!

Some great things at 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50!

J. L. Hudson Clothier, 406 408 N. Broadway

Store Open Until 10 o'clock Saturday Nights.



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE GENUINE WELT.

Squeakless, Bottom Waterproof. Best Shoe sold at the price.

$5, $4 and $3.50 Dress Shoe. Equal custom work, costing from $6 to $8.

$3.50 Police Shoe, 3 Soles. Best Walking Shoe ever made.

$2.50, and $2 Shoes, Unequalled at the price.

Boys $2 & $1.75 School Shoes Are the Best for Service.

LADIES' $3, $2.50 $2, $1.75 Best Dongola, Stylish, Perfect Fitting and Serviceable. Best in the world. All Styles. Insist upon having W. L. Douglas Shoes. Name and price stamped on bottom. Brockton Mass.

J. Blaetz & Sons, 2030 S. Broadway.
William Lonergan, 1030 South Market st.
E. Althoff, 1504 Cass av.
John Kabel, 2724 Cass av.
F. Weber, 3306 Easton av.
John Bloecher, 2132-34 Franklin av.
H. B. Schroeder, 1103 Franklin av.
Angermueller & Co., 16 S. 4th st.
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"Song and Story."

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400 Songs, 25 Cents.
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3000 GOOD BOOKS, 3 CENTS UPWARDS.

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BEST LINE TO DENVER DINING CARS.

PURE SPRING WATER,

75c Per Case.

We call your attention to our Carbonated and Plain Spring Waters which are unexcelled in quality and of absolute purity.

Our Plain Spring Water packed in cases of twelve half-gallon bottles delivered for 75 cents, will commend itself to every family from an economic standpoint. And our Carbonated Waters stand unrivaled for delightful and refreshing taste and are delivered for lower price than all other Spring Waters offered to the public.

Physicians reccommend Windsor Water on account of its purity. As it is put up only in glass, and bottled at the Spring, it avoids every possibility of contamination.

WINDSOR SPRING CO., 1630 OLIVE STREET. TELEPHONE 1021.

$3 to order.

Early last year we reached the **Million Pair** mark that we had made of these justly famous goods. Suits to order, $13.25.

DON'T BE A READY MADE MAN.

Plymouth Rock Pants Company 304 N. Sixth St.

A Cup of Beef Tea can be prepared instantly from

The cheapest, purest and best

Liebig COMPANY'S Extract of Beef.

There's only one genuine kind and that you can know by this signature in blue on every jar:

Liebig

AMUSEMENTS.

OLYMPIC

Every Night at 8. Matinee Saturday at 2.

THE LILIPUTIANS, In Their Great Spectacular Play, **A Trip to Mars.**

Sale of seats opens this morning for the second and last week.

Grand Opera House

Three Last Performances

DeWolf Hopper

And His Greatest Success, **PANJANDRUM.**

During the **Saturday Matinee**

Mr. Hopper, between the acts of "Panjandrum," will sing at the Sousa Band Concert at the Exposition, and at the conclusion of the performance of "Panjandrum"

MR. SOUSA AND HIS BAND

Will play the Washington Post March and other numbers from the stage of the Grand Opera-house.

Next week—Nat C. Goodwin in "Missouri."

The Hagan To Night

MATINEE SATURDAY.

The Comedian, H. E. GRAHAM, in his latest Comedy Success, "AFTER THE BALL."

Next Sunday—Prof. Keller and Wife. Tel. 771.

POPE'S—To-Night

Matinee Saturday. 25c and 50c. H. B. LEAVITT'S SPIDER AND FLY. Matinee Saturday 25c and 50c.

Next Sunday—8 Bells. Tel. 1470.

HAVLIN'S—To-Night.

AGNES WALLACE VILLA in THE WORLD AGAINST HER.

Next Sunday Matinee—Finnegan's Ball.

STANDARD—TO-NIGHT.

Wahlund and Johnson, Sweden's Representative Samsons, in conjunction with GUS HILL'S NOVELTIES.

$1,000 for their equal.

Next week—Rogers Bros.' Comedians.

MUSIC HALL, MARCH 10th, Matinee and Evening.

Sousa's Grand Concert Band.

Reserved seats, 25c and 50c, Bollman's, 1100 Olive sts.

MUSIC HALL.

Saturday Matinee Combination.

SOUSA'S BAND AND De Wolf Hopper

Will Exchange Compliments. De Wolf Hopper sings one song at Sousa's matinee and Sousa's Band play the closing number at the "Panjandrum" matinee.

Women Must Sleep.

If they only could sleep eight hours every night and one hour every day—

Their freshness and beauty would continue to the end.

Years would be added to their lives.

All derangements of the uterus or womb, ovarian or kidney troubles, uterus tumors, spinal weakness, irregularity, indigestion, exhaustion, or "displacement," drives the nerves wild with excitement, and sleep is impossible.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the one sure remedy. It has saved thousands, and will save you. It strengthens the womb, removes all pain, and you sleep like a child.

For kidney troubles in either sex it is unequalled.

Pure, harmless, and sure.

THE PASSION PLAY.

A Movement to Suppress Its Production on Long Island.

NEW YORK, March 9.—District Attorney Noble of Queens County will decide, after a private view of the play to-morrow, whether or not there may be a second public performance of a Passion pantomime presented last Sunday evening in St. Mary's Hall, Winfield, L. I., by the choir of St. Mary's Roman Catholic Church.

The pantomime was arranged by Anthony Schmitt, a member of the choir, who witnessed the Oberammergau Passion Play some years ago, and in his adaptation he assumed the character of the Savior. The Sunday Observance Society asks that further performances of the pantomime be forbidden.

MIRTH, magnificence, melody, "Panjandrum," at the Grand.

Bill Against Hazing.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 9.—The New York State Senate Judiciary Committee reported unanimously in favor of Senator Coggeshall's bill, defining hazing as a criminal offense. The author of the bill said, introducing it: "If there is any one thing that should hasten this bill through it is the fact that the authorities, the people and the college officials at Ithaca seem disposed to hush up the late outrage by Cornell students and let the culprits go. The ring-leaders in that affair are no less murderous and no better creatures than the men who shot down Republicans at the city polls."

ONLY four more performances of "Panjandrum" at the Grand. De Wolf Hopper's funniest effort.

WANTED IN WARRENSBURG.—Fred F. Fisher was arrested at 4227 Gamble avenue by Detectives King and Tebeau on a charge of being a fugitive from justice. He is wanted in Warrensburg, Mo., on a charge of seduction. Miss Clara M. Carpenter under a promise of marriage.

STEAMSHIPS.

Hamburg - American PACKET CO.

FAST LINE TO LONDON AND CONTINENT.
Twin Screw Express Steamers of 13-16,000 horse-power.

NEW YORK, SOUTHAMPTON, HAMBURG.

Aug. Victoria, March 29, 11:30 a. m.	Augusta Victoria, May 31, 2:30 p. m.
Fuerst Bismarck, April 12, 10:30 a. m.	Normannia, June 7, 9 a. m.
Columbia, April 19, 4 p. m.	Fuerst Bismarck, June 14, 3 p. m.
Augusta Victoria, May 3, 3:30 p. m.	Columbia, June 21, 8 a. m.
Normannia, May 10, 9:30 a. m.	Augusta Victoria, June 28, 1 p. m.
Fuerst Bismarck, May 17, 3:30 p. m.	Normannia, July 5, 8 a. m.
Columbia, May 24, 9 a. m.	Fuerst Bismarck, July 12, 1:30 p. m.

Low winter rates during March and April.

REGULAR SERVICE TO HAMBURG DIRECT.

Rhaetia, March 22, 10 a. m. Bohemia, March 27, 10 a. m.

1st Cabin, $45 upward. Steerage at low rates.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN PACKET CO., 37 Broadway.

International Bank of St. Louis Agent for St. Louis

Trouble Among Theosophists.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 9.—When Hierophant W. Q. Judge, the theosophist oracle, arrives in this city, he will be called on to settle something very like a scandal. Mrs. A. W. Griffin, wife of the Pacific Coast lecturer of the society, holds a package of very sweet letters written to him by Mrs. Vera Stanislaus Beane, Secretary of the San Francisco Society who "hopes for mutual felicity when hands are free from present fetters." Judge will be asked to force Mrs. Beane out of office, or face the alternative of the presentation of her letters to the coming convention. As Judge is Mrs. Beane's friend and admirer, a scene in the convention is expected.

Bright New Pennies

Fresh from the mint, for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the POST-DISPATCH.

"QUICK MEAL" WROUGHT STEEL RANGES. RINDEN STOVE CO. 414 N. BROADWAY.

WANTS MORE TIME.

Judge Valliant Will Not Decide the Newman Case Monday—Court News.

Judge Valliant announced to the attorneys in the case of Paul Newman that he would not decide the habeas corpus case submitted to him on next Monday as was expected, and that it would not be necessary to produce the child in question, Ethel Newman, in court that day as the instructions directed. Judge Valliant said that the future life of the child was a matter of such weight and gravity that he would not be able to give the case the proper attention by next Monday.

Miltenberger Sued on a Note.

Henry M. Noel filed a suit this morning in the Circuit Court against John J. Miltenberger, Emil S. Guignon and the Florida, Hammett & Crosswhite Real Estate Co. The plaintiff claims that he bought a note for $3,000, made by John J. Miltenberger payable to the Florida, Hammett & Crosswhite Real Estate Co. and indorsed by them to the plaintiff. The note, Mr. Noel claims, has not been paid and he sues for it in consequence.

DRANK CARBOLIC ACID.

Virgie Rollins, a Society Belle, Suicides—Disappointment in Love.

GAINESVILLE, Tex., March 9.—Miss Virgie Rollins, a society belle at Valleyview, ten miles south of here, committed suicide last night by drinking water containing carbolic acid. She left a note to her parents asking forgiveness.

Disappointment in love is said to be the cause. Ten months ago Miss Rollins made a similar attempt but was frustrated by the timely arrival of her father.

OPENED TO SETTLEMENT.

Provisions of Mr. McRae's Bill on Indian Reservation Lands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—Representative McRae has introduced in the House a bill providing that all lands included within the limits of any Indian reservation, the disposal of which has been heretofore, or may be hereafter authorized by agreement, contract or treaty with any Indian tribe, or by any law of the United States and not already opened, shall be opened to settlement and entered under the provisions of the bill.

The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to cause public surveys to be made of all lands in the reservations referred to where this has not already been done, and also cause town sites to be located and surveyed.

The President is authorized to attach any reservation or any part thereof to any existing contiguous land district, or he may organize separate land districts. Provision is made for the disposition of all lands in the reservations not needed for allotment to Indians.

IMMIGRANTS IN 1893.

Arrivals at New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—A statement has been prepared by the Immigration Bureau, showing the number of immigrants who arrived at the ports of New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Baltimore from foreign ports during the calendar year 1893.

The whole number is shown to have been 631,712, and these, it is said, represent at least four-fifths of the whole number who arrived at all American ports. The port of embarkation and the number at each are also given as follows: Liverpool and Queenstown, 101,051; Bremen, 98,739; Naples and Marseilles, 50,065; Hamburg, 87,167; Antwerp, 83,442; Rotterdam and Boulogne, 26,078; Glasgow and Londonderry, 24,683; Reisenberg and Goldenborg, Sweden, and Christiana and Christiansland, Norway, 20,185; Havre, 15,687; Southampton, 11,269; Genoa and Gibraltar, 8,986; Amsterdam, 8,532; Lisbon and The Azores, 3,240; Palermo, 642; St. Michaels, Azores, 546.

On the Curb.

Wheat—May, 56¼c. Puts—56¼@56⅝c. Calls—56¾@57c.

Boy Burned to Death.

STAUNTON, Ala., March 9.—Yesterday evening Jack Williams, little son of Abner Williams, found a bottle of cologne on his mother's working table and proceeded to hammer the grate of an open fireplace with it. The bottle broke, the cologne spattered over the boy's clothes and caught fire like oil. The boy died from his injuries.

Long Overdue.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., March 9.—The British ship Somali, the largest sailing vessel flying the English flag and the largest carrying ship in the world, is long over-due from Hongkong. The Somali is now out 126 days. The greatest anxiety is felt for her safety.

Marine.

QUEENSTOWN, March 9.—Arrived: Steamer Pavonia, Boston for Liverpool; steamer Berlin, New York.

LIVERPOOL, March 9.—Arrived: Steamer Germanic, New York, via Queenstown.

Marriage Licenses.

Louis Glass ..... 2012 Cherokee st
Katie Kuhnle ..... 2700 Indiana av
Albert Dixson ..... 4354 Cottage av
Jessie Williams ..... 4354 Cottage av

Granville A. Duncan ..... Walter and Iron sts
Annie Barrett ..... Walter and Iron sts

Chas. E. Geming ..... Chicago, Ill
Jessie G. Lawrence ..... Chicago, Ill

Charles E. Gerrang ..... Chicago, Ill
Sadie G. Lawrence ..... Chicago, Ill

Frederick W. Gronemeyer ..... 1900 Dodier st
Emma Hartmann ..... 1900 Dodier st

PURE 18-KT. GOLD WEDDING RINGS,
MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.

DEATHS.

DEMARTINI—March 8, at 3 p. m., MRS. MARY DEMARTINI, beloved wife of Paul De martini.

Funeral from family residence, No. 1331 Gay street, March 10, at 2 p. m. Friends of the family invited to attend.

GEARY—March 7, after a painful illness, WILLIAM GEARY, relict of the late Johannah Geary, and beloved father of Mamie, Hattie, William, Agnes, John and Mrs. J. Hoerr, aged 49 years.

Funeral from family residence, 2302 Montgomery street, Sunday, March 11, at 1:30 p. m., to Sacred Heart Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Deceased was a member of Sacred Heart Branch, No. 134, C. K. of A.

Albany and Troy (N. Y.) papers please copy.

GORMAN—At Shreveport, La., on the 7th inst., FRANK P. GORMAN, son of the late Capt. Patrick Gorman.

Interment in Calvary Cemetery, St. Louis.

KICKER—On Friday, March 9, at 4:40 a. m., MINNIE KICKER, aged 43 years, beloved wife of Henry W. Kicker.

Funeral from family residence, 1636 Biddle street, Sunday, March 11, at 2 p. m. Friends of family are invited.

MURPHY—PATRICK J. MURPHY, on Thursday, March 8, at 10 p. m., beloved husband of Margaret Murphy, and father of Mary A., Patrick J., Joseph J., Thomas A., Mrs. D. A. Falory and Mrs. Margaret Oughten, aged 54 years.

Funeral will take place from his late residence, 906 North Twenty-first street, Sunday, March 11, at 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

PORTER—On Thursday, March 8 at 4:30 a. m., after a lingering illness, MARGARET PORTER, wife of Samuel Porter, aged 73 years.

Funeral services at residence, 918 North Fifteenth street, at 2 o'clock p. m., Sunday, March 11. Friends are invited to attend.

Iowa and Cincinnati papers please copy.

Marriage, Birth and Death Notices,

When inserted in the POST-DISPATCH, will be telegraphed to the NEW YORK WORLD for insertion in that journal, without extra charge, when so requested.

COMMERCIAL.

Regular Cash Market Price To-Day.

	To-day.	Yesterday.	Year Ago.
WHEAT.			
No 2 red	54⅝	54⅝@55	65½
No 3 red	53½	53	63@63½
No 4 winter	50½	51	59 a
No 2 hard win.	52 b	52 b	62
CORN.			
No 2	33⅝@34	34 @34⅛	37½
No 2 white	34⅝	35	38
No 3	33½	33⅝	36½@36⅝
OATS.			
No 2	31½	31 b	32½
No 2 white	34½	34 n	35
No 3	30 b	30½	31

Future Prices.

	Closing Yesterday.	Highest Sales.	Lowest Sales.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
May	56⅞ a	56⅝	56⅝	56½ b
July	58½ a	58⅝	57⅝	58 b
CORN.				
Mar	34 n	34	34	34
April	34½ n			34½ n
May	34½ b	34½	34½	34⅝@34½ b
June	35 a			34⅝ n
July	35¼	35	35	35¼ b
OATS.				
May	31½ b	31	31	31

CHICAGO—Reported by Gaylord, Blessing & Co., 307 Olive street.

WHEAT.				
May	60¼	60@60⅛	59⅝	59⅝ a
CORN.				
May	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛	37⅛ b
OATS.				
May	31	31	30⅛	30⅛ a
PORK.				
May	11.60	11.50	11.37½	11.40
LARD.				
May	6.92½	6.87½	6.77½	6.82½
SHORT RIBS.				
May	6.05	6.02½	5.92½	5.92½

CHICAGO—Wheat—May, 59⅞c a; July, 61¼@61⅝c. Corn—May, 37¼c b; July, 38⅛c a. Oats—May, 30⅝c a.

PORK—March, $11.30; May, $11.40; July, $11.45. Lard—March, 6.90c; May, 6.82½c; July, 6.72½c. Short ribs—March, 5.87½c; May, 5.92½c; July, 5.92½c.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow—Wheat, 60 cars; corn, 206 cars; oats 142 cars.

NEW YORK—Wheat—May, 63⅛c; July, ——. Corn—May, 42⅞c a. Oats—34⅜c.

TOLEDO—Cash, 58½c; May, 60⅜c; July, 62c.

MINNEAPOLIS—Wheat—May, 58¼@58⅝c; July, 59¼c.

Grain Inspections.

WHEAT.	In Sacks.	In Cars.	Out Cars.	Out Bu.
No 2 red winter	.....	2	24	.....
No 3 red winter	.....	5	13	.....
No 2 hard winter	.....	.....	3	.....
No 3 spring	.....	1	.....	.....
Total wheat	.....	8	40	.....
CORN.				
No 2	.....	47	24	.....
No 3	.....	3	.....	.....
No 4	.....	1	.....	5,000
No 2 yellow	.....	1	.....	.....
No 2 white	.....	10	6	.....
No 3 white	.....	1	.....	.....
Total corn	.....	63	31	5,000
OATS				
No 2	.....	5	6	.....
No 3	.....	2	.....	.....
No 4	.....	.....	1	.....
No 2 white	.....	2	1	.....
No 3 white	.....	8	1	.....
No 4 white	.....	1	2	.....
Total oats	.....	18	11	.....
RYE.				
No 2	.....	1	.....	.....
No 3	.....	.....	1	.....
Total rye	.....	1	1	.....
Grand total	.....	90	83	5,000

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	To-day.	Yesterday	Year Ago.
Wheat, bu	4,345,760	4,351,004	4,947,083
Corn, bu	922,117	931,862	1,750,806
Oats, bu	19,009	28,317	57,580
Rye, bu	2,237	2,687	31,472
Barley, bu	27,752	27,752	26,526
No 2 red win wheat	3,747,122	3,753,894	3,696,940
No 2 corn	740,368	759,499	1,544,921
No 2 white corn	128,081	126,890	62,426
No 2 oats	12,499	16,526	74,075
No 2 rye	1,310	1,759	26,899

Movement of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	7,800	96,090	1,005	176,998
Chicago	43,464	279,483	28,900	215,500
Toledo	10,640	27,564	1,000	3,500
Detroit	10,093	2,781		
Kansas City	20,800	37,800		
Minneapolis	23,400	1,950	3,250	
Minn'polis	181,660	17,360	22,110	11,400
Duluth	42,913	31,229		
New York	1,950	8,450	134,834	4,225
Boston	11,871	115,210	8,000	229,286
Philadel'ha	5,884	11,089	5,666	27,516
Boston		9,082		

SHIPMENTS OF FLOUR—St. Louis, 7,536 bbls; Chicago, 14,598 bbls; Detroit, 585 bbls; Milwaukee, 15,673 bbls; Minneapolis, 21,898 bbls; New York, 7,880 bbls and 39,078 sks; Baltimore, 59,705 bbls; Philadelphia, 5,000 sks.

Future Sales To-Day.

Wheat—May—150 at 56⅝c, 20 at 56⅝@56⅞c, 370 at 56⅞c, 40 at 56⅝@56⅞c, 120 at 56⅝c, 50 at 56⅝@56¾c, 45 at 56¾c. July—30 at 57⅝c, 20 at 57⅜@58c, 25 at 58c, 5 at 58¼c.

Corn—March—5 at 34c. May—10 at 34½c, 55 at 34⅝c, 10 at 34⅜@34½c, 45 at 34½c. July—50 at 35c.

Oats—May—40 at 31c.

ON CHANGE.

Grain.

Wheat—Weakness was prominent in the market this morning, but there was only a decline and no large quantities for sale, though at times considerable pressure was brought to bear on the selling side. A reaction of ⅛c from this early decline was short-lived and prices went ⅛c below the previous low point, later showing little change, but closing with buyers ⅜c below yesterday. It was a waiting market all day—waiting for the Government report. The principal cause of this morning's weakness and decline was a quick break in Chicago, where New York was selling heavily, but the fine weather in winter wheat districts and the generally favorable reports on the crop made local traders bearish, and they were more inclined to sell than to buy. Receipts were well maintained, and at twelve points amounted to 260,000 bu. Foreign markets were steady to firm, were inactive and gave no bullish indications. A small rally followed the postings of 114,000 pkgs flour and 148,500 bu wheat cleared from five ports, as this was equally silent to 660,000 bu wheat, but was not maintained. The closing cables were all lower—Liverpool ½d for March, though spot steady, Paris 1c and Berlin about ½c, and domestic markets weakened again. There were any number of estimates out on the Government report on farmers' reserves, but the trade was not prepared to bank on any of them, preferring to await the official figures.

FUTURES—May opened at 56⅝@56⅞c, sold at 56⅝c, off to 56½c, to 56⅜c, to 56½c, to 56⅝c, to 56¾c, on call sold at 56½@56⅝c and 56¾c, after that sold at 56¾c, to 56⅞c, to 56¾@56⅞c, to 56⅜c, to 56½c, closing with latter bid. July opened at 58¼c, sold down to 57⅞c to 58c, and latter bid at close.

SPOT GRADES—Lower and quiet. No improvement to the local and outside buying, but an increased inquiry noticed and considerable figuring going on with city millers and representatives of Southern mills. No 2 red sold in United at 54⅝c on call, where 52¼c was bid for No 2 red, 50¾c for No 4 winter and 52c for No 2 hard winter in United.

Sales: No 2 red—2 cars and 5,000 bu in United at 54⅝c, 5 cars f o b E track p t. No 3 red—2 cars in C at 52¼c. No 4 winter—1 car in St L at 50¾c.

No 3 hard—Received, 12 cars—local. The market was quiet, with offerings light, the demand moderate and values averaging a little lower. Sales: Red winter—188 sks damp, mow-burnt and musty at 45c. 31 sks nondescript at 46c, 75 sks No 4 at 51c del. 126 at 52c. 225 choice at 54c del, 889 at 54½c. On trk—1 car No 4 at 51¼c, 1 car ungraded at 54½c. In East trk—1 car No 2 at 55½c.

CORN—To do nothing was about all the action there was to the speculative market the greater part of the session. There was no new influences to affect prices, and the market in its slight gyrations moved chiefly as did wheat, which was the controlling power. Receipts were moderate, and only 37 cars local out of 123 cars in. Cables from Liverpool ¼d higher and clearances from four ports 261,000 bu. The market eased off ½c, but at the lower rates more was wanted than for sale, and late the market was bid up so that nearly all the loss was recovered. The close was firm.

FUTURES—March sold at 34c on call. May opened at 33⅞@34c and sold to 34¼c to 34⅛c to 34¼c and then bid up to 34⅜@34½c without a sale. July sold at 35c, but at close 35¼c, was bid. No 2 white for May offered at 36c, bid 35c.

SPOT GRADES—While not salable at yesterday's rates, the market possessed considerable firmness and there was little to be had stamy decline. Exporters were still after supplies, looking chiefly for No 2, but the demand otherwise was limited. No 2 was salable regular at 33⅞c, and in St L and E side at 34c, which was paid for a lot in F. No 3 offered in C & St L at 33¼c, bid 33c for E side and F. No 4 regular at 32½c, bid 31½c for St L. No 2 white sold E side at 34⅝c, bid 34¼c for regular, 34⅜c for St L. No 3 do not offered and 33½c bid St L.

Sales: No 2—1 car in F and 1 regular at 33⅞c, 5,000 bu in F and 2 cars East Side at 34c, 10 cars from Star f o b East side at 34⅛c. No 2 white—2 cars East Side at 34⅝c. No 3—1 car in C and 2 in F at 33¼c.

SAMPLES—Milling corn in demand and firm. Sales: Special bin—1 car No 4 at 32½c. Track, this side—1 car colory white and 1 No 2 white at 35½c. 1 white at 36c. Sks rtd—920 at St Charles at 32c. Rtd lots on orders, 40 sks.

OATS—Though yesterday's bid was not obtainable within 1c, 70c all the May offered at 31c sold readily.

SPOT GRADES—No 2 offered regular at 31½c, bid 31½c and for No 3 regular 30c bid.

SAMPLES—Received, 11 cars. Very small offerings and an active local and fair order demand caused a strong and higher market. Local dealers were the main buyers of the white grades paying advances of ½@1c, according to the quality of the offerings. For the mixed grades there was a good inquiry for order account, as well as a fair demand for selections for local account. No 2 sold at 31½c for the average run in elevator, and choice No 3 Northern at 32c on track. No 3 scarce and wanted, a choice car selling at 31½c. Sales were as follows:

By sample in special bin—2 cars No 2 and 1 choice No 3 at 31½c, 1 No 3 white at 32c, 1 No 2 white at 33½c.

By sample on track—1 car ungraded white at 34½c, 2 No 3 white at 34c, 1 do at 33½c, 1 No 3 Northern at 33c, 5 No 2 white to arrive at 32½c, 1 No 2 at 32½c, 2 No 4 white at 32c. Sacked lots on orders 35@36c.

RYE—On Call 47c was bid for No 2 this and 47½c East side and later 1 car sold East side at 47½c. For regular No 3 43c was bid.

Barley—There was nothing to the market locally, but some large sales were made for Eastern account, of which all particulars were withheld.

Hay.

Received, 355 tons; shipped, 139 tons. The market was in about the same dull condition as it has been for several days. The demand was mainly local and light, buyers' wants being generally supplied with a single car, and buyers were not plenty. Prices drag along about the same rut, with trading largely in favor of the better grades.

Sales this side—Mixed 1 car badly stained at $6, 3 choice at $8, 1 clover at $7; timothy, 3 parts of cars, badly damaged, at $4.50; 1 prime at $8.50, 2 strictly do at $9, 4 choice at $9.50@9.6 strictly do at $10, 4 fancy at $10.50, 3 strictly do at $11. Prairie—½ car damaged at $5, 3 at $6.50, 1 at $7.50, 3 at $8.50, 5 at $9, 1 at $9.50. East Side: Timothy—1 car musty at $5, 1 at $8.50, 1 at $9.50, 4 at $10, 4 at $11. Prairie—2 cars coarse at $4.50.

Flour and Feed.

Flour—A steady, fair trade for both domestic and foreign account at unchanged prices. Sales: 1,200 bbls, 7 cars and 1,800 sks, partly for export, on p t.

Patent	$2 85@3 00	Choice	$1 85@2 00
Extra fancy	2 55@2 65	Rye flour	2 75@3 00
Fancy	2 15@2 25	Buckw't flour	5 75@6 00

Cornmeal—On orders, $1.80@1.85 ₱ bbl. Pearl meal, grits and hominy, $2.25@2.30.

Bran—Higher again. Southern buyers were after all offered and paid 70@71c f o b boat, and Eastern buyers to obtain supplies had to pay 71c East track. Sales: F o b boat—400 sks at 70c, 500 at 71c, 1,000 p t. East track—3 cars sld at 71c.

Provisions.

Market lower and weak and not much doing.

Pork—Standard mess selling at $12; on orders, $12.12@13.

Lard—Prime steam at 6.90c.

Bacon—Loaded shoulders, 6¾c; longs, 6⅞c; c'rib's, 6¾@7c; shorts, 7@7⅛c. On orders—Longs, 7⅛c; c'rib's, 7¼c; shorts, 7½c.

Dry Salt Meats—Shipping age f o b on cash orders—Shoulders, 5½c; longs and c'rib's, 5.95c; shorts, 6.10c; boxed, 15c higher.

Country Meats—Dry salted shoulders quotable at 5½c, sides 6@6¼c for light, 6¼c for heavy, hams at 6@7c. Bacon shoulders at 5½@6¼c, sides at 6½@7c, hams 11@12c.

Country Lard—Quotable at 5@6c, according to quality and state of pkgs.

Green Meats—Hams from block, 8½c; shoulders, 5¾c; bellies, 8@9c; boxed 15c higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1.15.

Lead and Spelter.

Lead—Easier and none offered for sale. Yesterday afternoon 100 tons sold at 3.05c, and to-day 5 cars desilverized at 3.05c, 2cars common at 3.02½c.

Spelter—Held at 3.50c, but no business reported.

ON THE STREET.

[The Post-Dispatch quotations are for lots in first hands, unless otherwise quoted. Orders are filled with choice goods and are higher.]

Fruits.

Apples—Small offerings, fair local demand and prices steady. We quote: Fancy high colored Eastern, $5.50@5.75; Baldwins, winesap and spies, $5@5.50; greenings and russets, $4.50@5 per bbl.

Strawberries—Receipts fair and for choice offerings the demand was about equal to the supply. Soft and overripe, of which there was considerable among the receipts, were neglected. We quote: Choice refrigerator receipts, 25@35c per quart; ordinary carrier receipts, 20@30c; soft and over-ripe less, according to condition.

Lemons—While the market was not quotably higher, a better demand prevailed and prices were firm, with an upward tendency. We quote: Fancy, $3.50@3.75; choice, $2.75@3.25 per box.

Oranges—Demand was active and prices ruled steady and firm. Jobbing lots showing good average of sizes, even if there was a fair sprinkling of russets mixed with them, sell readily at $1.90@2 per box, while all brights sell at $2.10@2.15 per box. Large orders dealers charge for repacked russets, $1.90@2.40; brights, $2@2.75; California Washington navels, $2.40@2.75; seedling, $2@2.25 per box.

Tangerines—Low in supply, good demand and firm at $3.50@4.25 per box.

Mandarines—Sell at $3@3.35 per box.

Grape Fruit—Supply light, demand good and prices better. We quote: Florida brights $3.25@3.50; russets, $2.50@2.75 per box.

Pineapples—Supply light and demand good at $3.00@3.50 per doz.

Bananas—We quote: Selections on orders—Small, $1@1.25; medium, $1.25@1.35; large, $1.50@1.75; jumbo, $2 per bunch.

Dates—New Persian Hollowson, 60-lb boxes, 5c per lb; fards, 12-lb boxes, 7c; 60-lb boxes, 5½c per lb.

Figs—We quote: New crop layers, 14c; fancy, 16c; bags, 9c lb.

California Fruits—Fair demand. We quote: Pears—Vicar, $2.35@2.50; winter Nellis, $2.50@2.75 per 46-lb box. Apples—$1.50@1.75 per box.

Malaga Grapes—Fair demand and steady. We quote: Extra fancy tinted, $9@10; fancy, $7.50@8; choice, $5.50@6; fair, $4.50@5.50 per bbl.

Cranberries—Supplies light; demand fair. Choice sell at $7 ₱ bbl and $2.50 ₱ box.

Dried Fruits—Unchanged and very little doing. Both offerings and demand light.

Sun-dried Apples.		Evaporated Apples.	
Choice quarters	5½@5¾	Quarter s	6 @ 6½
Inferior quarters	4¼@4½	Rings, dark	5 @ 5½
Peelings and cores	1½@1¾	Rings, choice	9 @ 9½
Chopped	3 @4	Peaches.	
Blackberries,		Sun-dried	3½@ 4
Choice	5 @5½	Evap., peeled	9 @10

Vegetables.

Potatoes—Receipts, 3,291 bu; shipped, 7,954 bu. Demand was good and prices were again higher. We quote: Carmans, 60@62c; burbank and rose, 62½@65c; early Ohio, 70@75c. Sales by track and delivered. Sales 1 car early Ohio at 73c per bu delivered.

Sweet Potatoes—We quote: home-grown, red Jerseys, $3.25, and Bermudas, $2.50 per bbl. Consigned slow at $1.50@2.50 per bbl.

Onions—Receipts, 725 bu; shipments, 1,074 bu. Choice and fancy offerings in good demand. Soft and overripe, of which there was considerable, neglected. We quote: Fancy red globe, 80@85c; fancy, 70@75c; choice, 55@60c. Sprouted and soft, 25@35c per bu. Sales: 182 bbls damaged red at $1.50 per bbl.

Asparagus—Light supply and good demand, 75c @$1 per doz.

New Beets—Receipts and demand fair at 35@40c per doz.

Celery—Offerings small, demand and prices steady. We quote: Home-grown, 55@65c; Southern, 40@45c, and blue ribbon, $1.00 per doz.

Cauliflower—Quotable at $2.50@2.75 per crate.

Cabbage—Receipts liberal and for choice offerings the demand was fair, but prices a shade easier. Florida arrivals in good condition and sold at $1.70@1.75 per crate on track and $1.75@1.80 delivered. Louisiana arrivals show some improvement in condition, although some over-ripe and damaged was still coming. Sales of Louisiana range $1@2 per crate, according to conditions. Sales: 2 cars Florida, at $1.70 per crate on track, 3 at $1.75 delivered, 1 Louisiana at $1.75 and 40 crates at $1.25 delivered.

Egg Plant—Salable at $6@10 per bbl; and $2@3 per doz on orders.

New Cucumbers—Culls sell at 25c, fancy Southern 90c@$1, and hot-house $1.75@2 per dozen.

Rhubard—New sells at 50c per dozen.

Lettuce—Home-grown sells at 85c per bu box; Southern, fresh receipts, $1.50@2; Alabama and poor, $1@2 per bbl.

Carrots—Now sell at 35@40c per dozen.

Horseradish—Good demand at $4 per bbl.

Parsnips—Fair sale at $2@2.25 per bbl.

Rutabagas—Free offerings, light demand and dull. Michigan at 25@26c and Canadian at 30c ₱ bu. On orders $1.35 ₱ bbl was charged.

Sauer Kraut—New sells at $5.50 ₱ bbl and $1.75 @1.80 ₱ ½-bbl.

Spinach—Fair sale at 75c ₱ bu for home-grown and 50@60c per box for Southern.

Kale—Selling at $2.50 ₱ bbl. Consigned, 40@50c per box.

Turnips—New Southern, 35@40c ₱ doz.

Tomatoes—Light receipts, good demand and higher. We quote: Florida, 6-basket crates, $3.50@4.50; fancy large more; bu boxes, $1.50@2.50.

Poultry and Game.

Dressed Poultry—There was a fair demand for choice fresh dressed poultry and such sold at steady prices. Rough and poor stock of all kinds was neglected.

Turkeys.		Chickens.	
Hens, per lb	8½@ 9	Choice	8½@ 9
Large and rough	7 @ 7½	Undrwn	7 @ 8
Undrwn	7 @ 7½	Large and rough	5 @ 6
Ducks.		Geese.	
Drawn	8 @10	Choice fat	7 @ 7½
Undrawn	7 @ 8	Rough and poor	5 @ 6

Live Poultry—There was no material change to note, yet the feeling was not so strong as yesterday. The demand otherwise was about equal to the supply. The receipts, while not large, showed signs of increasing.

Chickens.		Turkeys.	
Hens, per lb	7 @7½	Choice small	7½
Young roosters	5½	Large gobblers	6½
Old roosters	3½	Geese.	
Ducks.		Choice feathered	5
Poor to choice	7½@8	Plucked	4@4½

Game—Receipts light and generally out of condition. Demand for choice sweet offerings about equal to supply at steady prices, but for the damaged or hanging well game. We quote: Choice Ducks—Mallards, drawn, $2; undrawn, $2.50; teal, $1.50; mixed and wood, $1. Pigeons and squabs, $1.25; Snipe, $1.50. Rabbits, 75c; jack rabbits, $1.25. Squirrels, 35@50c per doz. Frog legs, small, 50c; large, 75c per doz.

Live Veals—Supply fair and selections of fancy there was a fair demand at unchanged prices. Medium and poor dull. We quote: Fancy 5c, choice 4½c, medium 3½c, heretics rough and shin 2@2½c per lb.

Sheep—Dull at 2@2½c per lb.

Spring Lambs—Fair request; choice fat wanted at $2@3 per head.

Butter and Cheese.

Butter—There was a better tone to the market and the demand showed some improvement, fresh creamery being in best request. The supplies of the most desirable grades are moderate, consequently reduced. The lowest grades continue to rule dull.

Creamery.		Dairy.	
Separator	20	Good to choice	15@17
Gathered cream	16@17	Seconds	11@13
Fancy Elgin	23@24	Roll.	
Country packed	8@ 9	Near-by make	8@ 9
Fair to choice	7@ 9	Northern	12@13

Cheese—Quiet. Full cream, twins, 12¾c; singles, 13c; Young America, 13c; small orders ½c higher; Southern Wisconsin, twins, 8½@9c; singles, 9@10c; brick, 12c; limberger, 10½@11c; Swiss, choice, 13@14c.

Seeds and Castor Beans.

Grass Seed—There was a further advance in both clover and timothy, and the moderate offerings were quickly cleaned up. Clover ranged from $7.50@8.00 for fair to $8.25@8.50 for prime—weedy, frashy, buckhorn mixed and otherwise inferior less; timothy at $3.75 to $4.25; millet at 50c to 70c; red top at $2.50 to $3; Hungarian at 75c@$1. Sales: Part car timothy at $4.20, 14 sks clover at $7.25, 13 at $8.15, 27 at $8.20, 9 at $8.25, 15 at $8.27, 10 at $8.30, 16 at $8.35, 13 at $8.37, 10 at $8.38, 4 at $8.41, 8 at $8.42½, 26 at $8.43, 9 at $8.45, 8 at $8.50.

Flax Seed—A car sold at $1.30.

Hemp Seed—Quotable at $1.25 per bu, pure test.

Castor Beans—In demand. Prime salable at $1.50 per bu in car lots; small lots less.

Onion Sets—Tops quotable at $3.50@3.60 per bu.

Furs, Wool, Hides, Feathers, Etc.

Furs—At the Hudsons Bay fur sales in London yesterday, black bear sold 7 per cent and brown bear 20 per cent lower than a year ago.

There was a fair demand for the light offerings at about steady rates. Some of the furs are showing the effects of warm weather and are running "springy."

	No. 1 Large	No 1 Med.	No. 2	No. 3	No. 4
Raccoon	$ 45	$ 35	$ 25	$ 15	$ 10
Mink	55	40	30	20	10
Fox, red	60	45	30	20	10
Fox, gray	50	40	30	20	10
Otter	5 50	4 00	3 00	1 50	50
Beaver	5 50	4 00	3 00	1 50	50
Bear	8 00	6 00	4 00	2 00	75
Wolf, prairie	50	40	30	20	10
Wolf, timber	1 50	1 00	50	25	10
Coyote	50	35	25	15	5
Badger	50	35	25	10	5

Skunk, black	90	Civet cat	10@20
Short stripe	60	Opossum	10@12
Narrow stripe	30	Muskrat	5@10
Broad stripe	15	Wildcat	10@30
Texas and Ter'ty.	15@35	House cat	10

Wool—A fair demand prevails for desirable grades at steady prices. Sales: 13 sks Texas on p t.

MISSOURI AND ILLINOIS.		TEXAS (6 to 12 months).	
Med. combing	15½@16	Medium	12 @14
Med. clothing	14½@15	Coarse and low	9 @11
Low and braid	13 @15	Fine medium	9 @11
Fine	10 @12	Light fine	9 @12
Burry	9 @12	Heavy fine	8 @11
WESTERN AND NORTHERN		Short and sandy	5 @ 8
Medium	12 @13	Southern burry	8
Fine medium	10 @11	TUB WASHED.	
Fine	8 @10	Choice	23
Heavy and low	7 @ 8	Low and coarse	17@19

Hides—The receipts are light and are selling fairly well at steady prices.

On selection.		Round.	
Green salted, No 1	3½	Gr salted, West	3
Green salted, No 2	2½	Southern	2½
Uncured 1c ₱ lb less.		D F, Tex & West.	6½@6¾
Dry flint, No 1	7	Ark & Southern	6 @6½
Dry flint, No 1	5½	Glue, green	1
Dry salted, No 1	5½	Dry glue	3
Dry salted, No 2	4½	Dry salted	4½@5

Feathers—Unchanged. Prime white, large sks, 34c; small sks, 35c; prime grse, 28c; old—X, 25@29c; XX, 15@17c; XXX, 9@11c; XXXX, 5@7c. Chicken—Dry picked, 3½c. Duck—White, 25c; dark, 20c. Turkey—Tall, 20c per lb; wing, 13c; pointers, 3c; tail-wing mixed, 15c; wing, tail and pointers mixed, 8c; turkey body, 2c; tare, 3 to 10 per cent.

Sheep Pelts—Full wool pelts sell at 40@50c each; small at 20@30c; shearlings, 10@15c; dry, 5@10s less; dry fallen, 4@5c per lb.

Deer and Antelope Skins—Quiet. Prime deer skins quotable at 20c; damaged, green and salted, half price; antelope, 12½@15c.

Goat Skins—Sell at 5@15c apiece.

Tallow—Firm. Prime run, 3c; No 2, 4@4½c; cake, 5½c per lb.

Grease—Yellow, 3½@4c per lb; brown, 3@3½c; grease butter, 3½@4c; rancid country lard, 4½c.

Beeswax—Firm. Prime, 25c per lb.

Roots—Ginseng, $2.35@2.50; extra large more; seneca, 27@30c; snake, 16@18c; golden seal, 15@16c; May apple, 1@1½c; pink, 15c; lady slipper, 5c; black, 3½@4c; angelica, 4@5½c; wahoo, bark of tree, 3c; bark of root, 9c; blood, 1½@2c; blue flag 4c.

Eggs.

Received, 1,358 cases; shippped, 2,473 cases. An easier feeling manifest, as the demand was rather tame and holders more anxious to sell. The receipts show signs of increasing, and the weather was more favorable for production. Sales were at 12½c per dozen, and closed weak, with a downward tendency.

Miscellaneous Markets.

Scrap Iron and Metal—Wrought, 35c; heavy cast, plow, steel and trimmings, 20c; malleable, screw plate and burnt, 15c. Brass—Heavy, 35; light, 25. Lead, copper, 16½; babbit metal and lead, $2.50; zinc, $2; pewter, $9.

Rags, Etc.—Rags, 60@75c ₱ 100 lbs. Old rope—No 1, $1.50@1.60; No 2, 90c; old bagging, 1½c.

Sacks—Burlaps, 2-bu, 5½c; 2½-bu, 5½c; 3-bu, 6½c; 4-bu, 7½c; 5-bu, 7½c; 6-bu, 8½c. Cotton, seamless,

ONLY A BIG DRUNK.

J. M. Ravold's House Was Not Burglarized as Supposed.

THE ALLEGED BURGLARS WERE ENJOYING A DRUNKEN ORGY.

They Had Been Invited to the House by Ravold, Who Sold Some of His Furniture to Keep the Party in Liquid Refreshments—Judge Claiborne Discharges the Defendants.

This morning in the Court of Criminal Correction the sequel to the arrest of Peter Martineau, William Dubois and Patrick Coughlan, on the charge of looting the residence of J. M. Ravold, the cabinet-maker at 3848 Patton place, on Feb. 22 last, developed when the three defendants were called for trial on the charge of burglary in the second degree and larceny.

On or about Feb. 23 last the residence of Mr. Ravold was abandoned by himself and wife. In fact the couple had quarreled and a separation had temporarily taken place. Mr. Ravold went out in search of his wife, who was living with a relative on Cass avenue, near Twenty-eighth street and, while out, got into a dispute and was arrested for carrying concealed weapons. When he fell into the hands of the police he circulated the report that his house had been burglarized several times and he carried the weapon to protect his property, he said. While Mr. Ravold was in the Second District Police Court, the neighbors around his home saw strange faces in his place. They surrounded the house and Officer O'Connor of the Sixth District, who came along, was called upon to arrest the supposed intruders. William Dubois escaped by jumping from a second-story window, but Peter Martineau, who was locked in a room, was captured. Later, Patrick Coughlan, who was charged with disposing of knives belonging to the Ravold household for whisky, was arrested, and Dubois called at the station to see Martineau and was arrested, and the key to the house was found on the latter jprisoner. Warrants for burglary in the second degree and larceny were then issued against the defendants, and this morning they were arraigned for a hearing. The court-room was black with witnesses on both sides.

WAS A DRUNKEN ORGIE.

Attorney Simon S. Bass appeared in behalf of the three defendants, and he brought out an entirely different story from the one originally told by the police. The facts brought out were quite ludicrous and such an orgy as took place in the house, as told by the participants, rivaled those of the Bacchanals of old. Such was the preponderance of evidence in behalf of Mr. Bass' clients that Judge Claiborne turned the prisoners loose before half the story was heard.

It appears that Ravold, after he and his wife separated, drifted into Shadbolt's saloon, on Easton and Marcus avenues, on Monday night previous to the arrest. There were present John Higgins, Ed McDonald, Wm. Dubois, a man named McDermott, Peter Martineau and Coughlan. Ravold, accoring to the story, got very intimate with the crowd, and finally invited them down to his house to have a good time. The invitation was unanimousIr accepted and with a supply of booze, some beer, a couple of decks of cards and other articles, they are said to have repaired to the house with Ravold. They had an elegant time, and it is said they lived on biscuit, fried meats and whisky, Dubois doing the cooking.

The first stock of provisions lasted only a day or so, and about this time the exchequer, being in need of reimbursement, Ravold adopted means to do it. He is said to have taken the stove, despite the protests of Dubois, the cook, and this, with the cupboard, he sold to a neighbor. When this fund was exhausted for liquids, Coughlan was sent out to a neighboring saloon to exchange some knives and forks for whisky. He did as directed, and returned with the article that kept the cockles of their hearts warm a few days longer.

THE PACE TOO FAST.

The party began to decrease after three days had passed, some of the crowd being unable to "fight" the fire-water any longer, and others being obliged to go to work. When Friday night came Dubois and Martineau and Ravold were still in charge, and the only reminder that others had been present were the several remaining, but empty, beer kegs which lay in the yard. On this evening Mr. Ravold went out in search of his wife, with whom he wished to effect a reconciliation. when he left he is said to have instructed Dubois and Martineau to watch the house and he even turned the key over to the former. While he was gone he fell into the hands of the law and then told the police that his house had been burglarized. Some of his neighbors seeing that Mr. Ravold was absent and thinking the strange faces they saw in the house were robbers, raised an alarm and surrounded the house. Dubois jumped out of a second story window and escaped, but Martineau and his companions were afterward captured.

EVERSMAN GIVES BOND.

The Liquor Dealer Will Meet His Divorced Wife's Action.

William Eversman, the liquor dealer at 208 South Broadway, against whom a warrant was issued yesterday, charging him with child abandonment, called at the Four Courts to-day and gave bond, Attorney S. S. Bass going on his bond. Mr. Bass will also represent Eversman in the case. Mrs. Emma Eversman, the divorced wife of Eversman, had the warrant issued. she lives at Carlisle, Pa. The Eversmans formerly lived at 2745 Armand street, in this city, and were divorced in 1886, Mrs. Eversman being the plaintiff. She has had charge of the children since Eversman remarried.

Mr. Eversman called at the Four Courts in person to furnish bond, and was quite indignant over the report that he had left the city. He says that he has had a great deal of trouble through his divorced wife which he in no way deserved, but he has forborne on account of the children. He is determined, however, he says, to fight the action which she has brought and hints at sensational developments.

Mr. Eversman claims that he has contributed toward the education of the children, who are girls aged 11 and 14 years. He stated that he has been out of the city on a business trip and did not know of the warrant against him until this morning.

DE WOLF HOPPER and "Panjandrum." Roars of laughter.

Death Certificate Not Honored.

A death certificate issued by Dr. Reber in the case of Bertha Belle Turner, a young colored woman, who died of peritonitis resulting from a fall, was not honored at the Health department this morning, and the case was referred to Coroner Frank for investigation. Miss Turner fell down stairs a few days ago at her late residence, 6108 South Broadway, and it is said that peritonitis set in after the accident and caused her death yesterday morning. Deceased was 19 years old and came here a week ago from Lebanon, Ill.

Missouri Corporations.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 9.—Secretary of State Lesueur to-day issued certificates of incorporation to the following companies:

Railway Mutual Savings and Loan Co., Kansas City; capital, $300,000.

Missouri Telephone Co., Clarksburg; capital, $30,000.

DE WOLF HOPPER will recite "Casey at the Bat" at each performance of "Panjandrum" at the Grand.

CLOPTON SWORN IN.

The New District Attorney Takes the Oath of Office.

Mr. William H. Clopton qualified as United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of Missouri, in the United States District Court this morning at 10 o'clock. Mr. George D. Reynolds, the outgoing District Attorney, advanced to the bar as soon as Judge Thayer took the bench and filed his accounts, which, he made oath, were correct. The accounts were approved, and Judge Thayer asked:

"Is there any further business?"

"I have the pleasure of introducing my successor, Mr. William H. Clopton," responded Mr. Reynolds. "And in this connection I desire to express my thanks to the court and to the officials for their courtesy and kindness to me during my term of almost five years. Now that the time has arrived when, under the law, I am to transfer the burdens of office to my successor, I wish to bespeak for him the same considerate treatment."

Judge Thayer, replying to Mr. Reynolds' remarks, said:

"I wish to bear testimony to your uniform efficiency in the performance of your duties. You have been faithful and painstaking."

Mr. Clopton then submitted his commission to Judge Thayer, who handed it to Mr. Morgan, the clerk, to be filed. Mr. Morgan then administered the oath of office, the new District Attorney swearing to support the Constitution of the United States and to perform faithfully the duties of the office. Judge Thayer asked Mr. Clopton if he had any business to present. He answered that he had not and court adjourned until to-morrow morning. Mr. Clopton took possession of the suite of rooms which are the offices of the District Attorney. Mr. Reynolds has resumed his practice, but he will be obliged to devote much of his time to the duties which fall to him as special master in the St. Louis & San Francisco Railway receivership, an office to which he was appointed by Judge Caldwell. Mr. Medford H. Cahoon, who was Mr. Reynolds' first assistant, will remain in office for a few weeks yet. Mr. Johnson, the second assistant, will return to his general practice.

Mr. Clopton has recommended to the Department of Justice for appointment to the positions of First and Second Assistant District Attorney Wm. S. Anthony of Potosi, Washington Co., and W. E. Coles of St. Louis. Mr. Anthony is a graduate of the St. Louis Law School, and he has practiced extensively at his home. Mr. Coles is a graduate of the University of Virginia and of the St. Louis Law School, and has practiced in St. Louis for seven years. He has been associated with the firm of Cunningham, Elliot, Stewart & Phillips, and also with Gist Blair.

A Nebraska Bank Case.

A transcript of the record in the suit of Thomas Bailey against Charles W. Masher, Homer Wash, Rolla O. Phillips, Charles E. Yates, Horace P. Homer, Ambrose P. Stewart and Richard C. Outcalt was filed in the United States Circuit Court to-day on a writ of error from the United States Circuit Court for the district of Nebraska. The Plaintiff's petition is for judgment for $11,500, together with interest on $9,500, from Oct. 11, 1892, and on $2,000 from Dec. 11, 1892. The defendants are directors and officers of the Capital National Bank of Lincoln, Neb., which failed Jan. 23, 1893. The plaintiff alleges that before he made loans to the bank, amounting to $11,500, represented by certificates of deposit, he read official statements of the bank's condition which were untrue and unreliable. The suit was filed in the District Court of Lancaster County, Neb., and was transferred to the Federal Circuit Court, where the defendants filed demurrers, which were sustained.

YELLOW FEVER AT RIO.

Mortality Said to Be Terrible—Attitude of British Naval Vessels.

LONDON, March 9.—Mr. Christopher Furness, Member of Parliament for Hartlepool and head of the firm of Furness, Withey & Co., steamship builders and ship-owners, has received the following cable message from Rio de Janeiro in connection with the yellow fever's ravages, addressed to him by the Masters of the British steamships now at that port:

"The American navy is rendering the necessary assistance in landing the sick and supplying them with water. Our navy refuses to grant such assistance. Can you do anything in our behalf? Mortality terrible. Only hospital available is ten miles from anchorage."

Mr. Furness, immediately upon receipt of this cablegram, telegraphed to the Foreign Office asking that instructions be sent to the British commander at Rio Janeiro, ordering or authorizing him to render the necessary assistance.

Mr. Furness added that the conduct of the British navy at Rio Janeiro during the past three months was such that he was inclined to move an adjournment next week of the House of Commons in order to discuss the matter.

THE OLD HIGH SCHOOL.

F. L. Johnston Will Probably Purchase the Property—Another Suburban Line.

A deal is being negotiated in real estate row to-day whereby the old High School property at the northeast corner of Fifteenth and Olive streets will become the property of Mr. F. L. Johnston, who, it is said, has plans for its improvement with a first-class fire-proof hotel building. Mr. Johnston's agents admitted that there was a deal on of some kind, but refused to state what it was at present, or what Mr. Johnston would do with the site after he succeeded in buying out the other parties interested in the lease and option. Messrs. George and Edward Wolff and Simon Van Raalte, who purchased the old Central High School property at auction from the School Board in May, 1892, for $113,250 leased the property to Mr. F. L. Johnston and S. A. Davidson Dec. 26, 1892, for a term of ninety-nine years, at a rental of $9,075 per annum, or 5 per cent on a valuation of $180,000. The lessees under the terms of the lease were given an option to purchase the property outright within one year from the date of the lease for $180,000. Mr. Davidson is a resident of Minneapolis, and the report to-day is that he has sold his interest in the lease, which is a valuable one, to Mr. Johnston, and that the latter will improve the property at once. At present the property is bringing no rental, as it is still occupied by the old school buildings. The holders of the property will hardly keep so valuable a piece of property idle long as the interest on the money tied up in it is considerable. The old High School property has a frontage of 150 feet on the north line of Olive street by a depth of 109 feet.

Ice Chest Stolen.

A warrant was issued to-day against James Mattingley, charging him with stealing an ice chest last night from the ruins of the Udell Wooden Ware Co., at Twelfth and Locust streets, which was burned some days ago. Mattingley was arrested.

Back Again.

Mr. John Driscol, who for ten years was chief clerk or manager of the clothing department of the Globe Shoe and Clothing Co., and who has for the past three or four years been in business in Madison, S. D., has returned to St. Louis, the city of his first love, and has assumed the management of the clothing department of the Fair Shoe and Clothing House, southwest corner Seventh street and Franklin avenue.

Mr. Driscol has a very large personal acquaintance in St. Louis and a thorough knowledge of the Franklin avenue trade. His friends and old customers will find him ready to greet them on the second floor of this big concern, and to give them the benefit of his large experience and superior judgment when selecting their spring clothing.

MUST APPROVE IT.

The New Union Station Need Not Be Accepted.

BOARD OF PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS MASTER OF THE SITUATION.

The Permit Issued by Mayor Noonan Does Not Give the Depot People the Right to Violate Any Ordinance—Street Improvements Ordered—News of the City Hall.

The revival of the old controversy between the Board of Public Improvements and the Union Depot and Terminal Association was the subject of some amusing comment at the City Hall to-day. The attempt of the members of the board to shift the onus of the Union Depot Co.'s infraction of the ordinance on Mayor Noonan is considered ridiculous. Any permit which may have been issued by Mayor Noonan, while it would serve to protect the company from police interference, would certainly not validate any work done on the new depot, which was contrary to the terms of the ordinance. In the first place, the Mayor has no power to issue such a permit, and if the Depot company has violated the terms of its ordinance or, in fact, any city ordinance such a permit will not legalize the work. This is the view taken by City Counselor Marshall, and Dr. Taussig knows it as well as every member of the Board of Public Improvements.

It is known to be a fact that the Depot company has technically violated its ordinance in building two sentinel towers on a part of the Market street sidewalk. The old Board of Public Improvements knew that it was to be done and sought to prevent it, but Dr. Taussig bluffed them by stating that if the plans of the company were interfered with he would stop work on the building entirely, or at least leave the front unfinished and let passengers climb into the main entrance on the second floor by means of ladders.

Mayor Noonan expressed himself as favoring an early completion of the building and, doubtless, urged the company to go ahead with the work. This has been done and the towers are being built. As Water Commissioner Holman expresses it, when they are completed the Depot company will say, "Here is our building, what are you going to do about it?"

City Counselor Marshall, who gave an opinion on it, said: "My impression is that the old Board considered the whole matter too trifling to justify a stoppage of the work and so permitted it to go on. I do not think the traffic on the street will be materially impeded by the two towers, as there is an open passage way on the company's own ground through the porte cochere." By the terms of the Union Depot ordinance a final certificate of approval must be given by the Board of Public Improvements before the property dedicated vests in the depot company.

If there has been a material violation of the ordinance the board can refuse the certificate and the matter will have to be adjusted in the courts.

The same rule, it is said, will apply to the stationary awning or shed being erected over Eighteenth street. The Mayor could give no permit which would validate this, but the Board of Public Improvements can easily approve it after it is done, and it is said that Dr. Taussig is carrying out his plans on this basis.

Conservative members of the Board say there will be no serious friction, but the completion of the tower depot will ultimately result in the widening of both Market and Eighteenth streets.

Board of Public Improvements.

The Board of Public Improvements met this morning and approved ordinances for improving with lake asphalt Compton avenue, between Magnolia avenue and Shenandoah street, and Labadie street, between Euclid avenue and Marcus street.

A communication was received from John Mitchell stating that he would be compelled to withdraw his bid for constructing a section of the North Hill creek sewer, as he had made a miscalculation in his figures. Mitchell's bid was $4,884, and as it was the lowest bid he was awarded the contract. He will either have to accept the contract or forfeit his deposit of $250. In the latter event there will be another letting. The contract for the iron work on drawing chambers Nos. 1 and 2 at the Chain of Rocks was awarded to the Rankin-Fritsch Foundry and Machine Co. for $5,433. Supervisor of Lighting A. J. O'Reilly reported that there were two electric lights burning across Manchester avenue in front of Nos. 528 and 603, and also on Clayton avenue in front of 3910 and 3911 with lights attached to them for which no permit has been issud. The matter was referred to the Commitee on Streets.

A permit was granted to Thomas Manning to grade Clemens avenue from Belt avenue west to a point where the grade is established.

Some plans for subdivisions were approved and the board adjourned.

Carondelet Park Lake.

A committee of the Thirteenth Ward Improvement Association, in company with Park Commissioner Fechter and Sewer Commissioner Southard, visited Carondelet Park this afternoon. The object of the visit was to inspect the topography of the ground and select a favorable site for the proposed lake which the citizens of Carondelet wish to construct in the park by popular subscription. When the site is chosen a preliminary survey of it will be made and estimates furnished as to the probable cost. The ground is favorably located for the purpose and it is thought a large-sized lake can be put in at a comparatively small expense.

THE MOSQUITO COAST.

Interesting Facts Contained in a Letter From a Former St. Louisan.

Col. Ben Von Phul of St. Louis received a letter to-day from Dr. W. F. Thornton, a physician well known a nd largely interested in St. Louis properties, who is now at Bluefields, Nicaragua, the place near where the Kearsarge was lost off the coast of Central America. The doctor's letter throws some light on the political situation in Nicaragua, which will be of interest. His letter to Col. Von Phul is as follows:

"Here I am in Central America again, and it is 'stirring times' just at present. It is now midnight, and I must report for duty at 4 o'clock a. m. I have just returned from a coast trip and have many letters to write to the members of my family, now so scattered; so I ask your indulgence for this note.

The loss of the Kearsarge was a severe blow to all American interests here. Much of our trouble would have been prevented had she been here.

I say to you absolutely that there is no foreigner here, American, English or European, that has any money invested, who desires to see the Mosquito Government overthrown. It is detrimental to all of us, as you can readily see, to have a free government usurped by an aristocratic one; and a more despotic rule cannot be conceived than the rule of a Central American Republic (?). The Czar of the Russians is not in it."

Here Dr. Thornton's letter dealt in matters of interest to himself only. In conclusion the Doctor said: "If you wish you can over my signature notify the POST-DISPATCH of the condition existing here and the repugnance felt by all foreigners to the usurpation of the Nicaraguans. It is an outrage and I think will soon be corrected."

Watchman Drowned.

ALTON, Ill., March 9.—James Brennan, employed as a watchman on this end of the Alton bridge, fell off into the water this morning about 3 o'clock and was drowned.

His cries for help were heard by some fishermen along the levee, but before assistance arrived the man had disappeared. His body has not been recovered yet.

Come to the GLOBE To-Day and To-Morrow.

Just received—3000 Elegant Baltimore Tailor-made Dress Suits, Prince Alberts, Cutaways and Sacks, $12.50 to $25.00. No merchant tailor can reproduce same for less than double the amount. Boys' Suits, in styles and qualities innumerable, 95 cents to $15.00. Men's Pants, from a good Working Pants at 75 cents to the Finest Tailor-made at $7.50. Boys' Pants from 9 cents to the finest made.

Shoes for Everybody.

FREE—Imported Bohemian Queensware with every pair Ladies' Shoes, $2.50 and above.

—LATEST STYLES—

Men's, Boys', Ladies', Misses' and Children's Nobby Spring Footwear.

☞ *Prices the Lowest.*

Hats Given Away

For 3 Days Only.

Reg. $2 Fedora and Derby Hats, all colors, 95c
Regular $3 Fedoras and Derbys at.....$2.00

Nobbiest Line Children's Hats and Caps in the market.

A DRIVE IN BOYS' WAISTS AND PANTS

For 3 Days Only.

300 dozen Boys' Flannelette Waists 12c
Full line of the celebrated "Mother's Friend," "Sun" and "Star" Waists.
2000 pairs of Boys' Pants 9c

GLOBE-- Entire Half Block, N. W. Cor. Franklin Av. and Seventh St. **--GLOBE**

We close Evenings at 6:30, Saturdays at 10:30. Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled. Telephone 2840.

The Great Fire Sale of Shoes

Still Continues at **ALBRECHT'S.**

2,900 pairs sold in 5 days. They are only slightly damaged by smoke and water and will be **Sold at 25c per pair up.**

Sale closes Saturday at 10 p. m. Don't fail to come.

On Monday we reopen with a new stock Gents' Fine Shoes, and will continue to make Ladies' and Gents' Shoes to order as heretofore.

Look for Large Sign on Sixth St., bet. St. Charles and Locust.

LAWNS Use "Odorless Fertilizer" on your lawns and flowers, 10th to 200th bags. A. R. Mayer Mfg. Co., 1020 N. 13th st. Phone 3326.

WILCOX COMPOUND TANSY PILLS SAFE AND SURE.

Unscrupulous persons are counterfeiting Wilcox Compound Tansy Pills, the genuine are put up in metal boxes with registered trade mark of shield, accept no worthless nostrum, insist on the genuine, at all Druggists. Send 4 cents for Woman's Safe Guard and receive them by mail. Wilcox Specific Co. Phila. Pa.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves without the least exposure, change of diet or change in application to business. The medicine contains nothing that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Price $1 a bottle.

ROSEBERY'S POLICY.

Expected to Announce It In His Coming Speech at Edinburgh.

LONDON, March 9.—Lord Rosebery, the new Premier, will on March 17, make an address at Edinburgh, to delegates from the Liberal Associations of all parts of Scotland. Upon this occasion Lord Rosebery is expected to make an important pronouncIamento of the policy which his new Ministry intends to adopt.

The *Globe* discussing the address which Mr. John Redmond, M. P., leader of the Parnellite party, has issued to the Irish people, says, "Redmond and the faithful few who refuse to desert their leader know perfectly well that the recent events mean that home rule will be dropped and that the unholy compact between the McCarthyites and Mr. Gladstone will not advance their cause, while the only result has been that of causing Mr. Gladstone to leave the party in the lurch. If, personally it has been satisfactory to them, it has done nothing for the dollar providers and, unless, something is done, McCarthy, Sexton, Dillon and company will find their occupation gone."

Ministerial Crisis in the Netherlands.

THE HAGUE, March 9.—The Netherlands Ministry is expected to resign, as the Chamber has adopted an amendment to the principal clause of the Government reform bill. In consequence of the adoption of this amendment Premier Dr. G. Van Tienhoven has withdrawn the bill and is conferring with the Ministers.

Gladstone Recovering.

LONDON, March 9.—The health of Mr. Gladstone has greatly improved, and he is now pronounced to be on the high road to complete recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Gladstone have received autograph letters from the Queen, both messages being in the language of high appreciation of the services rendered to the country by Mr. Gladstone. The letter addressed by the Queen to Mrs. Gladstone is full of interesting reminiscences.

WEDDING PRESENTS—(New Things.)

CUT-GLASS, DOULTON,
SOLID SILVER WARES,
ROYAL WORCESTER AND DRESDEN,
PARIAN MARBLE WARES,
SILVER-PLATED WARE, AND CUTLERY,
MUSIC BOXES, SEVRES WARES,
CLOCKS, AND WATCHES,
DIAMONDS, JEWELS, ETC.

The low prices will please you.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Cor. Broadway and Locust.

☞ *Send for catalogue; 2,000 engravings.*

Her Mother Took Her Home.

Shortly before 12 o'clock last night Officer Dolan arrested Maggie Moore, aged 16 years, on complaint of a young man in whose company she was, at 812 North Eighth street, and who charged the girl with stealing $5 from him. He refused to give his name or prosecute. She was held and this morning said that her name was Mary O'Malley and that she lived at 1215 South Compton avenue. Her mother was notified, and she went to the Four Courts and took the girl home.

IDA FULLER'S marvelous dance, Grand Opera-house.

Marine.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Arrived—Steamer Trave, Bremen; steamer Wieland, Naples; steamer Belgenland, Antwerp.

The Children

Their little minds,
These busy times,
Are filled with bright ideas.
Yet they had no way
To give them play
Until there came the

"Midget."

To be found every Sunday tucked away in the folds of the Big

Sunday Post-Dispatch.

IT CONTAINS:

Fairy Stories, True Stories, Girl Stories, Boy Stories, Baby Tales, Puzzles, Games,
Society News, Letters, Editorials, Tricks, Free Want Ads, Pictures, Anecdotes.

Watch for It Next Sunday.

CUT GLASS FOR EASTER GIFTS

MERMOD & JACCARD'S, Broadway, Cor. Locust.

The Finest and Most Brilliant Cuttings OF THE WORLD-RENOWNED MAKERS.

Pretty Pieces from $2.50 to $75.00

Mermod & Jaccard's, BROADWAY, COR. LOCUST.

ST. LOUIS AND MEXICO.

Steamship Men Here to Establish Closer Relations.

Mr. Willis J. Best, Vice-President and General Manager of the New York, Mobile & Mexico Steamship Co., and Traffic Manager A. C. Michaelis of that company, met by appointment General Traffic Manager Y. Vandenburg of the Louisville & Nashville, resident at Louisville, at the Southern this morning.

The object of the meeting is to arrange for a closer connection between St. Louis and Mexican points. St. Louis merchants will have their attention called to this route more emphatically before these gentlemen leave the city,

Mr. Best was seen this morning while he was waiting for Mr. Vandenburg by a representative of the POST-DISPATCH.

"Our line of steamers, four to six in number, run regularly from Mobile to Tampico and other Mexican points," explained he. "It affords a quick direct connection with the Mexican Central Railway and the Monterey & Mexican Gulf Railways, making an active competitor of the overland routes. It has not been as active in the past, being a comparatively young line, as we mean it to be from now on. We ship freight from New Orleans, New York, in fact nearly all points east of the Mississippi and from St. Louis.

"It is the latter business that we are now determined to push. We think so much of the outlook here that our General Traffic Manager, Mr. Michaelis formerly Traffic Manager of the Mexican Central, is now resident here. We see no reason why St. Louis should not shut New York out of the City of Mexico and lower Mexican trade.

"Our company has excellent traffic arrangements with the Mobile & Ohio and Louisville & Nashville, forming a direct fast freight line. Mr. C. N. Osgood, Manager of the St. Louis Traffic Association, is in the closest, friendliest relations with us. Both he and we expect great things for St. Louis' trade in this matter. It is only three days by our route from Mobile to Tampico, and about thirty-six hours from St. Louis to Mobile.

Mobile's splendid harbor has no real competitor in the Gulf. As compared with the long overland route, with the troublesome Rio Grande customs regulations and delays, and the 1,000 miles of railway journey southward we believe there is all the advantage in our line. We shall talk over the matter with Mr. Vandenberg and St. Louis merchants before I return to New York."

WILL BE MODIFIED.

That Is H. B. Slaughter's Opinion of the Anti-Option Bill.

H. B. Slaughter, who was sent to Washington as the representative of the Merchants' Exchange to protest against the passage of the Hatch anti-option bill in conjunction with delegates from all the principal boards of trade in the country, returned last night in a contented frame of mind. He thinks the influence of the different commercial bodies has been most salutary on the Committee on Agriculture in the House of Representatives, and that when once more the bill comes up for action by the House it will be so materially changed that it will in no wise have an evil influence on legitimate speculation.

"Mr. Hatch treated us most cordially," said Mr. Slaughter this morning, "extending the time to be given us an extra day so that our labors were not completed until Wednesday night. He assured us publicly that he had no desire to curtail or injure the commercial interests of the country in any way, but that he would insist on those portions of the bill putting a practically prohibitory tax on bucket shops dealing in puts and calls and trading after hours.

"I have no reason to doubt his word that there is such a thing as legitimate dealing in futures when we have to protect our contracts. He told us that the bill would be revised, and that he would like the assistance of the Boards of Trade in making changes which would be in conformity with their rules and wishes. When this is done I feel sure there will be nothing at all objectionable in the measure."

Robert Ross' Funeral.

TROY, N. Y., March 9.—No funeral in this city, at least in recent years, has been so largely attended as was that of Robert Ross, the victim of Tuesday's election riot. Factories were closed and business generally was suspended. The remains lay in state in the Oakwood Avenue Presbyterian Church from 12 o'clock until 2 and were viewed by thousands of people.

EASTER CARDS AND NOVELTIES,

5c to $10.

See the exquisite and dainty things at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway, cor. Locust.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

Congressman Forman Surveys the Field for the Postmastership Race.

Congressman W. S. Forman, who came here yesterday to confer with local Democrats in regard to the appointment of Postmasters for East St. Louis and the National Stock Yards, is still in the city. He stated to-day to a representative of the POST-DISPATCH that he had not yet decided who he would recommend for the appointments, but would probably reach a conclusion this evening. For the city appointments the aspirants mentioned yesterday, W. P. Didlake, D. C. Marsh and M. F. Tissier are still in the race, and it is said that James J. Rafter, P. B. Concannon, John M. Sullivan and Joseph Vonnahme have about equal chances with them. Last night it was rumored that Mr. Sullivan would get the Congressman's recommendation to a certainty, but this could not be verified today.

A mass meeting of citizens of Centreville Station will be held at Geppert's Hall, to-morrow, when a report will be made by a committee recently appointed to examine the books of the township officers. It is said the committee has found some of the books to be in bad shape on account of clerical errors, resulting from carelessness, but no disordered no deficiency in funds. However, the exact import of the committee's return has not been made public and will not be known until to-morrow.

McDowell Post, G. A. R., has appointed a committee to assist in raising a fund for the erection of a soldiers' monument at Belleville. Other posts in the county are expected to do the same without delay, and the indications are that a sufficient fund will be gathered in a short time. The members of the committee of McDonald Post are D. D. Anthony, E. J. Eggman and Henry Clute.

Mrs. May Blair, wife of Thomas Blair of 813 Brady avenue, died last night, aged 36 years. Her death was caused by heart disease, but as she had been under the care of a physician there was no occasion for an inquest. The funeral will occur Sunday afternoon.

Lumpy jaw was discovered at the National Stock Yards yesterday among a lot of cattle shipped from the South. There were seven carloads of the cattle, which had been shipped from Little Rock, Ark., and a number of the animals were found to be afflicted. Quarantine regulations will probably be put in force at the yards this week.

James H. Kelley of Converse avenue will be a candidate for Supervisor at the election next month. Patrick Kelley of the Island, the present incumbent, will be a candidate for re-election.

John Murphy, a street fakir, was fined $200 by Justice Wilson to-day for selling "snide" jewelry. He was committed to the Work-house in default and sent to Belleville.

William Smith, a 16-year-old boy who had run away from his home at New Orleans, was arrested here by the police to-day.

Deputy Sheriff William Flynn of Edwardsville is here on business to-day.

An elocutionary contest for a medal will take place to-night at the Music Hall.

Belleville News.

Peter Herman, a coal miner who resided in the eastern part of the city, was the victim of a fatal accident which occured in the Brandenberger mine on the Carlyle road yesterday. A mass of slate fell on him and injured him so that he died within an hour after being removed to his home. He was 38 years of age and had a family. Coroner Campbell held an inquest to-day.

Mrs. Isabella Langtry obtained a divorce from John Langtry yesterday, in the Circuit Court on the grounds of cruelty.

Decrees of foreclosure were entered in the cases of the First National Bank of Litchfield against F. H. Murphy, and Victor Gauss against Anna Tindale.

Miss Clara Hay has returned from Galveston, Tex., where she spent several weeks with friends.

Lots 15, 16 and 17, in E. W. West's second addition to Belleville, were conveyed by Allis Hackett to W. L. Ranft yesterday for $2,800.

Robert Mitchell and Miss Lizzie Mitchell of Neodosia, Kas., are visiting friends in Belleville.

Jordan D. Partridge has returned from a trip through Southern Illinois.

James Rebhahn is in Belleville on a visit to his brother, Edwin Rebhahn.

Ferdinand Vonnahme and Mrs. Barbara Hiersdoerfer were married yesterday by Justice Ranft.

Four members of Garfield Lodge, No. 94, K. of P., took the amplified third degree last night.

Mrs. Charles Corts has gone to St. Louis to attend her husband, who was badly hurt by the falling of a scaffold on which he was at work at the Anheuser-Busch brewery. She will have her husband removed to his home in this city as soon as possible.

The Citizens' Building and Loan Association will hold a special meeting to-morrow night to elect officers.

The Independent Gun Club admitted several new members at a meeting last night.

Local Camp, No. 1,262, Modern Woodmen, will hold a regular meeting to-night.

Justice Medart fined Fritz Becker $3 for disorderly conduct yesterday.

Louis A. Winn and Mrs. Julia A. Obenhaus of East St. Louis were married in Belleville yesterday. Rev. G. W. Shepard performed the ceremony as the Belleville House.

The revival meetings in progress at the M. E. Church are said to have brought about upward of eighty conversions.

Articles of incorporation of the Illinois Packing Co. were filed yesterday in the office of the County Clerk. The company's capital is stated to be $30,000. The principal office is to be in Belleville.

Rev. C. N. Cate of Sparta is holding special meetings nightly at the Presbyterian Church here.

The Building Committee of the Board of Education inspected the heating apparatus of the new Douglas School-house yesterday.

ONLY matinee Saturday. "Panjandrum" at the Grand.

Too Much Liquor.

GREENUP, Ill., March 9.—James Sluder, aged 17 years, died this morning from the effects of overindulgence in liquor last night. The Coroner's inquest will be held to-day.

Cardinal Thomas Dead.

PARIS, March 9.—Cardinal Leon Benoit Charles Thomas, Archbishop of Rouen, died this morning.

Crime in Brief.

An effort is being made to secure the pardon of Charles W. Keesher, wrecker of the Capital National Bank at Omaha.

E. M. Ashford, well-to-do merchant, is on trial at St. Joseph, Mo., for passing counterfeit money in making an exchange.

The face of Miss Lulu Cavan of Atlanta is permanently disfigured by vitriol thrown by Mrs. Julia Oline, a jealous married woman.

Prof. W. N. Doyle, charged with burning Ash Grove (Mo.) College building, caused the arrest of Attorney Brock, who worked up the case against him. Brock is charged with false swearing.

A. F. Van Pelt, who killed Constable Cawiield on the street at Ash Grove, Mo., surrendered at Springfield and was admitted to bail.

John Hinton is on trial at Huntsville, Mo., for killing George Michael in a neighborhood battle about a year ago.

CLAIRETTE SOAP.

The publishers of the POST-DISPATCH reserve the right and privilege of revising or rejecting any advertisement left in their counting-room. In case of rejection money will be refunded.

LODGE NOTICES.

BELLEFONTAINE R. A. Chapter No. 78, will confer the Mark Master's Degree this evening at Broadway and Benton sts. Visitors welcome.
E. V. KYTE, Secretary. J. E. WILDER, H. P.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

Book-keepers.

BOOKKEEPER—Wants position; thoroughly competent, either as bookkeeper or assistant. N. A. S., 1101 Olive st.

Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORTHAND AND TELEGRAPH SCHOOL, OPEN DAY AND NIGHT, corner of Broadway and Market st. Personal instruction given in all departments. Book-keeping and banking taught by actual practice. Graduates are successful in getting employment. Send for circular. 36

Cooks.

COOK—First-class cook wants situation in private family; male. Address David Powell, 1542 S. 2d.

The Trades.

LASTING MACHINE HAND—Wants situation in shoe factory; can run lasting machine; will work for small wages and will give satisfaction; 3 years' experience. Address F 65, this office.

UPHOLSTERER wishes work in private houses; first-class work; charges reasonable; old furniture remodeled. Address R 59, this office.

Coachmen.

COACHMAN—Wanted position as coachman. Add. 3509 Olive st.

COACHMAN—Situation wanted by middle-aged gardner and coachman; understands early raising of vegetables; can make himself useful; city references. Address O 65, this office.

Miscellaneous.

HOUSEMAN—Middle aged man would like place in private family; understands care of horses and housework. Address D 65, this office.

MAN—A young colored man wants sit. in private family as dining-room man; not afraid of work; can give best of ref. Ad. E 65, this office.

MAN AND WIFE—Situation wanted by man and wife, middle-aged, competent, reliable, in private family; will go home at night if required; to worthy party go reasonable; city or suburbs. Add. K 66, this office.

YOUNG MAN—Wants work of any kind. Add. N Y 65, this office.

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

CLERK WANTED—A young man, good recommendations, quick and accurate figurer; none other need apply. Ad. G 66, this office.

IF you are seeking a high-grade position see us; we can assist you. 904 Union Trust Building.

MAN WANTED—A reliable young man to solicit for a very salable patent article; business experience and good references required. Apply at 510 Chouteau av.

SOLICITOR WANTED—We want an experienced solicitor with good record and are prepared to offer liberal inducements to a first-class man. Brilliant Sign & Novelty Co., 800 Pine st., St. Louis.

WANTED—A salesman; $20 to $50 weekly can be made with our goods in any locality; will prove it or forfeit $100; sal ary or commission as you prefer; 10 months of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. Address "Manufacturers," P. O. box 5306, Boston, Mass. 54

HAVE you tried "Harris'" $4 shoes? Judge their value by the months they wear. 520 Pine st. 54

$3.00 UP—Pants to order. Mesritz Tailoring Co., 219 N. 8th st., cor. Olive, 2d floor.

$12.50 UP—Suits and overcoats to order; Mesritz Tailoring Co., 8th and Olive

HAYWARD'S SHORT-

hand and Business College, 702, 704 and 708 Olive st.; day and night sessions. Phone 479.

The Trades.

BARBER WANTED—2905 Cass av.

BARBER WANTED—Barber at once. 721 Hickory st.

BARBER WANTED—For Saturday evening and Sunday. 1543 N. 18th st.

BARBER WANTED—Good barber for Saturday and Sunday. 545 S. Ewing av.

BOILERMAKERS WANTED to stay away from Bonne Terre, Mo., on account of reduction of wages. By order of branch 117.

DRAUGHTSMAN WANTED—Draughtsman, must be able to design and lay off work; address, stating reference, experience and salary expected G 65, this office.

MACHINE HANDS WANTED—First-class wood-working machine hands. Beattie Manf. Co., 2206 Pine st.

Boys.

BOY WANTED—For housework at 2724 Olive st.

BOY WANTED—Experienced boy to cut linings. L. B. Joslin Shoe Co., 1131 Collins.

BOY WANTED—Boy in clothing business residing near French Market; must speak German. Address B 66, this office.

Laborers.

LABORERS WANTED—10 stone masons and concrete laborers. Lindell av., west of Taylor av.; wages 25c per hour.

SLIPPER BINDERS WANTED — Immediately. 720 Carr st.

TEAMS WANTED—50 teams at 19th and Gratiot in the morning. T. O'Connor.

TEAMS WANTED—10 teams at Lindell Power-house, Vandeventer av. and Park av. Saturday morning. John A. Lynch.

Miscellaneous.

LAUNDRYMEN WANTED—Two, to iron new shirts at National Laundry, 3401 Laclede av.

MEN WANTED—10 men and 20 teams at burnt building, 12th and Locust, Saturday morning. John A. Lynch.

MAN WANTED—Man to work around place who understands milking and gardening. Apply to W 65, this office.

FREE TO ALL—A FINE ALBUM.

With each dozen of our Best Cabinets, Aristo finish, $3 a dozen. Albums given away on Sunday; Minnetts, $1 a dozen.
PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

GOVERNESS—A young English lady desires a situation as nursery governess or lady's help; the best of references given. Apply Box 494, Rolla, Phelps Co., Mo.

Clerks and Saleswomen.

SALESLADY—Lady lately reduced in circumstances wants work; experienced saleslady and shoe stitching. Call after 6 p. m. or address 3328 Locust st.

Cooks, Etc.

COOK—Sit. wanted in hotel or restaurant by a first-class meat and pastry cook; can give ref. Ad. 1810 S. Jefferson.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

DRESSMAKER—Sewing to do by good dressmaker; $1 per day. Address H 63, this office.

DRESSMAKER—First-class cutter, fitter and draper wishes few more engagements; terms during March, $1.50 per day. Address 2328 Pine st.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS—Wants laundry work or house cleaning first part of week; best of reference; rear 2606 Wash st.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER—A refined widow with daughter 9 years of age would like a position as housekeeper for gentleman; no objections to leaving city. Address O 64, this office.

General Housework.

HOUSEGIRLS—Situations by two neat and nice colored girls to work in a private family; good cooks. Address 1547 Gratiot st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. A. G. Brauer, 249 Locust st.

STOVE REPAIRS.

Castings and repairs for stoves and ranges of every description. J. Forshaw, 111 N. 12th st. 43

Nurses.

NURSE—Situation wanted by experienced nurse for children; competent to take entire charge of infant and do sewing. Address A 66, this office.

NURSE—A middle-aged German and French lady would like a situation as nurse and to assist in light up-stairs work. Add. T. N., Hermann, Mo., Post-office.

NURSE—Respectable young lady lately reduced in circumstances wants work; am experienced in nursing the sick, or will take upstairs work and sewing; reference. Ad. T 61, this office.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Miscellaneous.

GIRL—Wants situation; maid, up-stairs work, or sewing; will travel in the summer; reference if required. Add. Y 65, this office.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Teachers, Companions, Etc.

GOVERNESS WANTED—An educated young lady, from 18 to 25 years of age, to act as governess to a girl of 12; must be of amiable disposition, and in addition to overlooking the studies of her young companion must be willing to assist in light housework. Answer in own handwriting, stating nationality and references; good home, pleasant surroundings and good wages to right party. Address A 65, this office.

Stenographers.

TYPEWRITERS—Remingtons, Caligraphs, Smith-Premiers, Densmores, Duplexes, $25 up. Typewriter Headquarters, 509 Olive st.

Housekeepers.

HOUSEKEEPER WANTED—A working housekeeper for widower's family of small children. Add. S 65, this office.

General Housework.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework. 2842 Gamble st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for housework. 3415 Laclede av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—To do general housework. 4356 Cook av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—German, for general work. 4178 Morgan st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl for general housework. 3849 Windsor pl.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Competent white girl for small family. 2912 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—At once, girl to do housework and assist in laundry. 4523 Pine st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl from 15 to 17 to help in general housework. 2720 Thomas st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Girl to do general housework; ref. required. 913 Garrison av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—For general housework and washing; fond of children; $8 per month. 3821 Bell av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good girl for general housework; no cooking; good wages. Apply 1451 S. 13th st.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Smart girl to do housework in private family; German or Swede. 4261 Washington av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—Good intelligent girl for general house work; must be good cook. Apply at Mrs. Halls, 1401 N. Grand av.

HOUSEGIRL WANTED—A young girl or middle-aged woman to assist in housework; pleasant place and good home. 8857 Manchester rd., Benton Station, or add. H 64, this office.

HOUSEWOMAN WANTED—A good, stout woman to do general housework and assist in washing and ironing; must be capable, and of cheerful disposition and willing to work; to such a one a good home with pleasant surroundings and good wages is promised; state nationality. Address G 64, this office.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

APPENTICE WANTED—An apprentice for dressmaking. 3432 Pine st.

DRESSMAKER WANTED—Lady with experience in dressmaking, also having a large circle of acquaintance can secure steady work. Add. by letter, Room 302 Mermod & Jaccard Building.

Laundresses.

LAUNDRESS WANTED—Two days a week; reference. 1717 Chouteau av.

Nurses.

NURSEGIRL WANTED—Between 14 and 16 years old; German preferred. Call at 4290 Cook av., or address H 66, this office.

Cooks, etc.

COOK WANTED—Good cook, 4325 Olive st.

COOK WANTED—A girl to cook and wash. 3526 Chestnut st.

COOK WANTED—Good cook. Apply with city references, 3803 Westminster pl.

COOK WANTED—Girl to cook and to assist with washing and ironing. 3200 Lucas av.

COOK WANTED—Good cook for boarding-house, colored preferred. 1119 Washington av.

COOK WANTED—A young white woman for cook or general housework at 5447 Cabanne pl.

COOK WANTED—First-class white girl to cook, wash and iron; small family. 3834 Delmar av.

COOK WANTED—A good colored girl to cook, wash and iron; reference. Apply at 2712 Chestnut st.

COOK WANTED—Girl to do cooking, washing and ironing in a small family; German preferred. 2716 S. 13th st.

COOK WANTED—First-class cook in family of 3; must wash and iron also; good wages. 3969 Westminster pl.

COOK WANTED—A girl to cook and make herself useful around the house; good wages to right party. Address 1813 Cass av.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Ladies and gentlemen; you can earn from $5 to $15 per week, doing strictly home work for us; no canvassing and steady work. Send self-addressed envelope, Liberty Supply Co., Boston, Mass.

COME ON SUNDAY.

All who have photographs taken on Sunday will receive an elegant Cabinet Photo Album free with each dozen of finest finish Aristo Cabinets, $3; Minnetts, $1 a dozen; at
PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

TRIMMERS WANTED — First-class trimmers in millinery department. Grand Leader.

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner, with $200; new comedy company; sure winner. Address R 62, this office.

BOARD WANTED.

BOARD WANTED—By mother and two sons in private family. Address L 66, this office.

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—Young lady would like room and board, with privileges; state terms. Add. D 66, this office.

WANTED—Board and rooms connecting, by 3 gents; will pay $100 if 1st-class. Add. E. Baker, 2617 Pine st.

WANTED—Young lady would like board in a private family not far from Second Carondelet and Lafayette avs. Add. B 65, this office.

PARTIES wishing rooms and board or rooms for light housekeeping will send their address or call on E. R. Baker, 2617 Pine st., office hours 11 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 5 to 9 p. m., a list of desirable places will be furnished free of charge; no room agency. 39

MONEY WANTED.

WANTED—$2,500 at 6 per cent interest on property worth double; can also place smaller sums. H. W. Mepham, 1821 S. Jefferson av.

WE have applications for loans on real estate from parties offering best of security; those wanting safe investments can secure them by calling on or addressing us.
Established 39 years.
JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

FURNISHED FLATS WANTED.

WANTED—small fur. flat, with bath, 3 or 4 rooms; West End; Vandeventer or further out. Add. C 66, this office.

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—Second-hand pneumatic bicycle. Address C 66, this office.

WANTED—To buy a parlor suit; must be good and cheap. Ad. C 65, this office.

WANTED—One 24-inch wood planer, 1 8-inch molder and 1 scroll saw; must be cheap. 4250 A Easton av.

DRAMATIC SCHOOL—Wanted pupils for stage; positions secured; no burlesques. Simpson's, 1324 Olive st.

DRESSMAKING.

DRESSMAKERS—Ladies interested in dressmaking call and examine one of the most simple and perfect methods ever invented. Ladies' Tailor Institute, room 302, Mermod-Jaccard Building.

DANCING.

GRAHAME'S SELECT SCHOOL, 1306 Olive, open the year round; waltzing and stage dancing a specialty; lessons at all hours; call for terms.

PRIVATE lessons in dancing by competent lady; 50c les.; waltzing a specialty. Ad. X 65, this office.

MUSICAL.

BANJO AND MANDOLIN—H. J. Isbell, teacher; fine instruments furnished to practice on. Studio 3302 Washington av.

FIRST-CLASS new, and excellent second-hand pianos, at rare bargains during balance of this month. Estey & Camp, 916 Olive st. 27

THE POST-DISPATCH receives advertisements for its Sunday issue, WANTS as well as DISPLAY, any day in the week to suit the convenience of its patrons, with the assurance they will be properly inserted.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

221 N. COMPTON AV.—Two nicely furnished rooms, private family.

306 N. COMPTON AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front room; also other rooms; excellent board.

311 S. 21ST ST.—4 nice rooms, with hall, water and gas; 2d floor. Apply at 305.

732 S. BROADWAY—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping at $1.25 to $2 per week.

1002 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished front rooms; also hall rooms.

1013 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; other rooms; moderate prices.

1019 OLIVE ST.—Finely furnished front parlor bedrooms; southern and western exposure; $2 and $3 per week.

1109 WASHINGTON AV.—Furnished rooms $1.50 and $2.50 per week.

1125 PINE ST.—Furnished front room; back rooms $1.75 week 25c day; single rooms $1 week.

1200 MONROE ST.—Elegantly furnished front room in downstairs flat; strictly private family; bath and conveniences; terms reasonable.

1219 MISSOURI AV.—4 beautiful rooms, nicely furnished, every convenience, for $20.

1307 HICKORY ST.—Second-story front and connecting rooms.

1308 OLIVE ST.—Second-story front and hall-rooms; nicely furnished; fire and gas.

1416 PAPIN ST.—2 rooms, 1st floor front; cheap; unfurnished; never vacant long.

1417 GLASGOW AV.—Three rooms, 1st floor; laundry, water, all conveniences.

1631 WASHINGTON AV. — Nicely furnished room, suitable for light housekeeping.

1642 TEXAS AV.—For rent, three rooms with two basement rooms; half block from Lafayette av.

1712 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms; hot and cold bath; private family.

1758 CHOUTEAU AV.—Large, clean fur. rooms $1 week; restaurant in house.

2000 MORGAN ST.—Front room completely furnished for housekeeping; water, all con.

2108 MORGAN ST.—Furnished rooms in private family; terms reasonable; suitable for one and two persons.

2113 LOCUST ST.—Nicely fur. rooms; first-class board.

2227 FRANKLIN AV.—3 large rooms, 2d floor, $9 month; 4 rooms, 2d floor, $11 a month.

2313 WASH ST.—Nicely fur. front room; southern exposure; complete for light housekeeping.

2522 N. BROADWAY—1 large front room on 2d floor with large closet, neatly furnished.

2704 PINE ST.—Large, handsome, nicely-furnished 2d-floor room with excellent board.

2730 MORGAN ST.—Four large connecting unfurnished rooms; will rent separate at the lowest rates; reference required.

2903 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms at reasonable rates.

3004 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, cheap.

3102 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished front room, $12.

3102 OLIVE ST.—2 unfurnished front rooms, newly papered, $10.

3826 LINCOLN AV.—Nicely furnished front and connecting rooms; suitable for two or four people.

4436 LUCKY ST.—Three large rooms in good locality in West End.

FOR RENT—Rooms $1 per week; beds and meals 15c each. 6th and Franklin av.

FOR RENT—Elegantly furn. front rooms for first-class quiet transients only. Add. T 64, this office.

FOR RENT—2 rooms and kitchen; furnished or unfurnished; central location. Address D 52, this office.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished 2d-story front room; southern exposure; private family; vicinity 27th and Dickson sts.; parties own house. Add. E 56, this office.

BOARDING

226 S. 12TH ST. (n. e. cor. Clark av.)—Neatly furnished rooms, with or without board.

1326 CHOUTEAU AV.—Handsomely furnished front and other rooms; with best German table.

1707 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board; day board.

1758 CHOUTEAU AV.—Best restaurant board $4 per week; 3 lines of cars pass the door.

1801½ WASHINGTON AV.—2d-story front and other rooms, with or without board; reasonable.

1834 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with board.

2105 LUCAS AV.—A lady would like to get children to board under 6 years.

2236 WASHINGTON AV.—Nicely furnished front room; with or without board.

2630 PINE ST.—Front and other rooms; with board.

2801 MORGAN ST.—Nicely furnished rooms with or without board; all conveniences.

2808 LOCUST ST.—A very desirable 2d-story fur. front room, with board.

2816 ST. LOUIS AV.—A lady alone would like child to board.

2900 GAMBLE ST.—Comfortably furnished rooms; good board; call for terms.

2934 PINE ST.—Furnished room, with board.

2940 LOCUST ST.—Handsomely fur. 2d-story front and connecting rooms; first-class board

3034 EASTON AV.—Nicely fur. front room, suitable for 2; board or without; reasonable

3539 PAGE AV.—Nicely furnished front room, southern exposure; with board.

4241 A EVANS AV.—Nicely fur. 2d-story front and connecting rooms; good board.

FAMILIES and parties of two and three will find the Merchants' Hotel, 12th and Olive sts., first-class in every detail.

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished rooms, with first-class board; all modern conveniences; strictly private family. Add. F 56, this office.

BOARDING—Board and fur. room west of Grand av.; private family; Olive st. cars pass the door; pleasant home for one or two gentlemen; no children; no boarders. Add. R 65, this office.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BUTCHER—Here is a chance for a good man. I will sell or lease meat market in a town of 1,000; have full set of tools, sausage machinery; refrigerator cost $200, slaughter-house, pens, etc.; good terms to right person; good reason for selling. Add. Lock Box 44, Iowa Park, Tex.

$200 YIELDS $45 WEEKLY! Financial depression does not affect ROWE'S INFALLIBLE HANDICAPPING SYSTEM. Best and safest speculative investment offered. Third successful year. Prospectus 1894 free. C. D. ROWE, Bx 127, Bklyn, NY

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Carpenter shop, tools and equipment and good trade, on account of death. Apply at 1011 N. 7th st.

FOR SALE—Dry goods, notions and furnishing goods; well established; central location; cheap rent; suitable for ladies; leaving city. Add. E 64, this office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Household furniture of all kinds; will sell cheap on account of leaving city. 2614 Wash st.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Green parrot. Finder return to 2631 Locust st. and receive reward.

LOST—Young bitch; black curly hair, sore eyes. If returned to 3634 Cote Brilliante av. will pay a reward.

LOST—A silver vinaigrette at Mercantile Club or Opera-house. Reward if sent to C. A. Young, Rice, Stix & Co.

LOST OR STOLEN—One pug-dog, one white front foot, collar with one bell; liberal reward if returned to 508 S. 7th st.

LOST—Fawn colored mastiff. Inscription on collar Dollus; 4528 Page av.; reward will be paid by returning to 5514 Clemens av.

LOST—Between 2009 and 14th on Olive one gold cross with gold medal attached. The finder will be rewarded if returned to 2009 Olive st.

LOST—A bull-terrier dog, color brindle and white, with metal collar marked H. M. Blossom, Jr., 2820 Pine st.; liberal reward for his return to above address.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, Thursday morning in southern part of city. Reward if returned to Miss Alexander, care of H. T. Simon-Gregory Dry Goods Co., 7th and Washington av.

LOST—St. Louis, March 8, 1894, certificate No. 31, for five shares Adams Electric Co. stock, issued to John Jackson, deceased, has been lost. Any person claiming interest in said certificate will notify the Adams Electric Co., 511 Bank of Commerce Building; otherwise, after 60 days from this date application will be made by the undersigned to have a certificate issued to the heirs of John Jackson, deceased. W. L. Wright, Agent, room 508 Commercial Building.

STOLEN—Valise from Ida West, 1222 Pine st. Return same and receive reward; no questions asked.

STOLEN—Light brown horse stolen from vicinity of Cupples Building Wednesday; white star in forehead, white hind feet, heavy mane and tail, forelock trimmed off, about 7 years old, 16 hands high, weighs 1,100 pounds; black, white, Chapple buggy with top; Concord springs. Return to Bauer Grocery Co. and receive reward.

Grand Spring Offering Free for All.

An elegant Cabinet Photo Album with each dozen of our Best Cabinets, $3 a dozen for Sunday and during next week; Minnetts, $1 a dozen.
PARSONS, 1407 Market st.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. Advertisements in this column not of a business nature, of two lines and over, FIFTEEN cents per line.

PERSONAL—Slipper: Come this once under any circumstances, then all will be over.

INFORMATION WANTED.

WILL W. F. Odell, formerly of New Haven, or any one knowing his whereabouts, present or past, communicate immediately with his invalid mother? Western and Southern papers please copy. 27 Elliot st., New Haven, Conn.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ALL kinds of baths and massage treatment, Mrs. Brooks, 2204 Chestnut st.

ALCOHOLIC and massage treatment; the only scientific operator, Mrs. Gardner, 10 S. 22d st.

ADHUS' electric belt, 107 N. 9th st., cures the sick, weak, nervous, pains, aches, etc.; write, 74

CALL on Mrs. N. Van Dyke, 2313 Walnut st., for massage treatment.

DR. LOTTIE REINER, midwife; grad. 2 colleges; receives ladies during confine., female complaints treated successfully; charges reas. 120 S. 14th st.

DR. ANNA NEWLAND, ladies' physician and midwife; treats and cures female troubles; boast dar. con. Ladies in trouble call or write. 39 S. 14th.

HIGHEST cash price paid for household goods and feathers. M. Durmin, 107 N. 12th st.

LUCY GREY of 902 Pine st.; baths and massage; old friends call at 2107A Market st.

MRS. C. AMES gives baths, massage and magnetic treatment; lady operators. 26 S. 16th st.

MRS. M. EDWARDS gives massage, magnetic treatment; ladies a specialty. 2217 Market.

MISS CROWLEY, fortune-teller, 1247 N. 8th st. Ladies, 25c; gents, 50c. Call and see her.

MRS. BRADLEY'S famous Bath Parlors, 1124 Pine st.; massage treatment. Operators wanted.

MRS. PARKER gives massage, magnetic and electric treatment; 1st-class patronage. 108 N. 22d.

MRS. A. BURGER, M. D., receives ladies pending and during confinement. 2300 S. 12th st.; take yellow car at Union Depot going south.

MRS. L. HOTSON receives ladies during confinement; reasonable rates; ladies in trouble call or write; take Market st. car. 2305 Market st.

MRS. DR. MARGARET DOSSEN, the great female specialist, 26 years' practical exp.; ladies in trouble will do well to call or write. 1006 Chouteau av.

MRS. J. SONNEN, graduate midwife, receives ladies during confinement; first-class accommodations at reasonable prices; strictly confidential. Call or write 1031 Park av.; take U. D. cars south.

THE best fortune-teller in St. Louis; try all others, then come to me; ladies, 25c; gentlemen, 50c. 1014 Wash st.

1000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1; 1,000 billheads, $1.50. H. S. Crole & Co., 815 Locust. 74

TREATMENT FREE

10 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sunday, 9 to 12; no students. Policlinic and Dispensary, 813 N. 6th st. 74

Dr. Chase

Owns exclusive rights to use Odontunder in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth. Indorsed by thousands. From 100 to 300 teeth extracted a day. In Crown and Bridge work and all kinds of Plate work we invite and solicit cases that have proved failures at the hands of other Dentists.

CONSULTATION FREE. PRICES MODERATE.

E. C. CHASE, D. D. S.,
904 Olive St. 74

HONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE

TO LOAN any sum from $1,000 to $50,000 at 6 per cent, real estate; must be worth double; only 1½ per cent commission; state full particulars. T 65, this office.

MONEY to loan on improved real estate; the Missouri Savings and Loan Co. will lend two-thirds of the reasonable value of the security, loans to be repaid in monthly installments; prospective borrowers will do well to call at the company's offices in the Union Trust Bldg., rooms 704 and 705, and examine the company's plan of making loans; no commission. CHAS. H. TURNER, Secretary.
SAML. W. KENNARD, President.

HONEY TO LOAN ON PERS'L PROPTY

MONEY TO LOAN from $1 to $10,000 on watches, diamonds, jewelry, guns, pistols, clothing, trunks, musical instruments, etc. Low rates of interest.
S. VAN HAALTE, 17 and 14 S. 4th st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upwards on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 61

CONFIDENTIAL LOANS negotiated on furniture, pianos, building association stock, etc., terms and rates to suit borrowers. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market st., successors to J. W. Staley.

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Room 2, 904 Olive st. 21

LOANS on furniture, pianos, building association stock and other good securities. Collateral Loan Co., 108 N. 8th, room 1. R. W. Staley, Secretary.

MONEY to loan on furniture and pianos without removal, at lowest rates; business confidential. German-American Loan Co., 815 Pine st., 2d floor.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, revolvers, trunks, medical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan office. 812 Franklin av.

ST. LOUIS MORTGAGE CO.

Loans money on furniture and building books; can keep possession of your property and pay off loans in installments and save interest; no commission and business confidential; lowest rates in city. 813½ Chestnut st., second floor. 21

FURNITURE LOANS.

Money to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. Union Loan Co., 1003 Pine st.

COMMERCIAL LOAN CO.

Advances money to responsible parties from $25 upwards on furniture and pianos, without removal, at lowest rates; loans made on easy monthly installments from 1 to 12 months as desired; private offices and no publicity. 712 Pine st., 2d floor, rooms 11 and 12.

$10 TO $1,000

Loaned on furniture and pianos at the lowest rates, with no extra charges of any kind; we give you as long time as you want to repay same; you can pay the money back in any amount you wish, and at any time, and each payment so made will reduce the cost of the loan; if you have bought furniture or a piano on time and cannot meet your payment, let us know and we will advance you the money to pay it; we do not remove any goods, but leave them in your possession; we will guarantee our terms to be the cheapest and easiest in the city; call on us and we will give you any information you wish; open every night until 8 o'clock; notary in office. Furniture Mortgage Loan Co., 1303 Washington av., 2d floor.

MONEY TO LOAN

On furniture and pianos in any amount you desire without removing property from your house; money can be paid back in installments and save interest; no commission or charges for papers; you can get the money the same day you apply for it. John C. King, 814 Morgan st. Business private.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

MCCABE, YOUNG & CO., 1223 N. Broadway, will beat anybody's price on grocer, laundry, butcher, baker, carpenter and plumber's wagons; also first-class storm buggies, surreys and jump seat buggies of all kinds.

250 OPEN and top wagons, surreys, storm buggies, phaetons, carts, sleighs; all kinds; new and 2d-hand. Northwestern Buggy Co., 1110 N. B'way

STORM BUGGIES.
32 EMBREE-M'LEAN, 1817-29 Olive st.

STORAGE.

STORAGE—Regular storage-house for furniture, pianos, vehicles, trunks, boxes, etc., safe, reliable clean rooms, get our rates; careful moving, packing, shipping, etc., estimates free; money loaned. Consign goods to our care. Telephone 4122. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1319-1321 Olive.

Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co.
1723 and 1725 Morgan St.
Branch office—1003 Pine st. Telephone Nos. 2890 and 4101.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—A roller top desk, safe and 2 chairs cheap. Add. B 14, this office.

FOR SALE—High-arm sewing-machine, all attachments, $6. 1914 Sidney st.

FOR SALE—Large double-door safe; combination lock. Guarantee and Storage Co., 717 Market.

FOR SALE—Fine thoroughbred English grey-hound, $10; is a beauty. Call and see same at 4296 Washington boulevard.

SEWING MACHINES from $7 to $15, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 812 Franklin av. 5

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1324 SPRUCE ST.—9 rooms, hall, bath and gas, front and side entrances.
KEELEY & CO., 1113 Chestnut st.

2822 ADAMS ST.—Stone front, 8 rooms, bath. 2022 laundry, large yard; in good condition; $30. M. Dougherty, 1240 Pine st.

FOR RENT—13-room house, on Pine near 30th; brick stable; furnished or unfurnished; all modern conveniences. Add. M 64, this office.

FOR RENT—Four-room brick dwelling; only $12; front yard, side entrance, cellar under whole house, hydrant water in kitchen; good order; 1919 Belleside av., 1 block west of Sarah st., north of Easton av. Key next door, 1917.
JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

RUTLEDGE & KILPATRICK.

REMOVED TO
717 CHESTNUT STREET.
Telephone 798.

4 RENT.

DWELLINGS.

3524 Cozzens av., 6 rooms	$18 00
3406 Laclede av., 8 rooms	40 00
2305 Franklin av., 8 rooms	22 50
4421 Delmar av., 9 rooms	50 00
1107 N. 18th st., 6 rooms	30 00
2004 Eugenia st., 8 rooms	27 50
926 E. 22d st.,	20 00
1713 Oregon av., 8 rooms	35 00
1131 N. 18th st., 7 rooms	30 00
905 N. 15th st., 6 rooms	20 00
1501 Park av., 5 rooms	18 00
4415 Delmar av., 8 rooms	55 00
3244 Olive st., 10 rooms	40 00
1003 Pine st., 10 rooms	40 00
1120 Chouteau av., 10 rooms	35 00
1209 Chambers st., 6 rooms	20 00
317 N. 20th st., 6 rooms	40 00
4103 West Pine st., 8 rooms	50 00
4202 Morgan st., 8 rooms	45 00
3686 Laclede av., 7 rooms	37 50
3134 Laclede av., 10 rooms	45 00
1106 Second Carondelet av., 8 rooms	35 00
3820 Chestnut st., 8 rooms	41 65
1222 Missouri av., 6 rooms	22 50
8511 Chestnut st., 7 rooms	35 00
1516 Park av., 5 rooms	16 00
3658 Finney av., 9 rooms	
711 Channing av., 8 rooms	40 00
3010 Thomas, 6 rooms	22 50
1920 Lucas st., 6 rooms, hall, bath, gas	22 50
2806 Stoddard st., 8 rooms	35 00
210 S. Leffingwell av., 7 rooms	24 00
3106 Easton av., 8 rooms	35 00
1321 N. Garrison av., 6 rooms	27 50
3009 Easton av., 8 rooms	40 00
14 S. Cabanne av., 7 rooms	32 50
1920 Coleman st., 6 rooms, hall, bath, gas	20 00
3114 N. Market st., 6 rooms	22 50
4302 Fairfax av., 6 rooms	27 50
3200 Morgan, 8 rooms	40 00
2710 Gamble st., 7 rooms	35 00

FLATS.

3711 N. 28th st., 4 rooms, 1st floor	24 00
3504A Bell av., 5 rooms, 2d floor	25 50
1601 N. 25th st., 3 rooms, 2d floor	12 00
619 N. Ewing av., 4 rooms, 2d floor	22 50
3721 Page av., 4 rooms	27 50
3112 Olive st., 4 rooms, 2d floor	30 00
1413 Sarah st., 2d floor, 8 rooms	11 00
3122 Bell av., 5 rooms, 1st floor	28 00
2221½ Market st., 1st floor, 5 rooms	28 00
2600 Franklin av., 5 rooms, 1st floor	25 00
3512 Bell av., 1st floor, 5 rooms	24 00
3730 Vest av., 3 rooms, 2d floor	11 00
28th and Madison, 4 rooms	17 00
1313 N. 24th st., 4 rooms, 2d floor	13 00
2936 Thomas st., 2d floor, 6 rooms	22 50
2601 Hickory st., 4 rooms	17 00
22d and St. Charles sts., 4 rooms, 1st floor	16 00
22d and St. Charles sts., 4 rooms, 2d floor	16 00
22d and St. Charles av., 5 rooms, 3d floor	12 00
22d and Washington av., 4 rooms, 1st and 2d floors	18 00
22d and Washington av., 4 rooms 3d floor	15 00
Cabanne and Chouteau avs., 1st and 2d floors, 3 rooms	13 00
2229 Chestnut st., 4 rooms, 2d floor	18 00
2606 Olive st., 4 rooms, 2d floor	25 00
2239 Cass av., 2d or 3d floor, 6-rooms, flats; will rent low to good tenants; call for particulars	12 00
3305 Neramee st., 4 rooms	

STORES AND OFFICES.

Choice office rooms, 2d and 3d floors, 720½ Pine st.; rents low	
614 Pine st., a choice and large store	
712½ Pine st., rooms 11 and 12	
3303 Neramee st., store and rear room, 17x55, cellar and stable	18 00

ROOMS.

1014 N. 11th st., 1st floor, 3 rooms	9 00

MOVING VANS.

The largest equipment, handsomest padded vans in the city; two-horse vans, three-horse vans, four-horse vans and ordinary furniture cars for hire by load or contract; experienced, sober and careful hands; satisfaction guaranteed; estimates cheerfully given. CHRIS LAWLER, Manager.
Fidelity Storage, Packing and Moving Co., 1723 and 1725 Morgan st. Phone 2890.
Down-Town Office 1003 Pine, Phone 4101.

FURNISHED FLATS FOR RENT.

4465 WEST BELLE PL.—Five rooms and reception hall; furniture and piano for sale; this is, beyond doubt, one of the finest furnished flats in the city; suitable for young married couple; none but good parties need apply; call in the forenoon or evening.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT—One store; good location for a first-class barber shop. Apply at saloon, 217 N. Compton av.

FOR RENT—Two-story brick stable (upper part could be used for family), rear 1629 Morgan st.; $8 for whole. JOHN MAGUIRE & CO., 107 N. 8th st.

NINTH AND OLIVE.

FOR RENT.

That desirable corner store, now occupied by the National Bank of the Republic, corner of 9th and Olive sts., also off

LEGAL.

A SSIGNEE'S NOTICE OF SALE—In the matter of the assignment of Stern & Mohlman. Notice is hereby given that, in pursuance of an order made by the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, Mo., I, the undersigned assignee of Stern & Mohlman, will on TUESDAY, THE 13TH DAY OF MARCH, 1894, at the south front entrance of the former building of Stern & Mohlman, on the north side of Destrehan street, between Main and Hall streets, in the city of St. Louis, proceed to sell to the highest bidder, for cash, subject to the approval of the Circuit Court, the unexpired term of a leasehold on the premises, bounded south by Destrehan street, on the east by Hall street, on the north by Mallinckrodt street and on the west by Main street.
JACOB P. WEIL, Assignee.
St. Louis, March 8, 1894. 421

A SSIGNEE'S SALE of vehicles and carriage stock —Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, Missouri, the undersigned, assignee of William T. Haydock, will on the 20th day of March, 1894, at 12 m., receive sealed bids at his office, room 600, No. 415 Locust st., in said city for the purchase of the following property, to-wit: Class A—Vehicles: Lot 1, finished vehicles; lot 2, unfinished. Class B—Trimming materials: Lot 1, unent trimming materials, viz., leather, cloth, carpet, rubber goods, buttons, knobs, etc.; lot 2, trimming materials cut and partially made. Class C—Wheels: Lot 1, wheels ironed and partially painted; lot 2, wheels in white and unpainted. Class D—Gears and gear woodwork: Lot 1, gears ironed and partially painted; lot 2, gear wood work, in white and primed. Class E—Bodies and Seats: Lot 1, bodies and seats, finished and unfinished; lot 2, parts of bodies and seats, not ironed or painted. Class F—Tops: Lot 1, tops finished; lot 2, bows and sockets; lot 3, joints and shifting rails. Class G—Cushions and Lazy Backs: Lot 1, cushions and lazy backs finished; lot 2, cushions and lazy backs partially finished. Class H—Poles and shafts: Lot 1, pole and shaft stock in white; lot 2, poles and shafts ironed and painted and partially painted. Class I—Axles and Springs: Lot 1, axles; lot 2, springs. Class J—Iron: Assorted sizes, uncut. Class K—Steel: Assorted sizes, uncut. Class L—Carriage irons and forgings: Finished and unfinished. Class M—Carriage malleables. Class N—Lumber: Hickory, ash and poplar. Class O—Dashes: Fenders, lamps, dash rails, screws, clips, hub bands, bolts etc. Class P—Paints: Paints, varnishes, brushes and putty knives. Class Q—Two horses. Class R—Trace wagons: Two large and one small. Said bids shall be for the whole of said property in bulk, or for any lot as above described, or for the whole of any article or articles in any of said lots. All bids to be subject to the approval of said Circuit Court.

Terms of payment: One-third in cash, one-third in two months, and balance in four months; or all cash at option of purchaser. Deferred payments to bear 6 per cent interest and security, to be approved by said Circuit Court, to be given therefor.

A perfect title to said property will be given.

Said property may be seen at Haydock Bros.' factory building, Fourteenth and Papin streets, in said city.
H. M. POLLARD,
885 Assignee of William T. Haydock.

NOTICE OF SALE—Be it known that the undersigned will at 12 o'clock noon on Monday, the 19th day of March, 1894, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, sell at public vendue, for cash, to the highest bidder, certificates numbered 15, 16, 17, 18 and 19, representing a total of four hundred and ninety (490) shares of the capital stock of "The Plattin Sand and Gravel Co.," an Illinois corporation, for the account of whom it may concern.
JAMES F. WILLIAMS.

St. Louis, March 8, 1894. 420

STATE OF MISSOURI, city of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894: Maime White vs. (127 April term, 1894.) Henry White.—It appearing from the affidavit filed with petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties on the grounds of desertion and indignities, such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable and unless he appear at the term of this court to-be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
(319)

ESTATE of William T. Haydock, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of William T. Haydock, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 15th day of February, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 15th day of February, 1894.
EMILY L. HAYDOCK,
JOHN P. CAMP.
318 Executors.

ESTATE of Minnie Ernst, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Minnie Ernst, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 27th day of February, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 27th day of February, 1894.
AUGUST MIER, Executor.
376

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—In the matter of the assignment of the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5.—Creditors and others interested in the estate of the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5 are hereby notified that I will sell at public vendue the said property of the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Missouri, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the 19th, 20th and 21st days of March, A. D. 1894, between the hours of 9 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of each of said three days, at the office of R. F. Kilgen, No. 813 Chestnut street, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., proceed publicly to audit and allow demands against the estate and effects of said Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5.

All person having a claim or demand, whatsoever, against the estate and effects of said Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5, are hereby notified and required to attend before the undersigned assignee at the time above designated, on one of the three days aforesaid, and lay before the undersigned assignee the nature and amount of their said demands; and all creditors who do not so attend will be precluded from any benefit of said estate.
R. F. KILGEN AND ARTHUR A. B. WOERHEIDE,
Assignee of the Western Union Building and Loan Association No. 5.
St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 27, 1894. 142

OFFICE of North Park Place Realty Co., northeast corner 8th and Chestnut sts., St. Louis, Mo.—Notice is hereby given that a meeting of the stockholders of the North Park Place Realty Co. for election of three directors and the transaction of such other business as may come before it will be held at the office of the company, northeast corner 8th and Chestnut streets, in the city of St. Louis, Mo., on Saturday, the 17th day of March, 1894, at the hour of nine (9) o'clock a. m.
SAM. M. KENNARD,
OTTO L. MERSMAN,
380 Stockholders.

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894, Saturday, Feb. 17, 1894. St. Louis Nail and Boiler Works vs. Henry Barney, Milo T. Bogard, Catharine Price, William C. Wilson, Trustee, William Weightman et al.

It appearing to the Court from the affidavit this day filed that one of the defendant, William Weightman, is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against the defendant, J. H. Kearney, for the sum of four hundred and forty-two dollars with interest from Oct. 1, 1893, and that the same may be ordered and adjudged a lien on the following described real estate situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Certain lots of ground being contiguous to each other, being the western forty-one feet of lot number sixteen, and all of lots fifteen, fourteen, thirteen, twelve and the eastern thirty-six feet of lot eleven of block No. 3611 of the City of St. Louis, fronting two hundred and seventy-seven feet on the south line of Maryland avenue and running southwardly with that width 127 feet 10 inches and against the improvements erected thereon, and unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
320

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Co. vs. (94,627) Henry Maltby and Eliza R. Roe, partners, as co-partners & Roe, Will J. Howard, M. B. O'Reilly, etc., Joseph Gummersbach.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by Rudolph Schulenburg, its attorney, and files an affidavit, from which it appears that Henry Maltby, one of the defendants herein, has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the grounds that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff continuously since Aug. 28, 1890, and for an order granting plaintiff the care and custody of the children born of said marriage and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1891.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
320

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Co. vs. (94,627) Henry Maltby and Eliza R. Roe, partners, as co-partners & Roe, Will J. Howard, M. B. O'Reilly, etc., Joseph Gummersbach.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by Rudolph Schulenburg, its attorney, and files an affidavit, from which it appears that Henry Maltby, one of the defendants herein, has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against said defendants, Eliza R. Roe and Henry Maltby, for the sum of $281 49-100, interest and costs, and that the same may be ordered and adjudged a lien on the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a stake in the south line of Maryland avenue, 160 feet west from the southwest intersection of Maryland avenue and Sarah street, thence eastwardly along the south line of Maryland avenue 39 feet to a point, thence southwardly 72 feet 1¼ inches to a point in a line parallel to and 175 feet north from Lindell avenue and which point is 129 feet 0¼ inches west from the west line of Sarah street, thence westwardly parallel to said line parallel to and 175 feet north from Lindell avenue 39 feet 4 inches to a stake, thence northwardly to the place of beginning, together with the building erected thereon. And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed. And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 19th day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
316

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Saturday, Feb. 17, 1894: Schlueburg & Boecheler Lumber Company vs. Alfred Kronmiller, Theodore K. Wormer, Etolia T. Moore, William G. Moore, Charles H. Bailey, Trustee, and Myron P. Richards.—It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendants, Theodore K. Wormer and Alfred W. Kronmiller, have absconded or absented themselves from their usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon them, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against them and other's the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against said defendants, Alfred W. Kronmiller and Theodore K. Wormer, for the sum of four hundred and fifty-five and 44-100 dollars, with interest from September 23, 1893, and that the same may be ordered and adjudged a lien on the following described real estate of defendants, to-wit: T. Moore and William G. Moore, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Lot eighty-five (85) in city block No. 3749, having a front of sixty feet on the south line of South Vandeventer place by a depth southwardly of One Hundred and forty-three feet and eight inches to north line of Morgan street, bounded north by South Vandeventer place, east by lot 83, south by Morgan street and west by Vandeventer avenue, together with the improvements thereon, and unless they appear at the term of this court to be begun and held in the city of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 19th day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
314

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894. Catherine Lazer vs. Elbert Lazer (137, April term, 94). It appearing from the affidavit filed with the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties on the grounds of desertion and indignities, such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
320

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Co. vs. (94,627) Henry Maltby and Eliza R. Roe, partners, as co-partners & Roe, Will J. Howard, M. B. O'Reilly, etc., Joseph Gummersbach.

Now at this day comes the plaintiff herein, by Rudolph Schulenburg, its attorney, and files an affidavit, from which it appears that Henry Maltby, one of the defendants herein, has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against said defendants, Eliza R. Roe and Henry Maltby, for the sum of $281 49-100, interest and costs, and that the same may be ordered and adjudged a lien on the following described real estate situated in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Beginning at a stake in the south line of Maryland avenue, 160 feet west from the southwest intersection of Maryland avenue and Sarah street, thence eastwardly along the south line of Maryland avenue 39 feet to a point, thence southwardly 72 feet 1¼ inches to a point in a line parallel to and 175 feet north from Lindell avenue and which point is 129 feet 0¼ inches west from the west line of Sarah street, thence westwardly parallel to said line parallel to and 175 feet north from Lindell avenue 39 feet 4 inches to a stake, thence northwardly to the place of beginning, together with the building erected thereon. And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed. And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
314

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894. Catherine Lazer vs. Elbert Lazer (137, April term, 94). It appearing from the affidavit filed with the petition herein that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties on the grounds of desertion and indignities, such as to render plaintiff's condition intolerable and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
320

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis—ss. In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1894. Monday, February 19th, 1894. Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Co. vs. (94,625) Henry Maltby et al.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant, Henry Maltby, has absconded or absented himself from his usual place of abode in this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against said defendants, Eliza R. Roe and Henry Maltby, for the sum of $351 42-100 and interest and costs, and that the same be adjudged a lien upon a certain lot in block 32 of Peter Lindell's second addition, and in city block 4877, north of the city of St. Louis, beginning at the point where the north line of Maryland avenue intersects the west line of Sarah street, thence north along the west line of Sarah street 58 feet 9¾ inches to a stake set in the north line of Lindell tract, thence west along the north line of said tract and parallel to McPherson avenue 117 feet 7¼ inches to a point, thence south to a point in the north line of Maryland avenue 126 feet west of the west line of Sarah street, thence east along the north line of Maryland avenue 126 feet to beginning and upon the row of houses erected on said lot, and unless he appear at the term of this Court to begun and held in the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 21st day of February, 1894.
[Seal of court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
310

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Jennie Sheppard vs. Barrack Sheppard (95,416).—Now at this day comes plaintiff by attorney and presents to the court her petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that his whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff; wherefore, on motion of plaintiff it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the grounds that said defendant, wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has deserted her for a space of more than a whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, that defendant has been guilty of habitual drunkenness for more than one whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, and that defendant has been guilty of such cruel and barbarous treatment towards this plaintiff as to endanger her life, and that defendant has offered to plaintiff such indignities as to render her condition intolerable, and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed. And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 21st day of February, 1894.
[Seal of court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
310

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Jennie Sheppard vs. Barrack Sheppard (95,416).—Now at this day comes plaintiff by attorney and presents to the court her petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that his whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff; wherefore, on motion of plaintiff it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, on the grounds that defendant wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has deserted her for a space of more than a whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, that defendant has been guilty of habitual drunkenness for more than one whole year next before the filing of the petition herein, and that defendant has been guilty of such cruel and barbarous treatment towards this plaintiff as to endanger her life, and that defendant has offered to plaintiff such indignities as to render her condition intolerable, and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed. And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 21st day of February, 1894.
[Seal of court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
RUDOLPH SCHULENBURG, Attorney for Plaintiff.
310

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February Term, 1894. Monday, Feb. 19, 1894. Jennie Sheppard vs. Barrack Sheppard (95,416).—Now at this day comes plaintiff by attorney and presents to the court her petition, duly verified by affidavit, from which it appears that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri and that his whereabouts are unknown to plaintiff; wherefore, on motion of plaintiff it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature which is to obtain a judgment against said defendant, Barrack Sheppard, for the sum of $2,426.07 with interest from Sept. 22, 1893, and that the same may be ordered and adjudged a lien on the following described certain piece or parcel of real estate, situated in the city of St. Louis, State of Missouri, to-wit: Certain lots of ground being contiguous to each other being the western forty-one feet of lot number sixteen and all of lots fifteen, fourteen, thirteen, twelve and the eastern thirty-six feet of lot eleven of block No. 3611 of the City of St. Louis fronting two hundred and seventy-seven feet on the south line of Maryland avenue and running southwardly with that width, 127 feet 10 inches, together with the six detached two-story frame dwelling-houses, with sheds and fences, on said real estate. And unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed. And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, this 20th day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
H. R. WATSON, Attorney.
327

A MEETING of the stockholders of the Baden & St. Louis Railroad Co. will be held at the office of Smith P. Galt, 414 Olive st., in the city of St. Louis, on Tuesday, March 13, 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., for the election of five directors to serve one year, or until their successors are chosen.
GEO. S. CASE, President.
R. H. WANSELIN, Secretary. 358

LEGAL.

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Saturday, February 17, 1894. Eau Claire St. Louis Lumber Co., vs. (94,626) Henry Maltby et al.—Happening to the satisfaction of the undersigned, that if said groceries and merchandise be not disposed of otherwise the same will be sold at public auction, for cash, in lots to suit purchaser, on

SATURDAY, MARCH 10, 1894,

beginning at 10 o'clock a. m., at the premises, No. 1201 South Seventh street, St. Louis, Mo. The said groceries and merchandise can be seen at the above named premises. All bids to be addressed to the undersigned and deposited in the office of the Clerk of Circuit Court, St. Louis, Mo. Bids will be opened March 5, 1894, at 12 o'clock, and will be subject to the approval of the Circuit Court. The right to reject all bids is reserved.
GEORGE H. WETTERAU,
356 Assignee of Frericks & Dedeck.

IN the matter of the Security Gas and Vapor Stove Co. In the Circuit Court of the city of St. Louis, Room 1.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, the undersigned, assignee of the Security Gas and Vapor Stove Co., will on

WEDNESDAY, THE 14TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D. 1894,

Between the hours of 9 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of that day, at the factory of the company, No. 108 S. Commercial st., in the city of St. Louis and State of Missouri, sell at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, the entire assets, tools, machinery, completed stoves, castings, patterns, patents, office furniture and all other property of said Security Gas and Vapor Stove Co. of whatever kind or character, in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, and charged with the mechanic's lien on which this action is founded, and described in said execution as follows, to-wit: The lien present in person from 3 o'clock to 5 o'clock p. m. to show the company's property and explain the workings of the stoves.
JOHN F. BANNON,
Assignee of Security Gas and Stove Co.
HUGH D. McCORKLE, Attorney. 391

PUBLIC ADMINISTRATOR'S Notice of Letters. No. 20,347, of estate, In re estate of John E. Herrmann, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that I have taken charge of the estate of John E. Herrmann, deceased, and that I did so on the 16th day of February, 1894, for the purpose of administering on the same.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate; and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.
WM. C. RICHARDSON,
Public Administrator for the City of St. Louis
Room 19, Turner Building, 304 N. 8th st.
St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 16, 1894. 262

ESTATE OF John Schoch, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of John Schoch, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 28th day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of February, 1894.
FERDINAND DIEHM,
377 Administrator.

ESTATE of Christoph Braun, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Christoph Braun, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 23d day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 23d day of February, 1894.
THERESIA REINHARDT, Executrix.
259

ESTATE of Ellen Lavell, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ellen Lavell, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 20th day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1894.
GUSTAV SAETTELE, Executor.
326

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss. In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894. Frank Kunsky vs. Minnie Kunsky (141 April term, 1894.)

It appearing from the affidavit of Frank Kunsky, by affidavit that the defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri; therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties, and that the plaintiff has no knowledge as to her present whereabouts, and that service by publication be made upon her, on motion of said plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against her, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between plaintiff and defendant on the grounds that defendant wholly disregarding his duties as the husband of plaintiff, has deserted him and left from him without a reasonable cause for the space of one year, to-wit, since July 3, 1892, up to the filing of the petition herein; has treated him with cruelness and unkindness, constantly abused and scolded him, was always and without any just cause jusanely jealous of him, reproached him wrongfully of infidelities, and made his home intolerable by her constant reproaches; and unless she appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the city of St. Louis, on the third Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against her as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
328

STATE OF MISSOURI, City of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, City of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Tuesday, Feb. 20, 1894. Frederick Bayer et al. vs. (94,480) John H. Kearney et al.

It appearing from the affidavit this day filed herein that the defendant William Weightman is a non-resident of the State of Missouri, therefore, on motion of plaintiff, by attorney, it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him and others, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a judgment against defendant J. H. Kearney for the sum of $332.14, interest and costs, and a further judgment establishing the same as a mechanics' lien against a certain lot or ground situated in the City of St. Louis and State of Missouri, described as follows, to-wit: Certain lots of ground being contiguous to each other, being the western 41 feet of lot No. 16, and all of lots 15, 14, 13, 12 and the eastern 36 feet of lot 11 of block No. 3,611 of the city of St. Louis, fronting 277 feet on the south line of Maryland avenue and running southwardly with that width 127 feet 10 inches and against the improvements erected thereon, and unless he appear at the term of this court, to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the city of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 20th day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
317

STATE of Missouri, city of St. Louis, ss.—In the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, February term, 1894. Wednesday, Feb. 21, 1894. Cora E. McBride vs. M. H. McBride, No. 125, April term, '94.

Now, at this day comes plaintiff, by attorney, and presents to the court her petition duly verified by affidavit, which it appears defendant is a non-resident of the State of Missouri. Wherefore, on motion of plaintiff by attorney it is ordered that said defendant be notified that a civil action has been commenced against him, the object and general nature of which is to obtain a decree of divorce from the bonds of matrimony existing between said parties on the ground that defendant has absented himself from plaintiff continuously since Aug. 28, 1890, and for an order granting plaintiff the care and custody of the children born of said marriage and unless he appear at the term of this court to be begun and held at the City of St. Louis, on the first Monday of April next, and on or before the third day thereof, answer the plaintiff's petition, the same will be taken against him as confessed.

And it is further ordered, that a copy hereof be published according to law in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, a newspaper printed and published in the City of St. Louis.

A true copy from the record.

Witness my hand and seal of the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, this 23d day of February, 1894.
[Seal of Court.] PHILIP H. ZEPF, Clerk.
321

ESTATE of Charles Reinhardt, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Charles Reinhardt, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 28th day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated, this 28th day of February, 1894.
THERESIA REINHARDT, Executrix.
259

ESTATE of Ellen Lavell, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Ellen Lavell, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis, on the 20th day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 20th day of February, 1894.
GUSTAV SAETTELE, Executor.
326

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE of Application for a Discharge.—The undersigned assignee of Michael Koerstiel, having become satisfied that it is for the advantageous to the creditors of said assignor to keep said assignment open, hereby gives notice that he will apply to the Circuit Court in and for the city of St. Louis, Missouri, in room No. 5 thereof, on

MONDAY, MARCH 12, 1894,

for a discharge from said trust.
GUS V. R. MECHIN,
Assignee of Michael Feerstel.
LUBKE & MUENCH, Attorneys. 147

ESTATE of Joseph Daubalgnan, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Joseph Daubalgnan, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis, on the 26th day of February, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred. Dated, this 26th day of February, 1894.
THOMAS F. FARRELLY,
386 Executor.

ESTATE OF Henry Busterhorn, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry Busterhorn, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate court of the City of St. Louis on the 27th day of February, 1894.

All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of February, 1894.
JELTE BUETERHORN,
375 Executrix of Henry Busterhorn, Deceased.

ESTATE of Isaac Wells, deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of Isaac Wells, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the city of St. Louis on the 28th day of February, 1894. All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned for allowance, within one year after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication, they will be forever barred.

Dated this 28th day of February, 1894.
ST. LOUIS TRUST CO.,
379 Administrator with the will annexed.

ESTATE of Henry Brockstedt, Deceased—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry Brockstedt, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate

THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

CITY NEWS.

FOR stylish millinery at reasonable figures see Crawford's new spring importations in millinery parlors on second floor of the great Broadway Bazaar.

CRAWFORD'S new spring catalogue, with illustrations of styles, is now ready, and will be mailed free to applicants sending in names and addresses.

MERCHANTS, get your show cards and price tickets at 412 Washington avenue.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

BEATEN INTO SUBMISSION.

Officer Somers Uses His Club on Benjamin Lawrence.

Shortly after midnight this morning Benjamin Lawrence came to the residence of Michael Broderick, 1521 O'Fallon street, and threatened to chastise Mr. Broderick and his whole family. Several of the young Broderick's set up the cry of police, and Officer Somers of the Third District soon appeared on the scene, arrested Lawrence and proceeded to the patrol box near by with his prisoner. While awaiting the arrival of the patrol wagon Lawrence became unruly, seized the officer and attempted to throw him to the sidewalk. The officer dealt his antagonist a blow on the head with his club and had to take Lawrence to the City Dispensary for repairs before locking him up for disturbing the peace and resisting an officer.

California Cheap Ride.

The Frisco Santa Fe system have made heavy reductions in passenger rates to California and other far-west territory affected. For example, St. Louis to California points, first-class one way, $27.50; round trip, $47.50. Remember that the great Santa Fe System, with its own rails between St. Louis and the Pacific Coast, is the most reliable through line. Rates are always as low and lower than by other lines. For full particulars call upon or address Ticket Agent, 101 North Broadway, or Union Depot, St. Louis, Mo.

Emergency Guild Garment Sale.

The ladies of the Emergency Guild are holding a sale of garments at their place, No. 1918 Olive street, this afternoon from 2 until 6. Mrs. Dr. Fischel, Mrs. Eva Chase, M. D., Mrs. D. A. January, Mrs. Ellen Richards and Mrs. L. M. McCall, who have charge of the sale, invite all their friends to call.

The Modern Way

Commends itself to the well-formed, to do pleasantly and effectually what was formerly done in the crudest manner and disagreeably as well. To cleanse the system and break up colds, headaches and fevers without unpleasant after effects, use the delightful liquid laxative remedy, Syrup of Figs.

The German Consul's Wife Dead.

Mrs. Henrietta Meier, wife of Dr. Frederick C. Meier, passed away last evening at the family residence, 1829 Kennett place. Dr. Meier is the German Consul to St. Louis, having held that post here for six years. Mrs. Meier was the daughter of Senator H. Groening of Bremen. She leaves four children, the youngest only 2 weeks old.

For Nervous Debility

Use Horsford's Acid Phosphate.

Dr. A. R. BOYD, Aberdeen, S. D., says: "I have used and recommended it in cases of nervous debility, indigestion, and for strengthening the brain. I believe it to be a great help to restore the system that has been abused by the use of alcohol."

Snedegar—Jury.

A quiet, though pretty wedding took place last evening at the residence of Mrs. Jury, 2901 Gamble street, the contracting parties being Miss Annie Jury and Mr. F. C. Snedegar of Kansas City. Rev. Dr. Love of Christ's Church Cathedral performed the ceremony. The bridal couple left for the West, where they will spend at least a month.

A Few Words of Solid Facts.

The Globe, northwest corner Franklin avenue and Seventh street, are selling men's pants as low as 95c to the finest Baltimore tailor-made pants from $3.50 to $7.50; boys' pants as low as 9c to the finest made at $5.

Hon. S. D. McCormick's Lecture.

Hon S. D. McCormick of Kentucky will deliver a lecture entitled "The Charity of an Epoch," at Exposition Entertainment Hall, next Tuesday evening. Mr. McCormick appears at the instance of many prominent citizens.

PITTSBURGH CRUSHED COKE

Saves 30 per cent. Investigate before buying your fuel; lots of imitators.
DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL & COKE CO.,
704 Pine street.

Mrs. Friedrich's Denial.

Mrs. Elizabeth Friedrich of 2800 South Missouri avenue denies her husband's statement that she poured coal oil on her child and furniture. She claims that over-work and bad treatment brought on the nervousness and sickness which caused her husband to commit her to the City Insane Asylum. She further asserts that her husband has placed Mrs. Maria Weber in control of their 9-year-old daughter and that she has not been permitted to see the child. The woman charges her husband with failing to support her and says he loafs and lives off money he gets from his union.

DAINTY Della Fox, De Wolf Hopper and "Panjandrum."

Lowlands Submerged.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 9.—The Susquehanna River has overflowed its west bank. The lowlands for many miles are under water and the electric railway has been compelled to abandon traffic over its new line to Kingston.

Increased Appetite
is one of the first good effects felt by users of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil with Hypophosphites. Good appetite begets good health.

Scott's Emulsion
is a fat-food that provides its own tonic. Instead of a tax upon appetite and digestion it is a wonderful help to both.

Scott's Emulsion arrests the progress of Consumption, Bronchitis, Scrofula, and other wasting diseases by raising a barrier of healthy flesh, strength and nerve.

Prepared by Scott & Bowne, N. Y. All druggists.

THREE NOW DEAD.

Later Details of the Dynamite Explosion at Rome.

ROME, March 9.—One of the men taken to the hospital after being found wounded on the Piazza Di Monte Citorio, after the explosion of the bomb in front of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, died this morning. This is the third addition to the list of the dead.

The police no longer have any doubt that the bomb which was found hidden in a high hat picked up on the street near the scene was intended to be exploded in the Chamber of Deputies, and the conspirators might have succeeded in attaining their object had it not been that the Chamber adjourned earlier than usual, owing to the fact that Premier Crispi was suffering from a cold and was, therefore, unable to answer the many questions, notice of which had been given to the Government.

The authorities express the belief that the bomb-carrier, seeing that the last of the Deputies were leaving the chamber, judged that it would be useless to attempt to enter that building, and so exploded the deadly missile on the Piazza Di Monte Citorio.

The police also have a theory that the explosion was the work of Anarchists who had been roused to action by the fact that the Deputies yesterday devoted considerable time to discussing the question of prosecuting the chief of the great socialist labor society, Deputy Felice Giuffrida of Cantania, who is said to have had a great deal to do with the recent agitation in Sicily.

Two other sufferers from the explosion who are now in the hospital are much worse to-day. One of the patients had his leg amputated this morning.

Later details of the outrage say the flames seemed to leap into the windows of the Parliament House and dense smoke filled the house. Many windows were shattered. Deputies, ushers and spectators rushed out on the Piazza Monte Citorio, where an immense concourse of people were gathering.

The bomb had exploded at the corner of the building, tearing up the sidewalk. Two men lay dead, torn to pieces. A regiment cleared the plaza amid wild confusion of frightened horses, screaming women and general consternation.

Another theory in connection with the explosion is that it was provoked by the vote of Parliament against a national exposition in Rome. Prince Odescalchi spoke and voted against it, and workingmen tried to force their way into his palace.

Eight persons were injured, in addition to those killed, one of them a woman of the upper ranks. Six were taken to a hospital.

MONEY NOT HIS OWN.

John Owen Evans Used It and Is Now Under Arrest.

John Owen Evans, Jr., living with his wife and child at 4646 Belle avenue, was arrested at 10 o'clock last night by Deputy Sheriff Lee on a warrant issued yesterday charging him with embezzling $450 from Octavius Lumaghi, a coal dealer, at 1704 Clark avenue, by whom Evans was employed as a collector. Evans admitted taking the money and said that he was trying to make arrangements to pay it back. He was short on a payment on his house and used the money for that purpose, hoping to be able to sell the property in time to return the money, which he was unable to do. The American Surety Co. was on his bond.

ECONOMY COAL

Has no equal. Try a load and be convinced. *Anthracite*, best grade, lowest prices.
DEVOY & FEUERBORN COAL & COKE CO.,
704 Pine street.

INDUSTRIAL ARMY.

Preamble and Constitution of the Novel Organization.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 9.—The "First Regiment of the United States Industrial Army," in other words, the unemployed now encamped here on Pedro street, formed two new companies of fifty men each yesterday.

Gen. FOY, commanding, states that several churches have offered aid and that railway companies have offered transportation to all men wearing the Industrial Army badge.

The leaders have prepared the following preamble and constitution:

Whereas, The evils of murderous competition, the supplanting of manual labor by machinery, the excessive Mongolian and pauper immigration, the curse of alien-landiordism, the exploitation by rent, profit and interest of the products of the toiler, has centralized the wealth of the nation into the hands of the few and placed the masses in a state of hopeless destitution, we have only to look upon the history of the past. Like causes produce like results. These same causes led to the downfall of Persia, Greece, and the conquering of Rome. The end came when 2 per cent of their population owned all the national wealth. We have reached that point on our own road to ruin where 3 per cent of the population own 76 per cent of all the wealth. Witness the abandoning and selling of children by their parents in San Francisco on the Western shore and the protest against the slave traffic in children from Italy by New York on the Eastern shore of our nation. This is one of the signs history tells us preceded the downfall of all the past great nations.

The daily grind of pinching poverty, linked with the thought of a hopeless future, kills even the deep maternal instinct. The greatest crime perpetrated by a nation is to allow her people to be idle and sink into debauched servitude. The strange tragical questions confront us on every hand. Why is it that those who produce food are hungry? Why is it that those who make clothes are ragged? Why is it that those who build palaces are homeless? Why is it that those who do the nation's work are forced to choose between beggary, crime or suicide in a nation having fertile soil enough to produce plenty to feed and clothe the world, material enough to build palaces to house them all and productive capacity through labor-saving machinery of 40,000,000,000 man-power and only 65,000,000 souls to feed, clothe and shelter?

Recognizing the fact that if we wish to escape the doom of the past civilization something must be done, and done quickly.

Therefore, we, as patriotic American citizens, have organized ourselves into an industrial army for the purpose of centralizing all the unemployed American citizens at the seat of government (Washington, D. C.) and tender our services to feed, clothe and shelter the nation's needy.

This organization shall be known as the United States Industrial Army. It shall have the power to make its own constitution and by-laws and elect its own officers.

This army shall be composed of American citizens over 16 years of age, or those who have declared their intention to become such.

The officers of the army shall be a general, five aides, a quartermaster general, brigadiers, colonels, captains and sergeants.

The general, quartermaster general and five aids shall be elected by the army, brigadier by his brigade, colonel by his regiment, captain and sergeant by their company.

The General's staff shall have the supervision over the army and see that the constitution is carried out, grant commissions to recruiting sergeants and have power to revoke the same.

The General and staff shall constitute a court-martial and the accused to have a right of appeal to a vote of the army against their decision.

Officers to hold office during good behavior.

Fifty men shall constitute a company, ten companies a regiment, five regiments a brigade, roll-call twice a day when practicable, drill once a day when practicable. Any disobedience of orders shall be sufficient grounds for expulsion from the army. Each regiment to have its own rules of order not in conflict with the order of the army.

CROWDED all the time, the Grand. De Wolf Hopper in "Panjandrum."

THE TRANS-PACIFIC CABLE.

Substitute Resolution Adopted by the Postal and Cable Conference.

WELLINGTON, New Zealand, March 8.—A substitute was adopted yesterday by the Postal and Cable Conference for the resolution in favor of a Pacific cable via Samoa, Canning's Island and Honolulu to Vancouver. It provides that each of the colonies be represented in it and that the colonial governments be asked to guarantee 4 per cent for fourteen years on an investment of £1,800,000. The tariff is not to exceed 8 shillings a word.

The route of the cable is from Crisbane, Queensland, to Ah Dipara Bay, New Zealand; thence to Apia, Samoa; thence to the Sandwich Islands, and thence to Vancouver. Fanning may be substituted for the connection on the Sandwich Islands.

Chillicothe Gets It.

CHILLICOTHE, Mo., March 9.—At a meeting of Chillicothe Council, No. 48, United Commercial Travelers, held in this city, E. C. Frommann, Supreme Councilor, was present. The time and place for holding the next Supreme Council of the Lodge was up for consideration. Two cities were contestants, Mexico and Chillicothe. This city was unanimously chosen, and the meeting will be held the latter part of May.

Children's Day.

Famous

500 Children's Jackets, fancy mixed materals, trimmed handsomely with combination materials and gold buttons, all sizes, value $1.50, at **65c**

300 Children's Jackets, all-wool materials, blue, tan, Havana and brown, elegantly trimmed and braided, value $2.50, at **$1.50**

Ladies, Our assortment of NEW SPRING JACKETS, CAPES and SUITS is complete. We lead in Price, Quality, Fit and Workmanship.

WE INVITE YOUR INSPECTION!

Famous

ALOE'S LATEST THREE BAR SPRING EYE GLASS.

A. S. ALOE & CO.
415 NORTH BROADWAY.
HEADACHE, CAUSED BY EYE STRAIN

Many persons whose heads are constantly aching have no idea what relief scientifically fitted glasses will give them. This theory is now universally established! "Improperly" fitted glasses will invariably increase the trouble and may lead to TOTAL BLINDNESS. Our ability to adjust glasses safely and correctly is beyond question. Consult us. Eyes tested free of charge.

Steel Spectacles $1.00 and up. Solid Gold, $5.00 and up.

TRY A MERCANTILE

THE MERCANTILE IS THE FAVORITE 10 CENT CIGAR.
For sale by all first-class dealers. Manufactured by the F. R. Rice Mercantile Cigar Co Factory No. 304, St. Louis, Mo.

KILLED A SEA-DOG.

Beaten to Death With a Club on Far Rockaway Beach.

NEW YORK, March 9.—Charles Silas of the Belmore House in Far Rockaway killed a sea-dog (common seal), yesterday, while walking along the beach. When near what is known as Hog Island he saw the animal lying asleep on the sands. It was of a yellowish white color, with black rings on its back like those of a leopard.

Disturbed by the approach of Silas, it started toward him, showing its tusks. The only weapon Silas had was a small stick, and this was snapped in two by the teeth of the animal. A heavier club was secured, and the sea-dog was killed after a stubborn fight.

It had a long snout-like nose, with whiskers about the nostrils. The ears were short and rounded. The fore legs were short, with long sharp claws. The hind legs were flipper-like. The tail was short and the entire body was covered with short, harsh hair. Silas will have the animal stuffed. It is regarded as remarkable that the animal should have been found in those waters, a very rare occurrence.

NOTED SCOUT DEAD.

James S. Walker, Known on the Plains for Many Years.

STOCKTON, Cal., March 9.—James S. Walker, a noted scout on the plains for many years, is dead, after a short illness. He had been here several months with his brother Samuel and engaged in the real estate business.

Deceased was well known in the Indian Territory and was an intimate friend of Capt. Paine of Oklahoma. He, with his surviving brother, had recently planned a trip to Europe with a wild West show.

Died in the Opera-House.

CARLINVILLE, Ill., March 9.—Miss Mary E. Coyner, one of the most popular young ladies of this community, attended an entertainment given in the opera-house last night in apparent good health and spirits. While at the entertainment she was stricken with a hemorrhage of the lungs and died in a few hours.

Ex-Commissioner David King.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 9.—David King died here yesterday, aged 55 years. He was United States Commissioner to the Paris Exposition.

CROWDED all the time, the Grand. De Wolf Hopper in "Panjandrum."

Mayor Gilroy's Western Trip.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., March 9.—Mayor Gilroy arrived from New York last night and went at once to San Diego. He refused to talk at all about Tammany further than to say he was not to meet Mr. Croker or any other Tammany man, and did not want to.

ABOUT TOWN.

GEO. W. POWELL'S FUNERAL.—The funeral of the late Geo W. Powell took place yesterday afternoon from the Church of the Messiah, the pall-bearers being Messrs. F. D. Seward, H. Bowman, E. A. Dyer, Will Gregg, Chas. Scudder, Will Houser, Otto Mersman and George Whitelaw.

ROBBED TWICE IN A DAY.—Thomas Dunlan arrived on a train from the East yesterday after having been robbed of $250. He secured $150 more on his arrival and was relieved of that last night while in an immoral resort on Clark avenue. Carrie Porter was arrested as one of the thieves. Dunlap stops at the Southern Hotel.

WILL OPPOSE HIS STORE.—It is stated that John F. Conrad will erect a building in which to carry on the grocery business at 4468 Delmar boulevard. Remonstrating property owners will force him into court if he does, and test the validity of the boulevard law prohibiting business establishments being erected on them.

FOR THE THEFT OF $100.—Fred Noyes was arrested last night by Officer Driscoll on the charge of larceny. On Feb. 1 Thomas Johnson of Springfield, Ill., while stopping at the Leland House, opposite Union Depot, lost $100 he had put under his pillow. Noyes was seen, it is claimed, to enter the room during a brief absence of Johnson.

RIG OBTAINED UNDER FALSE PRETENSES.—James Hardy, Jr. and Thomas Stanton were arrested last night on the charge of Peter Masterson, who keeps a livery stable at 819 South Fourteenth street. He says Hardy got a carriage from him, stating that his father, ex-Sheep Contractor Hardy, who now runs a livery stable in the West End, wanted it.

IS NOT DESMOND'S SISTER.—The woman who is now sick in the County Hospital in Chicago, who claimed to be a sister of Chief Desmond, is not the person she asserts she is. Chief Shea of Chicago has investigated and says she is Mrs. G. S. Lee, who was Miss Fannie Booth. She was born in St. Louis, on High street near Carr street. At one time she was a prize shooter in Buffalo Bill's show.

MERCANTILE CLUB WAITERS' DEMANDS.—The Cooks' and Waiters' Unions are trying to persuade the management of the Mercantile Club to sign the union scale and to dispense with the wearing of full-dress uniforms by the waiters. The latter, though only receiving $8 or $10 a week, are obliged to wear full dress suits and patent-leather shoes. Sheridan Webster has taken up the cooks' cause and has asked the assistance of N. O. Nelson.

THE NEW CITY HALL PROBLEM.—At a meeting of the City Hall Commission yesterday afternoon revised plans for the interior finish of the new building were discussed, but no definite action was taken. The new plans reduce the cost about $40,000. The question of raising funds for the completion of the new building and the erection of other public buildings sadly needed was discussed. It was concluded that the only available plan would be a tax to be levied for five years of 20 cents on the $100. No definite action, however, was taken in the matter.

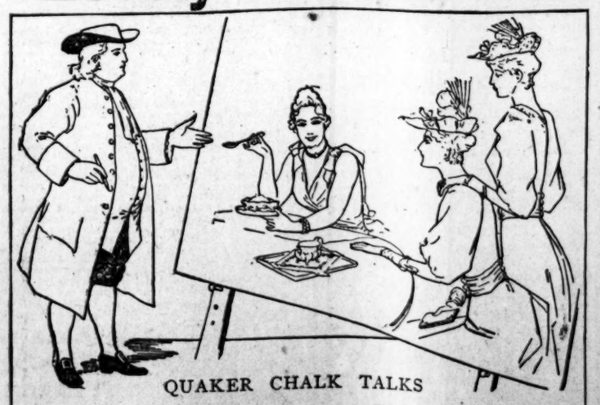
A Bungling Attempt at Suicide.

This mode of "kicking the bucket" seems to be a daily jail sensation, but insignificant to the sensation at the Globe, northwest corner Franklin avenue and Seventh street, where you can get those elegant Baltimore tailor-made Prince Albert, cutaway and sack suits for $10 to $25; worth double.

A Stormy Passage.

NEW YORK, March 6.—The steamer Trave has arrived in port. The first part of the Trave's passage was marked by very stormy weather in which the steamer labored heavily and shipped large quantities of water which flooded her decks. No damage was done, however.

Lovely Women Eat



QUAKER CHALK TALKS

The McScrawney Twins — Duett — "Oh, Mrs. DeLishus, what *do* you do to get such a lovely complexion?"
Mrs. DeL. — Simply eat Quaker Oats, my dears.

Sold Only in **Quaker Oats.** 2-lb. Packages.

Famous

TO-MORROW-NIGHT
AT TEN O'CLOCK!

Our gong sounds, announcing the close of the day's business—and with it will end the most gratifying and phenomenally successful sale we have ever attempted, for truly the wonderful business done in this

$100,000 MONEY-RAISING SALE

Has been surprising in many ways, chiefly the fact that we were enabled to raise so large an amount, considering the stringency of money, in so short a time. This good thing can't last forever, so

WE GIVE FAIR WARNING!

To-Day and To-Morrow we give you the last chance to buy at these wonderfully low prices.

MOTHERS,

Save time and trouble. Come directly here. We show a larger line of

Confirmation Suits . . .

Than any three houses combined in the city.

Thousands of good, strong and serviceable SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSTERS, worth every cent of $12 and $15, at **$6.85**

Thousands of SUITS, OVERCOATS and ULSTERS, made up of fine Worsteds, Cassimeres, Meltons, Kerseys, Chinchillas, Friezes, etc., faultlessly tailored, perfect fitting, not one worth less than $18 and many $20 and $22, at **$9.85**

MEN'S PANTS.

2,000 pairs Men's strong, serviceable, well-made Pants, worth $1.75 to $2.25, at	$1.25
1,500 pairs extra heavy weights in blacks, mixed grays, neat stripes and checks, worth $4, $4.50 and $5	2.85
2,500 pairs Pants in fine Worsted, Cassimere and Cheviot, neat and desirable patterns, value at $6 and $7	3.65
8,000 pairs superior quality imported Worsted, Tweed and Cassimere Pants, perfect fitting; sold heretofore at $7.50, $8 and $9, go at	4.40

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats, good, strong and serviceable; worth a $3 bill; ages 12 to 20	$2.50
Boys' Suits and Overcoats, ages 12 to 20, the regular $6 and $8 qualities	4.00
Boys' Suits and Overcoats, which we formerly sold at at $10, $12 and $14, now at	7.00
Strong Knee-Pant Suits, the $1 kind, go at	50c
A large variety of Knee-Pant Suits, worth $2 and $2.50, go at	1.25
Our regular $3.00 and $4 qualities of Knee-Pant Suits and Overcoats at	2.00
Thousands of Child's Knee-Pant Suits and Overcoats, worth $6, $7 and $8, at	3.95

HATS

Men's Tourists, in black, brown, tan, steel and pearl colors, regular value $2, go at **98c**

Manufacturer's sample line of Spring Derbys, all the latest shades and colors, regular $2, $3 and $4 goods, all go at **$1.25**

Boys' Cloth Turbans, in Cassimeres, Cheviots, Tricots and Worsteds, regularly sold at 75c, go at **39c**

Tam O'Shanters, new spring combinations and colors, regular value 75c, go at **43c**

MEN'S FURNISHINGS.

25 dozen new styles Manhattan Percale Shirts, separate collars and cuffs; regular price $1.50, go at	$1 00
To-day and to-morrow, the last days for Adler's $1.50 GLOVES at	1 00
100 dozen Men's Colored Bordered Handkerchiefs; worth 20c; come to-day and to-morrow and you can buy them for	10c ea.
Assorted lot of Men's Laundered Shirts, worth up to $1 each; sizes 15½, 16½, 17 only, at	39 cts
Assorted lot Men's Working Shirts, worth 50c and 65c each; all sizes, go at	25 cts
Men's Spring weight Merino Shirts and Drawers, tan and blue shades; worth 65c, at	48 cts
You can buy 50c and 75c Teck and four-in-hand Scarfs, light and dark colors, at	35 cts

Store Open Saturday Nights Till 10 o'clock.

Famous

ADVERTISERS OF FACTS.

Humphrey's, Broadway & Pine.
St. Louis, March 9, '94.
The Weather To-Day: Fair.

We Failed to See You

In our store yesterday. You had a special invitation to come and look through our stock of **Spring Top Coats,** a lovely variety, selling from $10 to $35. Several of your friends called; some of them bought. We feel sure that you will be in later. Our styles and prices are irresistible.

Snap Shots at Bargains.

You can buy an elegant silk-lined Overcoat now—finest materials—that sold all winter at $35, $40, $45 and $50 at a discount of 20 per cent.

Or any Boy's, Youth's or Child's Winter Suit, Overcoat or Ulster at 20 per cent discount.

Or any $20, $18 or $15 Men's Sack or Frock Suit, Overcoat or Ulster for $12.50.

☞All the newest things in Fancy Shirts; new spring patterns now in stock. Also the latest and prettiest effects in Spring Neckwear.

We Repeat Our Invitation.

Call and see the wonderfully beautiful paintings (free) in our Art Gallery. You can easily spend an hour gazing at these lovely creations of artistic genius and not begrudge the time. The subjects are "Evening," "Nana's Sister," "Story of the Evil Spirit," "Psyche" and "She." If you have an eye to the grandest of all beautiful things—the human form divine—see these lovely productions.

F. W. Humphrey & Co.

MEN'S
FALL AND SPRING
SUMMER OR WINTER
CLOTHING.

WELL ASSORTED.

Thousands of the finest, best and most fashionable goods ever sold in St. Louis is now within reach of all. This great and well-known stock of Finley & Hull's

MUST, WILL AND SHALL

Be sold to satisfy the creditors. In order to convert the stock into cash a general discount of

33 1-3 PER CENT

Has been ordered by the trustee. The sale has been a phenomenal success, and the public still continue to patronize the same.

A FEW THOUSAND DOLLARS

Are still lacking to complete the payments, and your old friends, Finley & Hull, deem it their duty to ask all their old customers and new ones to come at once and take advantage of this great and matchless sale, which, if once closed, cannot be recalled.

Saturday Tells the Tale.

Store will be packed with people to-morrow. Everyone is guaranteed 33 1-3 per cent off on everything in the house. Make it a point to be on hand, for the sale will positively close in a few days.

A. KOHN, Trustee,

For Finley & Hull's creditors, n. w. cor. Broadway and Pine.

LEGAL.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE—Notice is hereby given to all the creditors of the A. R. Brooks Jewelry Company that the undersigned, assignee, will, on the 16th day of April, 1894, at its office at the northwest corner of Fourth and Locust streets, in the City of St. Louis, Missouri, proceed publicly to adjust and allow demands against the estate and effects assigned to it by said A. R. Brooks Jewelry Company for the benefit of creditors, and will continue said hearing during the two following days.
ST. LOUIS TRUST COMPANY.
Assignee of A. R. Brooks Jewelry Co.
St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1894.

ESTATE of Peter P. Heinen, Deceased.—Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Peter P. Heinen, deceased, were granted to the undersigned by the Probate Court of the City of St. Louis on the 7th day of March, 1894.
All persons having claims against said estate are required to exhibit the same to the undersigned within two years after the date of said letters, or they may be precluded from any benefit of said estate, and if such claims be not exhibited within two years from the date of this publication they will be forever barred.
Dated this 7th day of March, 1894.
CATHARINE HEINEN,
424 Executrix.

ASSIGNMENT Atlas Machinery Co.: Assignee's Sale of Accounts, Notes and Books.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned assignee of the Atlas Machinery Co. will on
THURSDAY, THE 15TH DAY OF MARCH, A. D., 1894,
between the hours of 8 o'clock in the forenoon and 5 o'clock in the afternoon of that day, at the east front door of the Court-house, in the City of St. Louis, State of Missouri, proceed to sell at public vendue, to the highest bidder, for cash, the books, notes and accounts belonging to the assigned estate of the Atlas Machinery Co.
HENRY KORTJOHN,
Assignee Atlas Machinery Co.
St. Louis, Mo., March 9, 1894. 425

SAMUEL BOWMAN vs. the Western Distilling Company et al., in the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis:
To the creditors of the Western Distilling Company: You are hereby notified that the Circuit Court, city of St. Louis, has appointed the undersigned commissioner and referee to hear, determine and allow all claims and demands against the Western Distilling Company, and against the estate in the hands of the receiver thereof, Samuel Bowman. And said court, by its order entered in the above entitled cause, on the 22d day of February, 1894, did order that all creditors of said corporation, the Western Distilling Company, appear and present their claims to the undersigned commissioner and referee at his office, No. 16 North 4th street, St. Louis, Mo., on or before Monday, April 2, 1894, and that all creditors who fail to present their claims and demands within said time, shall be forever precluded and barred from participation in the assets of said corporation in the hands of Samuel Bowman, receiver.
And it was further ordered by said Court that said Commissioner and Referee, within five days from Feb. 22, 1894, give public notice for fifteen days in the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, and by circulars mailed to all known creditors of said estate of the time and place of presenting and allowance of their claims and demands, and of the time within which said claims must be presented.
You are further notified that at 10 o'clock a. m. on Thursday, March 15, 1894, at my office, No. 16 N. 4th street, St. Louis, Mo., I will proceed to hear, determine and allow claims and demands against said corporation, the Western Distilling Co., and that all claims against said corporation not presented to me for allowance at said place, on or before Monday, April 2, 1894, will be forever barred from participation in the assets of said corporation in the hands of Samuel Bowman, Receiver.
FORD SMITH,
Commissioner and Referee.
St. Louis, Feb. 27, 1894. 424

Bright Hair Preparation Now for sale in any quantity at the counting-room of the Post-Dispatch.